Reg. No. 1—M

11/4/19

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

Published by Authority.

No. 13.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 1, 1919. [Price, 4 as. 8 p.

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PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

FORT ST. GEORGE, THE 29TH MARCH 1919.

No. 77.—The Right Honourable John, *Baron* Pentland of Lyth, a Member of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, Knight Grand Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India and Knight Grand Commander of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire, having vacated his office, the Office of Governor of Fort St. George and its Dependencies devolves, in virtue of the provisions of section 91 of 5 & 6 Geo. V, cap. 61, upon the Hon'ble Sir Alexander Gordon Cardew, Knight Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, and he takes his seat accordingly.

The following Proclamation is published for general information:—

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Right Honourable JOHN, *Baron* PENTLAND of Lyth, a Member of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, Knight Grand Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India and Knight Grand Commander of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire, has vacated the Office of Governor of Fort St. George and its Dependencies:

And whereas in virtue of the provisions of section 91 of 5 & 6 Geo. V, cap. 61, the said office has devolved upon the Honourable Sir ALEXANDER GORDON CARDEW, Knight Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, it is hereby proclaimed that the Honourable Sir ALEXANDER GORDON CARDEW has this day assumed charge of the Office of Governor of Fort St. George and its Dependencies, and taken his seat accordingly.

C. G. TODHUNTER,
Chief Secretary.

No. 78.—Whereas a vacancy has occurred in the office of an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Presidency of Fort St. George in consequence of the succession of the Honourable Sir ALEXANDER GORDON CARDEW, Knight Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, to the Government of Fort St. George and its Dependencies:

And whereas no person provisionally appointed to succeed thereto is present on the spot:

Therefore His Excellency the Governor in Council, under the powers vested in him by the provisions of section 92 of 5 & 6 Geo. V, cap. 61, has been pleased to supply such vacancy by the appointment of the Honourable Mr. CHARLES GEORGE TODHUNTER to be Temporary Member of Council and the said Honourable Mr. TODHUNTER has accordingly on the afternoon of this day taken upon himself the execution of his office.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 79.—His Excellency the Governor is pleased to make the following appointments on His Excellency's Personal Staff:—

Mr. Thomas Eyebron Moir, O.B.E., I.C.S., to be Private Secretary.

Captain Lionel Meredith Peet, 6th Jat Light Infantry, to be Military Secretary.

Major Frederick Fenn Elwes, C.I.E., I.M.S., to officiate as Surgeon in addition to his other duties.

Captain Robert Goodenough Sherwood Hole, 5th Battalion, Worcestershire Regiment (S.R.), to be Aide-de-Camp.

Captain William Lancaster Ranking, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, Adjutant, Southern Provinces Mounted Rifles, to be officiating Aide-de-Camp, in addition to his present duties.

Honorary Captain V. S. Alexander, late of 2nd (Q.V.O.) Sappers and Miners, to be Honorary Indian Aide-de-Camp.

No. 80.—The Hon'ble Mr. Norman Edward Marjoribanks, I.C.S., to act as Chief Secretary to Government, *vice* the Hon'ble Mr. C. G. Todhunter, I.C.S., on other duty.

No. 81.—Mr. Leonard Totham Harris, I.C.S., to act as Third Member of the Board of Revenue and to be Commissioner of Land Revenue and Forests.

N. E. MARJORIBANKS,
Acting Chief Secretary.

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, March 28, 1919.

No. 82.—Mr. Charles D'Arcy Crofton, I.C.S., continued privilege leave and furlough without medical certificate for nine months with effect from the date of avail, under articles 288, 289 and 308 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations.

C. G. TODHUNTER,
Chief Secretary.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort St. George, April 1, 1919.

No. 83.—The following extract is republished from the *London Gazette*.—

INDIA OFFICE, S.W.,
1*st February* 1919.

The KING has been pleased to appoint *Baron* Willingdon, G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E., G.B.E., to be Governor of the Presidency of Fort St. George, at Madras, in succession to *Baron* Pentland, K.C.S.I., G.C.I.E.

N. E. MARJORIBANKS,
Acting Chief Secretary.

(Political.)

NOTIFICATION.

Fort St. George, March 31, 1919.

No. 6.—His Excellency the Right Honourable the Lord Pentland, Knight Grand Commander of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire, held an Investiture of the Order, as thereunto authorized by the Grand Master of the said Most Eminent Order, at the Banqueting Hall, Madras, at 5-30 p.m., on Monday the 24th March 1919.

At this ceremony, His Excellency Lord Pentland first invested, under the Grant of His Imperial Majesty the King, Emperor of India, His Highness Raja Sri Rama Varma, Raja of Cochin, with the Insignia of a Knight Grand Commander of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire.

His Excellency then decorated, under the Grants of His Imperial Majesty, Mr. Thomas Eyebron Moir, Mr Augustus Henry Deane, M.D., Mr. John Robertson Henderson, Doctor Charles

Alfred Barber and the Reverend Doctor William Skinner, with the Badge of the Third Class of the Order. He also presented to the Hon'ble Mr. Llewellyn Eddison Buckley, the Badge of the Third Class of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India; to Maharaja Sri Rao Sir Venkataswatachalapati Ranga Rao Bahadur, G.C.I.E., Bobbili, and the Hon'ble Sri Raja Rao Venkata Kumara Mahipati Surya Rao Bahadur, Raja of Pithapuram, the Badge of the Third Class of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire; to Mr. Frank Douglas Bennett, the Badge of the Fourth Class of the said Most Excellent Order; to Mr. John Richardson Atkinson, Attorney-at-Law, the Badge of a Companion of the Imperial Service Order; to Mr. Herbert Ruben Bird, Mrs Mary Louisa Browning, Mrs. Stennett Hemingway, Mrs. Robina Olive Sullivan, Mrs. Visalakshi Narayana Ayyar, Mrs. Dora Stewart DeChazal, Mrs. Lillian May McCarthy Hayes and M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur Mandayam Ananda Pillay Parthasarathi Ayyangar Avargal, the Badge of the Fifth Class of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire; to Miss Sirah Isabel Hatch and the Reverend Doctor Lewis Rousseau Scudder, the Kaisar-i-Hind Medal of the First Class for Public Service in India; to Miss Alexandrina Matilda Mayhall, the Bar to the Kaisar-i-Hind Medal of the Second Class for Public Service in India; and to Mrs. Christine Mary Drysdale and Mr. Henry Edward Houghton, the Kaisar-i-Hind Medal of the Second Class for Public Service in India.

The following Members of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire attended the Investiture:—

Maharaja Sri Rao Sir Venkataswatachalapati Ranga Rao Bahadur, G.C.I.E., K.B.E., Bobbili.
The Hon'ble Sir Ghulam Muhammad Ali Sahib Bahadur, Khan Bahadur, G.C.I.E., Prince of Arcot.
The Hon'ble Sir Francis Spring, K.C.I.E.
The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur P. Rajagopala Achariyar Avargal, C.I.E.
The Hon'ble Mr. A. Y. G. Campbell, C.I.E.
Major F. F. Elwes, C.I.E., I.M.S.
The Hon'ble Mr. H. G. Stokes, C.I.E.
Col. W. M. Ellis, C.I.E., R.E.
Raja Vengamal Vasudeva Raja Avargal, C.I.E., Valiya Nambidi of Kollengode.
The Hon'ble Muhammad Ahmad-din Hussain Sahib Bahadur, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E., K.B.E., I.S.O.

(By command of His Excellency the Governor.)

N. E. MARJORIBANKS,
Acting Chief Secretary.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

(Judicial.)

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, March 27, 1919.

No. 296.—M.R.Ry. Tiruvalur Swaminada Tyagaraja Ayyar Avargal, Subordinate Judge, second grade, privilege leave for twenty days with effect from the 24th March 1919, under article 371 of the Civil Service Regulations.

EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

Fort St. George, March 28, 1919.

No. 297.—M.R.Ry. Kodar Chandrasekharam Pantulu Garu, Deputy Superintendent of Police, extension of furlough for one month, under article 338 of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 298.—Mr. George William Deane, Superintendent, Penitentiary and Civil Jail, Madras, extension of privilege leave up to the 28th March 1919, inclusive.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 299.—Lieutenant-Colonel P. H. Symons, I.M.S., Senior Medical Officer and Second Surgeon, General Hospital, and acting Presidency Surgeon, Third district, and Medical Officer, Penitentiary, Madras, to act as Superintendent, Penitentiary and Civil Jail, Madras, without prejudice to his other duties from the 11th to the 16th March 1919 (both days inclusive).

No. 300.—Lieutenant-Colonel E. M. Elkington, I.M.S., Lecturer on mental diseases, Medical College, and Superintendent, Lunatic Asylum, Madras, and Medical Officer, the Penitentiary, Madras, to act as Superintendent, Penitentiary and Civil Jail, Madras, without prejudice to his own duties from the 17th March 1919, and during the absence of Mr. G. W. Deane, on leave or until further orders.

No. 301.—M.R.Ry. Manoath Govindan Nayar Avargal, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Palghat subdivision, to act as Superintendent of Police, South Kanara district, *vice* Mr. G. S. P. Percival, granted leave.

APPOINTMENT AND POSTING.

Fort St. George, March 27, 1919.

No. 302.—M.R.Ry. Nyapati Balaramadas Pantulu Garu, District Munsif, first grade, is appointed to act as Subordinate Judge, third grade, and is posted to the Sub-Court, Coimbatore, during the absence of M.R.Ry. T. S. Tyagaraja Ayyar on leave or until further orders.

POSTINGS.

Fort St. George, March 26, 1919.

No. 303.—M.R.Ry. Alampandi S. Balasubrahmanya Ayyar Avargal, Subordinate Judge, first grade, Trichinopoly, to the Sub Court, Tanjore.

No. 304.—M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur Calamur Venkata Viswanatha Sastri Avargal, Subordinate Judge, second grade, Kumbakonam, to the Sub-Court, Tinnevelly.

No. 305.—M.R.Ry. Salem Ranganatha Mudaliyar Avargal, Subordinate Judge, second grade, Tanjore, to the Sub-Court, Ellore.

No. 306.—M.R.Ry. Vidapuram Ramaswami Kuppuswami Ayyar Avargal, Subordinate Judge, third grade, Ellore, to the Sub-Court, Kumbakonam.

No. 307.—Muhammad Fuad-ud-din Sahib Bahadur, temporary Subordinate Judge, third grade, Tinnevelly, to the Sub-Court, Trichinopoly.

WITHDRAWAL OF POWERS.

Fort St. George, March 26, 1919.

No. 308.—Under the provisions of section 41 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council withdraws the powers of an Honorary Presidency Magistrate for the city of Madras conferred on Mr. Stenart Durand Pease, who has resigned his appointment.

INVESTITURE OF POWERS.

Fort St. George, March 25, 1919.

No. 309.—Under section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the undermentioned officers are authorized to take down the evidence of witnesses with their own hand in the English language :—

Mr. Paschal Constantine Lobo, Assistant Sessions Judge, in the district of Coimbatore.

M.R.Ry. Nannilam Narayanaswami Nayudu, First-class Magistrate, in the district of Madura.

Mr. Percy Macqueen, I.C.S., Collector and District Magistrate, in the district of Coimbatore.

No. 310.—Under sub-section (2) of section 10 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Thomas Henry Hill, I.C.S., First-class Magistrate, in the district of Malabar, to be Additional District Magistrate, Malabar, for a period of six months and to confer on him all the powers of a District Magistrate.

Fort St. George, March 29, 1919.

No. 311.—The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the undermentioned gentlemen to be special magistrates for the towns specified opposite to their names, with the powers and subject to the terms and conditions specified in Notification No. 64b, dated the 8th October 1912, published at pages 1004 and 1005 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette* of the 15th idem, as amended by Notifications Nos. 400, dated the 26th May 1913, and 667, dated the 7th August 1915, published at pages 985 and 720 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 13th June 1913 and the 10th August 1916, respectively :—

M.R.Ry. Kumkanabhapati Mudaliyar Sivasankara Mudaliyar Avargal—for the town of Salem, in the district of Salem.

Fort St. George, March 28, 1919.

M.R.Ry. Natta Govindarajulu Reddiyar Avargal .. } for the town of Chingleput, in the
Qadir Hussain Sahib Dawood Hussain Sahib Bahadur .. } district of Chingleput

No. 312.—Under section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint M.R.Ry. Tirumani Coimbatore Tiruvenkata Ashariyar Avargal, to be a special magistrate for the town of Chingleput, in the district of Chingleput and to confer on him, all the ordinary powers of a magistrate of the first class, and further to direct under section 16 (1) of the Code, that he shall exercise these powers as a member of the Bench of magistrates established for the town of Chingleput.

No. 313.—Under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the undermentioned officer is appointed to be a magistrate of the second class, and under section 37, he is invested with all the powers specified in the fourth schedule as powers which the Government may confer on a magistrate of that class, except the power to pass orders as to first offenders under section 562 :—

M.R.Ry. Dindigul Viswanam Pillai Savarimuttu Pillai, Deputy Tahsildar and Sub Magistrate, in the district of Madura.

No. 314.—Under section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, Mr. Gerald William Priestley, I.C.S., First-class Magistrate, in the district of Salem, is empowered to try cases summarily.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, March 25, 1919.

No. 315.—Under the provisions of section 12 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871 (I of 1871), as amended by Act I of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that double the fine mentioned in the rule in that section shall be levied on every head of cattle which may be seized within the limits of the cantonment of Poonamallee and impounded in the pound there.

Fort St. George, March 27, 1919.

No. 316.—In continuation of notification No. 34, dated the 25th December 1918, and the erratum dated the 19th February 1919, published at page 8 and pages 318–319 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 7th January 1919, and the 25th February 1919, respectively, relating to the Special Small Cause Courts at Trichinopoly and Kumbakonam, the Governor in Council directs under the provisions of Act IX of 1887, that the said courts shall, with effect from the 1st July 1919, be permanently established at the two places.

The Governor in Council further directs that the Judges of the Special Small Cause Courts at Trichinopoly and Kumbakonam shall have and exercise the same local jurisdiction as was assigned to them in the aforesaid notification as subsequently amended.

Fort St. George, March 26, 1919.

No. 317.—In continuation of notification No. 211, dated the 28th March 1918, published at page 314 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette* dated the 26th March 1918, relating to the Court of the Temporary Subordinate Judge, Ellore, the Governor in Council directs under sections 4 and 5 of the Madras Civil Courts Act, 1873, that the said Court shall continue to hold its sittings at Ellore for a further period of one year with effect from the 9th April 1919.

R. RAMACHANDRA RAO,
Secretary to Government.

(Miscellaneous.)

MARRIAGE LICENCES.

Fort St. George, March 25, 1919.

No. 83.—Under section 9 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872, the licence granted under the said section to the undermentioned missionaries on the dates specified against each are hereby revoked:—

The Reverend David Morling of the Strict Baptist Mission in the district of Trichinopoly—29th May 1911.

Fort St. George, March 26, 1919.

The Reverend Dasari Chinn Zachariah of the American Evangelical Lutheran Mission in the district of Guntur—13th May 1908.

No. 84.—Under sections 6 and 9 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872, the licences granted under the said sections to the Reverend John Aberley of the American Evangelical Lutheran Mission in the district of Guntur on the 7th day of January 1911, are hereby revoked.

R. RAMACHANDRA RAO,
Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, December 4, 1918.

No. 113.—Under the explanation to section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, XXVI of 1881 the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that in addition to the public holidays expressly defined as such in the said explanation, viz., Sundays, New Year's day (Wednesday, the 1st January), Christmas day (Thursday the 25th December) and Good Friday (Friday the 18th April), the following days shall be public holidays in the year 1919:—

Monday, the 14th April	..	Tamil New Year's day.
Saturday, the 19th April	..	Easter.
Monday, the 21st April	..	Easter.
June ..	..	King-Emperor's birthday.*
Monday, the 30th June	..	Ramzan.
Monday, the 11th August	..	Avani Avittam.
Wednesday, the 20th August	..	Sri Jayanti.
Friday, the 29th August	..	Vinayakachaturthi.
Saturday, the 6th September	..	Bakr-id.
Tuesday, the 23rd September	..	Mahalaya Amavasya.
Friday, the 3rd October	..	Ayudha Puja.
Wednesday, the 22nd October	..	Dipavali.
Saturday, the 6th December	..	Bara-Wafat.
Friday, the 26th December	..	Christmas.
Saturday, the 27th December	..	Christmas.
Monday, the 29th December	..	Christmas.
Wednesday, the 31st December	..	Christmas.

* The day fixed for the celebration of the King-Emperor's birthday will be notified in due course.

2. The Governor in Council further notifies that on the following days, which are not declared to be public holidays under statutory provision, all public offices at the Presidency town and in the mufassal will be closed with the exception of (1) the Sea Customs office, (2) the Reserve Treasury and Paper Currency office and (3) the General Stamp office (which will be opened from 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.):—

Thursday, the 17th April .. } Easter.
Tuesday, the 22nd April .. }

Wednesday, the 24th December .. } Christmas.
Tuesday, the 30th December .. }

L. D. SWAMIKANNU,
Acting Secretary to Government.

Fort St. George, January 7, 1919.

No. 2.—The following resolution of the Government of India is republished:—

HOME DEPARTMENT.

POLITICAL.

Delhi, the 18th December 1914.

Nos. 2961—2964.

RESOLUTION.—In supersession of the orders contained in the Resolution of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 2832-2842, dated the 8th December 1869, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to issue the following instructions with regard to certificates of identity.

2. Every native of India who contemplates proceeding out of India to foreign countries is strongly urged before leaving, to furnish himself with an authoritative certificate of identity, in the form appended to this Resolution, signed by the head of the district (in a Presidency Town and in the town of Rangoon, the Commissioner of Police) in the case of residents of British India, and by the Political Officer in that of residents of Native States. In the case of a student the certificate should be signed by the head of his last school or college and countersigned by the District Officer in a Presidency Town and in the town of Rangoon, the Commissioner of Police) or Political Officer as the case may be.

Appeals for assistance by destitute Indians who desire repatriation and by students who, owing to embarrassed circumstances, are unable to complete their course of education cannot be dealt with satisfactorily unless the parties are in a position to produce evidence of identity. The possession of a certificate of identity will be specially useful to young men of good family, as it may enable the Secretary of State to obtain for them social and other attentions.

Those who are desirous, however, of travelling in countries where a passport will be necessary are advised to furnish themselves with such a document also before leaving India, in lieu of, or in addition to, a certificate of identity. It should be remembered that no person is entitled to a passport, as of right, on the ground that he is a British subject, and the production before authorities outside India of a certificate of identity, unless supplemented by documentary evidence of respectability, is not sufficient to ensure that a passport will be granted.

Form of Certificate of Identity.

1. Name of applicant _____
2. Father's name and caste _____
3. Residence _____
4. Age of applicant _____
5. Nationality of applicant* _____
6. Social or pecuniary status of father (or guardian) _____
7. Date of probable departure of applicant from India _____
8. Object of applicant's visit to England (Europe) _____

Signature of District Officer (or a Presidency Town, the Commissioner of Police) or Political Officer, or head of school or college. †

Dated _____

* I.e. whether a British subject by birth or by naturalisation (or a subject of a Native State).

† Countersignature of the District or Political Officer should be obtained on certificates signed by heads of schools or colleges.

NOTE.—Holders of certificates of identity intending to apply subsequently in England or elsewhere for a passport to visit a foreign country are warned that no person is entitled to a passport as of right on the sole ground that he is a British subject. The production of a certificate of identity, therefore, will not ordinarily be sufficient to secure the grant of a passport, unless it is supplemented by documentary evidence of respectability, endorsed by a Local Government or other authority competent to issue passports in India, certifying that the holder is a fit and proper person to receive a passport.

Fort St. George, March 5, 1919.

No. 85.—The following amendments will be made in the rules to regulate the execution of contracts and the maintenance of registers of labourers, under the Planters Labour Act, 1903, issued with Judicial Department notification No. 7, published on pages 6 to 8 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 3rd January 1905:—

In rule 2 of the said rules the word "as well as a language understood by the labourer" shall be deleted.

R. RAMACHANDRA RAO,
Secretary to Government.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

FORT ST GEORGE, THE 29TH MARCH 1919.

No. 17.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished :—

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 29th March 1919.

No. 912-F.—In modification of notification No. 748-F., dated the 15th March 1919, it is notified for public information that the rates for treasury bills, with effect from the 31st March 1919 until further notice, will be as follows :—

	Per cent. Rs.	A.	P.
For three months' bills	99	0	0
For six months' bills	97	13	0
For nine months' bills	96	12	0
For twelve months' bills	95	8	0

N. E. MARJORIBANKS,
Acting Chief Secretary.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

(Legislative.)

RESIGNATION.

Fort St. George, March 29, 1919.

No. 22.—Under the provisions of section 63 (1) of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 & 6 Geo. V, c. 61), His Excellency the Governor is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by the Hon'ble Mr. Matthew Young, I.C.S. (Retired), of his office of Additional Member of the Council of the Governor of Fort St. George for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 23.—In the exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Government of India Act, 1919 (5 & 6 Geo. V, c. 61), and by Regulation I of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Fort St. George, the Governor is pleased to nominate the following gentlemen to be Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Fort St. George:—

Mr. Leonard Tatham Harris | Mr. Alexander Francis George Muscardi.

H. G. STOKES,
Acting Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort St. George, March 11, 1919.

No. 20.—The Legislative Council of the Governor of Fort St. George will meet in the Council Chamber, Fort St. George, at 12 a. m. on Thursday, the 3rd April 1919.

Under rule 31 of the rules for the conduct of business at meetings of the Legislative Council, persons desirous of admission to the Council Chamber during the sitting should make application to the Secretary to the Council through a member of the Council and such application should reach the Secretary not later than Monday, the 31st March 1919.

H. G. STOKES,
Secretary to the Council.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, March 28, 1919.

No. 101.—Under article 280 of the Civil Service Regulations and G.O. No. 117 Financial, dated the 7th March 1919, M.R.Ry. K. Rangaswami Ayyangar Avargal, Deputy Collector, fourth grade, is granted privilege leave with effect from the date of relief up to 16th April 1919, with permission to affix the Easter holidays to the leave, provided the conditions of article 220 of the Civil Service Regulations are satisfied.

Fort St. George, March 28, 1919.

No. 102.—Mr. H. L. Jones, Meteorologist, Madras, and Deputy Director of the Madras Observatory, is granted furlough for eleven months and five days in continuation of the ensuing summer vacation of the Presidency College, Madras.

APPOINTMENT.

No. 103.—Mr. James Angus, Professor, Madras Christian College, is appointed to act as Meteorologist, Madras, and Deputy Director of the Madras Observatory during the absence on leave of Mr. Jones or until further orders.

POSTING AND PROMOTION.

No. 104.—The following posting and promotion in the Salt, Abkari and Customs department are ordered:—

Mr. Hugh Bainbridge Rendle, Assistant Commissioner, third grade, on return from military duty to the Nellore subdivision, reverting Mr. N. J. E. Haraford, acting as Assistant Commissioner.

Mr. Hugh Bainbridge Rendle, Assistant Commissioner, third grade, to be Assistant Commissioner, second grade, sub. *pro tem.*, with effect from the date of his return to civil duty, vice M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur Muttuswami Ayyar Venkatarama Ayyar Avargal reverted to third grade.

PROMOTION.

No. 105.—The following promotion in the Madras Custom House is ordered:—

M.R.Ry. Kodambakkam Rajaram Pillai, Preventive Officer, to act as fifth-grade Appraiser, vice Mr. E. E. Greene, on other duty.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, March 26, 1919.

No. 106.—Under the provisions of section 1 of the Madras Cattle Disease Act, 1896, the Governor in Council hereby directs that the provisions of the said Act shall be put in force throughout the South Arcot district for three months from the date of publication of this notification.

Fort St. George, March 19, 1919

No. 107.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 1 of the Madras Irrigation Cess Act VII of 1865 as amended by Madras Act V of 1900, and Act II of 1913, His Excellency the Governor in Council directs that the following changes be made in the rules for the levy of water-cess in section H of Appendix I to Board's Standing Order No. 4 :—

(*a*) *Add* the following as a note to rule III of part I of section H :—

"Nothing in this rule shall prevent the Executive Engineer from granting permission to take water for a single crop or for a single year, if, for reasons to be recorded by him, he considers that course necessary."

(*b*) *Delete* rule IV (i) of part I and *re-number* rule IV (ii) as rule IV.

(*c*) In part II of section H *insert* the words "in the shape of water-cess" between the words "no charge" and "is made" occurring in note (1), *delete* note (2) and *re-number* note (3) as note (2).

(*d*) *For* the existing rule II in part III of section H, *substitute* the following :—

"Applications must be renewed every year. The fact that water is granted in one year confers no right to it in the succeeding year. It will, however, be open to the proprietors or the tenants concerned to apply for a supply to their tanks either permanently or for a number of years, provided they state the fact explicitly in their applications and specify the terms; and the Executive Engineer will pass such orders as he considers expedient in each case. The applications are exempt from stamp duty."

Fort St. George, March 21, 1919.

No. 108.—In exercise of the powers delegated to him by the Governor-General in Council under section 43, sub-section (1) of the Indian Income-tax Act, VII of 1918, the Governor in Council is pleased to issue the following rule for determining the amount of income-tax leviable on the annual value of quarters occupied by officers of Government and other employees :—

In any case in which the house or quarters are definitely allotted to a person holding an appointment or office under Government, a local body, or a private employer on conditions which give that person no option of refusing the tenancy, the levy of tax on the value of the perquisite obtained by the occupation of the house or quarters shall be regulated as follows :—

(*a*) If the house or quarters are rent-free, income-tax shall be charged on the rental value thereof or 10 per cent of the employee's salary (including personal and local allowances), whichever is less.

(*b*) If the employee does not pay the full rental value, income-tax shall be charged on no sum by which the true rental value of the house exceeds 10 per cent of his salary (including personal and local allowances).

Fort St. George, April 1, 1919.

No. 109.—The following notifications of the Government of India are republished :—

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

SEPARATE REVENUE—INCOME-TAX.

The 4*th March* 1919.

No 637-F.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 44 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the said Act shall not apply to the following classes of income :—

(1) Gratuities which are granted to officers and others in respect of wounds or injuries received either in action or in the performance of military duty otherwise than in action.

(2) Gratuities which are granted to the widows, children or other relatives of officers and others who are killed in action, or suffer violent death due directly or wholly to war service, or are killed or die of injuries sustained on flying duty or while being carried on duty in air-craft under proper authority, or die within seven years from wounds or injuries so received.

SEPARATE REVENUE—STAMPS.

The 7*th March* 1919.

No. 658-F.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870 (VII of 1870), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit the fees chargeable under Items I (*a*) and (*b*) of Schedule II of the said Act on applications for transfer of registry in the land records of house-sites in towns in the Madras Presidency.

ACQUISITION OF LANDS.

Fort St. George, March 28, 1919.

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 0·05 acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the formation of a pathway from Pillai vathal to Alangadi Pallakkori; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Special Deputy Collector, Tanjore, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Special Deputy Collector, Tanjore, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Tanjore taluk, No. 55, Ambathumalagaram village.

	Acres.
Dry, No 137-B 1-A, belonging to 164, Muruggya Nadar, bounded on the north by No. 137-B 2; east by No. 137-A 3; south by No. 47, Allur, west by No. 137-C 3	0·05

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 2·61 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the extension of Allur and formation of Allagudi Pallakkarai; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Special Deputy Collector, Tanjore, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Special Deputy Collector, Tanjore, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Tanjore taluk, No. 57, Allur village.

	Acs.
Dry, S. No. 328-C, belonging to A. Chidambara Nadan, Swaminatha Nadan, and mortgagee—Palla Govindan, bounded on the north and west by No. S. 330, south by S. Nos. 328-E and 328-I; west by S. Nos. 341 F and 330	0·51
Dry, S. No. 328-D, belonging to Minnes Duraiswami Nadan, Natesa Nadan, Karuppa Nadan Hathakkaraiga Nadan and Arumugha Nadan—grandson mother Marathi Ammal, mortgagee A. Chidambara Nadan, bounded on the north by S. No. 329, east by S. No. 328 I, south by S. No. 330, west by S. No. 330 C	0·13
Dry, S. No. 313-F 2, belonging to Sami Ayya Nadan, bounded on the north by S. No. 313-F 1; east, south and west by S. No. 320	0·23
Wet, S. No. 313-D 2, belonging to Sami Ayya Nadan, bounded on the north by S. No. 313-D 1, east by S. No. 340; south and west by S. No 313-F 2	0·04
Dry, S. No. 126-A, belonging to No. 321, Saman Shalagan, Seppan Shalagan and Raghunatha Shalagan, bounded on the north by No. 30, Ambathumalagaram; east by S. Nos. 133-H and I; south by S. No. 134; west by S. No 126-H and I	0·09
Dry, S. No. 134-E, bounded on the north by No. 46, Ambathumalagaram; east by S. No. 135-A; south by S. No. 134-E, C and D; west by S. No. 126-F—	
belonging to No. 354 Vasa Nadan (1)	0·52
Thavasia Sappani (2)	0·01
Rama Ponnuswami (3)	0·02
Kasthi Nadan (4)	0·18
Seena Sappaimuthu Nadan (5)	0·03
Thiruvengada Nadan (6)	0·50
Narayanaswami Nadan (7), Karuppayan Nadan (8) and Seena Sappaimuthu Nadan (9)	0·05
Wet, S. No. 133-I 2, belonging to Soman Shalagan, Seppan Shalagan and Ramasamy Nadan, bounded on the north by S. No. 132-I; east by S. No 133-G, south by S No. 134, west by S. No. 126-A	0·01
Total ..	2·61

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 0·07 acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the formation of a pathway to the Parachori Nattam; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Special Deputy Collector, Tanjore, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Special Deputy Collector, Tanjore, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Tanjore taluk, No. 9, Rajagiri village.

	Acres.
Government, wet, No 221 D-1, belonging to Thalai Ammal, bounded on the north by No. 153 A-1; east by No. 221 D-2, south by No. 224 E-1; west by No. 221 C	0·04
Government, wet, No 221 E-1, belonging to Sivakumara Ammal, Muthukumara Sethi Rayan and Lakshmayee, bounded on the north by No. 221 D-1, east by No. 221 E-2, south by No. 221 F 1; west by No. 221 C.	0 02
Government, wet, No. 221 F-1, belonging to 15, Annammal, bounded on the north by No 222 E-1; east by No. 221 E-2; south by Nos. 225 and 224; west by No. 221 C	0·01
Total ..	0 07

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council, hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 0·23 acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the extension of the Parachori, Sirailoor village; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Special Deputy Collector, Tanjore, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Special Deputy Collector, Tanjore, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Tanjore taluk, No. 64, Semboor village.

	Acre
Government, wet, S. No. 74 J, belonging to minor Ramalingaswami Nadar, guardian mother Tharaikkudi Annual bounded on the north by No. 80 B-1; east by No. 75; south by No. 74 C; west by No. 81 ..	0·40
Government, wet, S. No. 80 B-2, belonging to Thirumalvizi Annual (wife of Rajaram Jotte), bounded on the north by No. 80 B-1; east by No. 75; south by No. 74 J; west by No. 81	0 23
Total ..	0 63

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 0·63 acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for excavating supply channel to the new Salt Factory at Tirputtalai; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Tahsildar of Narsapur taluk is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahsildar of Narsapur taluk, and may be inspected at any time during office hours. This being a case of urgency, the said officer is directed to take possession of the lands under section 17 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act.

Kistna district, Narsapur taluk, Tirputtalla village.

	Acre.
Government dry, S. No. 43-3 B, belonging to Bandaru Ankl wife Narsigadu, Ramudu and Pullaiu, bounded on the north by S. No. 47; east by S. No. 48-1; south by S. No. 43-1 A; west by S. No. 43-3 A ..	0·21
Government dry, S. No. 43-1, belonging to Kanumuth Govindarajulu, Venkataswami and Jagannayudu (Brahmins), Pesarapu Venkanna (pujari), bounded on the north by S. No. 43-3; east by S. No. 43-1; north by S. No. 50-1; west by S. No. 43-3	0·15
Government dry, S. No. 50-1 B, belonging to Kolluri Bhadrayya, Krishnaswamy, Sanyasi and Chandrayya, bounded on the north by S. No. 43-1; east by S. Nos. 48-1 and 49-5; south by S. No. 50-6 B; west by S. No. 50-2 A	0·50
Government dry, S. No. 50-5 B, belonging to (1) Gummalla Brahmayya, (2) Mandyam, (3) Subbarayudu and (4) Adeppa (Brahmins), (5) and (6) (pujaris), bounded on the north by S. No. 50-1; east by Vemal devi, south and west by S. No. 50-6 A	0·17
Total ..	0·63

M. YOUNG,
Temp. Addl. Secretary to Government.

REVENUE (SPECIAL) DEPARTMENT.

APPOINTMENTS

Fort St. George, March 27, 1919.

No. 98.—Mr. H. Tiremen, Deputy Conservator of Forests, now doing duty as Chief Forest Officer, Coorg, on reversion to this Presidency, to be District Forest Officer, South Mangalore.

Fort St. George, March 28, 1919.

No. 99.—The following appointments are ordered in the Madras Agricultural department:—

(1) Mr. Ravenshaw Cecil Wood, B.A., Principal of the College of Agriculture, Coimbatore, and Professor of Agriculture and Superintendent of the Central Farm, *to act* as Director of Agriculture, during the absence of Mr. G. A. D. Stuart, I.C.S., as Officiating Agricultural Advisor to the Government of India or until further orders.

(2) Mr. William McRae, M.A., B.Sc., Government Mycologist, *to act* as Principal of the College of Agriculture, *vice* No. (1).

(3) Mr. Roger Thomas, Deputy Director of Agriculture, on deputation to Mesopotamia, *to act* as Professor of Agriculture and Superintendent of the Central Farm, *vice* No. (2).

(4) M.R.Ry. Dharvada Ananda Rao Garu, B.Sc., Assistant Professor of Agriculture and Assistant Principal of the College of Agriculture, *to act* as Professor of Agriculture and Superintendent of the Central Farm until the arrival of Mr. R. Thomas.

TRANSFERS.

Fort St. George, March 31, 1919.

No. 100.—Mr. D. L. Sathe, District Forest Officer, Nellore, to be District Forest Officer, Guntur, *vice* M.R.Ry. V. Ramaa Menon Avargal transferred to Foreign service.

No. 101.—Mr. R. F. Madan, District Forest Officer, West Kurnool, to be District Forest Officer, Nellore.

No. 102.—Mr. T. A. Whitehead, on return from military duty, to be District Forest Officer, West Kurnool.

SERVICES PLACED.

Fort St. George, March 27, 1919.

No. 103.—The services of Mr. H. C. Bennett, Deputy Conservator of Forests, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Coorg. He will join on the expiry of the privilege leave granted to him.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, March 31, 1919.

No. 104.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Daniel Chamier, Bar-at-Law, to be a Government member of the Council of the Victoria Technical Institute, Madras, for a term of three years.

Fort St. George, March 22, 1919.

No. 106.—The following notifications of the Government of India are republished :—

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

Delhi, the 7th March 1919.

APPOINTMENT.

20th Nilgiri Malabar Battalion.

No. 503.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

(To be Second Lieutenant.)

Arthur Westhall Browne. Dated 28th January 1919.

RESIGNATIONS

29th South Indian Railway Battalion.

No. 518.—Captain Godfrey Wilson Moore resigns his temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 6th December 1918.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

South Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 528.—Captain Godfrey Wilson Moore resigns his commission and is permitted on retirement to retain his rank. Dated 31st March 1917.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

(CUSTOMS—WAR.)

Delhi, the 5th March 1919.

No. 2141-D.—The following War Trade Department list, dated the 23rd January 1919, with the supplement thereto on the subject of prohibitions of export from the United Kingdom is published for general information :—

WAR TRADE DEPARTMENT,
4, CENTRAL BUILDINGS,
WESTMINSTER, S.W. 1,
23rd January 1919.

List of goods the export of which is prohibited by the Royal Proclamation of the 10th May 1917, as amended by Orders of Council of the 22nd June 1917, the 13th July 1917, the 14th August 1917, the 28th August 1917, the 18th October 1917, the 27th November 1917, the 18th December 1917, the 22nd January 1918, the 8th February 1918, the 26th February 1918, the 9th March 1918, the 12th April 1918, the 24th April 1918, the 14th May 1918, the 11th June 1918, the 2nd July 1918, the 30th July 1918, the 6th August 1918, the 27th August 1918, the 1st October 1918, the 15th October 1918, the 19th November 1918, the 29th November 1918, the 6th December 1918, the 13th December 1918, the 20th December 1918, the 24th December 1918, the 27th December 1918, the 3rd January 1919, the 7th January 1919, the 10th January 1919 and the 17th January 1919, further amended by notices appearing in the "Board of Trade Journal," to be exported from the United Kingdom to the following destinations, viz :—

Goods marked (A) to all destinations.

Goods marked (B) to all ports and destinations abroad other than ports and destinations in British Possessions and Protectorates.

List C.—By Order of Council dated 1st October 1918, as amended by Order of Council of the 24th December 1918 and the 7th January 1919, all goods (other than (1) printed matter and (2) personal effects accompanied by their owners) are prohibited from export to all destinations in European and Asiatic Russia and in other Foreign Countries in Europe and on the Mediterranean, except France and French Possessions, Italy and Italian Possessions, Belgium, Portugal, Greece, Spain, Morocco, Palestine and Syria, as far north as a line from Alexandretta to Aleppo inclusive and as far east as the Hedjaz railway inclusive and to all ports in any such Foreign Countries.

NOTE.—Goods removed from "A" or "B" automatically come under List C. See, however, the following :—

Appendix No. 1 Page 14	Open General Licenses.
Appendix No. 2 Pages 15-16.	List of Free Goods.
Appendix No. 3 Pages 17-18.	Exports to Switzerland.

* *Orders in Council and notices issued subsequently to the date of the list are published in the "Board of Trade Journal," which may be obtained either directly or through any bookseller from the undermentioned Branches of H.M Stationery Office* —

London : Imperial House, Kingsway, W.C. 2 ;
Cardiff : 1, St Andrew's Crescent ;
Manchester : 37, Peter Street ;
Edinburgh : 23, North Bridge ;
or from Messrs. E. Ponsonby, Ltd., 116, Grafton Street, Dublin.

This list cancels all similar lists issued by the War Trade Department prior to 23rd January 1919.

A

(E) Accoutrements, not otherwise prohibited; (14-8-17).
(A) Aceto-cellulose.
(A) Aerated and Mineral Waters, except unsweetened mineral waters; (1-8-17) (29-11-18).
(A) Aeroplane engines and their component parts
Agricultural machinery, see Machinery.
(A) Aircraft of all kinds and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connexion with aircraft.
Aircraft, Steel stampings suitable for, see Steel.
(A) Albumen, other than blood albumen; (3-9-16) (19-2-17) (20-12-8).
Ale, see Beer.
Alumina, see Phosphate Rock.
(A) Ammonia, sulphate of, and mixtures containing sulphate of ammonia; (19-1-17) (23-1-18) (6-8-18).
(A) Anchors; (30-3-17).
(A) Aneroids suitable for aircraft.
Animal fats, see Fats.
Animal hair, see Hair.
Animal hoofs, see Glue-stock.
Animal oils, see Oils.
Animal waxes, see Waxes.
(A) Animals, living, for food; (12-12-16).
(A) Animals, pack, saddle and draught, suitable, or which may become suitable, for use in war, (8-1-18)
Apatites, see Phosphate Rock.
(A) Armour plates, armour quality castings, and similar protective material.
Armoured cable, see Wires.
(A) Arms, not being Firearms and their component parts.
(A) Arrowroot.
(A) Asbestos, raw, crude, and opened fibre; (27-11-17) (13-12-18).
(A) Asphalt and articles containing asphalt; (22-6-17) (22-1-18) (26-2-18).
(A) Asphalt, coal tar; (25-5-16) (22-6-17) (22-1-18).

B

(E) Baggage, old.
Bags, see Sacks.
(E) Baking powder; (12-3-17).
(A) Balsam of tolu; (19-11-18).
(A) Banana meal and banana flour and preparations containing banana meal and banana flour; (22-6-17).
Banknotes, see Notes.
(A) Barium sulphate; (11-6-18) (6-9-18) (20-12-18).
Bark, see Cinchona.
(A) Barley, barley meal and pearled and pot barley.
(A) Barographs, suitable for aircraft; (6-12-18).
(E) Barometers and their component parts; (17-11-18) (19-2-17).
(A) Barrels and casks, wooden (other than such barrels or casks as contain goods to be shipped for exportation and are allowed by the Customs-Jouers of Customs and Excise to be shipped as the containers of such goods), whether whole or in shooks, and their distinctive component parts; (12-12-16) (1-8-17) (10-5-17) (14-5-18).
(A) Basic slag; (23-10-16).
(E) Bauxite.
(A) Bayonets and their component parts.
(A) Beans of all kinds including haricots; (12-12-16) (27-11-17).
(A) Bean flour and meal.
(A) Beer and ale; (1-8-17).
Beet seed, see Seeds.
(E) Bichromate of soda.
(A) Binder twine; (23-10-18) (12-3-17).
Biscuit meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Biscuits.
(A) Bitumen, liquid or solid, and articles containing bitumen; (10-3-17) (21-6-17) (22-1-18) (26-2-18).
(A) Boats and craft; (10-6-17) (16-12-17).
(A) Boilers (not including portable boilers) and their component parts; (25-5-16) (14-6-18) (10-1-19).
(E) Boiler tubes; (17-1-18).
(A) Bones (except fish bones) in any form and bone ash (see also Whalebone).
(A) Boots and shoes (children's), with soles or uppers of leather; (3-7-16) (30-3-17).
Bran, see Offals of Corn.
Brass, see Copper.
(A) Bread.
Brewers' grains, see Grains.
(E) Bristles, of European origin; (26-3-16) (6-3-18); (2-7-18) (17-1-18).
Broccoli seed, see Seeds.
(A) Bromine; (12-4-18).
Bronze, see Copper.
Brussels sprouts seed, see Seeds.
(A) Buckwheat; (12-12-16).
Buffalo hides, see Hides.
Bullion, see Silver.
(A) Butter.

C

Cabbage seed, see Seeds.
(E) Cables, chain.
Cables, see Wires and Cables.
(A) Cakes and Meals (which may be used as forage or feed for animals), the following:—
Biscuit meal;
Calf meal;
Coconut and pecuna cake;
Compound cakes and meal;
Cotton seed cake and cotton seed meal;
Fish meal and concentrated fish;
Gluten meal or gluten feed;
Groundnut or earth nut cake and meal;
Hemp seed cake and meal;
Husk meal;
Linseed cake and meal;
Locust bean meal;
Maize germ meal;
Maize meal and flour;
Meat meal;
Palm nut cake and meal;
Poppy seed cake and meal;
Rape seed or colza seed cake and meal;
Sesame seed cake and meal;
Soya bean cake and meal;
Sunflower seed cake and meal;
Whale cake;
(A) Calves.
Calf meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Calfskins.
(A) Calves' stomachs; (25-5-16).
(E) Camphor; (1-3-17).
(A) Candles; (1-8-17) (8-2-18).
(A) Cannon and other ordnance, and their component parts
(A) Carbinol, liquid or solid; (1-6-17).
Carbonyl chloride, see Phosgene.
Card pins, see Steel.
Card wire, see Wire.
Carnauba wax, see Wax.
Carrot seed, see Seeds.
(A) Carriages and mountings for cannon and other ordnance and their component parts.
Carriages, see Railway.
(A) Cocoa and preparations thereof; (17-11-16) (19-2-17).
(A) Castings, hog; (20-12-16).
Casks, see Barrels.

(A) Cassava Powder.
Castings, see Armour Plates and Shipbuilding material.
Cast iron guttering, &c., see Guttering.
Cast iron pipes, see Pipes
Cattle foods, see Cakes and Meals.
Cattle foods, patent and proprietary, see Patent.
Cattle hides, see Hides.
Cauliflower seed, see Seeds.
Caustic potash, see Potash.
Celery seed, see Seeds.
(A) Celluloid.
(A) "Celluloid", sheet, non-inflammable, and similar transparent material non-soluble in lubricating oil, petrol or water.
(A) Cement for building and engineering purposes; (14-5-18).
(A) Cereals, Prepared foods derived wholly or partly from.
Chain cables, see Cables.
(A) Cheese.
(A) Chestnut extract, liquid.
(A) Chicory; (30-3-17) (27-11-17).
Chicory seed, see Seeds.
(A) Chick peas; (12-12-16).
(A) Chlorate, potassium, and mixtures containing potassium chlorate; (16-11-18).
(B) Chrome ore.
(A) Chronometers and their component parts; (23-10-16) (15-10-18).
(A) Cinchona bark, its alkaloids and their salts and preparations of any of these substances; (1-5-17) (27-11-17) (22-1-18).
Clover seed, see Seeds
Cloves, see Spices
(A) Coal, except coal, allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as bunker coal; (27-11-17).
Coal tar asphalt, see Asphalt.
(B) Coal tar pitch; (15-10-18).
(A) Coal tar, all products obtainable from and derivatives thereof (except solvent naphtha, creosylic acid and mixtures containing creosylic acid), suitable for use in the manufacture of dyes and explosives, whether obtained from coal tar or other sources, and mixtures and preparations containing such products or derivatives; (26-7-18) (29-11-18) (20-12-18).
(A) Cocaine and its salts and preparations; (17-11-16).
Cocoanut cake, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Cocoa, raw, and manufactures thereof except cocoa butter; (16-2-17) (20-12-18).
(B) Cocoa butter; (20-12-18).
(A) Cocoa husks; (19-2-17).
(A) Cocoa shells; (19-2-17).
Cocoons, see Silk.
(A) Coffee; (19-2-17).
(A) Coffee essence, including coffee essence containing Chicory; (21-11-17).
(B) Coir yarn; (1-5-17).
(A) Coke and manufactured fuel; (18-12-17).
Comb pins, see Steel.
Combings, see Malt.
Compound cakes and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
Condenser tubes, see Shipbuilding Materials.
(A) Condiments (except table salt) not otherwise specifically prohibited; (1-5-17) (2-7-18).
(A) Confectionery manufactured wholly, or partly of sugar; (12-3-17).
(A) Copper, whether refined or unrefined, unwrought, wrought, or partly wrought of all kinds and descriptions, including brass, bronze, yellow metal, and all other alloys of copper; (23-2-17).
Copper wire, see Wires
(A) Copper ore; regulus, matte, concentrate and precipitate; (27-2-17).
(A) Copper sulphate; (12-4-18).
(A) Cork and cork dust; (22-1-18) (14-5-18) (20-11-18).
(A) Cornflour.
(A) Corn grits.
Corn offals, see Offals.
(A) Cotton, raw; (12-3-17).
Cotton seed cake, and cotton seed meal, see Cakes and Meal.
Crash, see Boots.
(A) Cream of Tartar; (10-1-19).
(A) Cryolite; (13-8-18).
Culms, see Malt.

D

(A) Dari.
(A) Deer skins; (15-10-18).
(A) Dextrine and all articles and mixtures and preparations containing dextrine; (19-2-17) (10-5-17).
Dhol, see Gram.
Diesel engines, see Shipbuilding Material.
Distillers' grains, see Grains, &c.
(B) Docks, floating, and their component parts.
(A) Dyes and dyestuffs manufactured from coal tar products, and articles containing such dyes and dyestuffs.

E

Earth nut cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Eggs in shells.
(A) Egg Powder; (1-5-17).
(A) Egg, yolk and liquid, (3-3-16), (10-2-17).
Electric lamp filaments, see Tungsten.
Enamel, gold, see Gold.
Engines, internal combustion, see Shipbuilding material.
Engines, see Aeroplanes; Railway carriages
Equipment web, see Web.
(A) Ergot of rye, and the liquid extract of ergot; (10-5-17), (12-4-18), (23-10-18).
(A) Explosives, other than industrial; (16-11-18).

F

Feller pins, see Steel.
(A) Fascia; (19-2-17).
(A) Fats, all animal and vegetable, and articles and mixtures containing such fats, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (19-2-17), (27-11-17).
(A) Fatty acids, and articles and mixtures containing fatty acids, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (27-11-17).
(A) Felt, roofing; (25-3-18).
(B) Ferro-vanadium.
(A) Fibres, vegetable, not otherwise specifically prohibited; except China grass (ramie fibre); (15-8-18), (13-12-16), (1-5-17), (28-3-17) (5-2-19).
Filaments for Electric Lamps, see Tungsten
(A) Firearms and their component parts; (8-2-18) (20-11-18).
(A) Fish, except the following:—
Bloaters (tinned) and bloater pastes, chinchards, herrings (tinned), kippers (tinned), mackerel (tinned or pickled), sprats (unless being tinned sprats), white fish (tinned); (27-12-18).
(A) Fish hooks; (18-10-17).
Fish oil, see Oils.
Fishmeal and concentrated fish, see Cakes and Meal.
(A) Flax, raw.
(A) Flax shakings.
(A) Flax tow.
(A) Flax waste.
Feshes, see Pickled Grains.

Flour, see Bananas; Peas; Corn; Lentil; Malt; Maize, Pea; Potato; Rice; Rye; Sago; Tapioca; Wheat.
Foods prepared from cereals, see Cereals.
Forage and food which may be used for animals, see specific heading, e.g., Beans; Cakes; Hay, Oats, &c.
(A) Forage, green.
(A) Fruit and fruit preserves, except olives; (29-9-18) (15-1-17) (29-2-17) (10-1-18).
(A) Fuel economisers constructed of cast iron pipes, used as auxiliary heating apparatus in connexion with land or marine steam boilers; (12-12-16).
Fuel, manufactured, see Coke.

G

(B) Gall nuts; (28-8-17).
(A) Game.
Gas meters and component parts thereof, see Tinplates.
Gilding solution, see Gold.
Gill pins, see Steel.
(A) Ginger, crystallised or preserved; (2-2-17) (10-5-17); see also Spices.
(A) Glucose, and articles, mixtures and preparations containing glucose, (19-2-17) (10-5-17).
(A) Glue-stock of all kinds, including animal hoofs, untanned hides and pelts, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (12-12-16), (1-3-17) (14-5-18) (10-11-18) (27-12-18).
Gluten meal, or gluten feed, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Goat skins; (18-10-17).
(A) Goldbeater's skin.
(A) Gold leaf; (18-10-18).
(A) Gold, liquid, including gold paint, gold enamel, gilding solution and all other pigments containing gold; (12-4-18).
(A) Grains, Brewers' and Distillers'; (12-12-16).
Grains, Pickled, see Pickled.
(A) Gram or chol; (12-12-18).
Grass seed, see Seeds.
(A) Green forage; (12-12-16).
(A) Grenades and component parts thereof; (10-5-17).
Ground nut, or earth nut cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Guanos, except whale guano; (2-2-17) (3-1-19).
Guns, see Cannon, Firearms, Machine.
Gun-metal, see Copper.
(A) Guttering, cast iron, and cast iron gutter fittings and connections; (2-7-18).

H

Hackle pins, see Steel.
(A) Hair, animal, and tops, noils, mixtures, waste, and yarns thereof; (3-9-16), (18-10-17).
Harness, see Boots.
Hawsers, see Steel.
(A) Hay.
Heald wire, see Wire.
(A) Heliographs and their component parts; (2-7-18).
Hemp and hemp manufactures, the following:—
(B) Hemp ropes, old manilla.
Hemp seed cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(B) Henbane; (10-5-17) (17-1-18).
(A) Hides of cattle, buffaloes, and horses.
(A) Hides and pelts, clippings of; (12-12-16) 14-5-19).
Hides and pelts untanned, see Glue-stock, &c.
Hog casings, see Casings.
(A) Hominy.
(A) Honey and all articles, mixtures and preparations containing honey; (26-5-16) (19-2-17)
Hoofs, animal, see Glue-stock.
(A) Horns, ox and cow; (29-11-18).
Horsehides, see Hides
Hosiery needles, see Needles.
Husk meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(B) Hats, wooden.
(A) Hydrobromic acid; (11-6-18).

I

(A) Indigo, synthetic; (6-8-18).
(A) Invert sugar, and articles, mixtures and preparations containing invert sugar; (28-8-17).
(B) Iridium and its alloys and manufactures containing iridium; (12-12-16) (23-8-17) (27-11-17).
Iron and steel castings, and forgings for hulls and machinery of ships, see Shipbuilding Material.
Iron, (1-9-17), the following:—
(A) Angles, channels, joists, tees and other sectional material.
(A) Bars, including flats, rounds and other sections and shapes.
(A) Billets, blooms and slabs.
(A) Bridgework, fretwork and constructional material.
Castings, see Armour Plates, also Shipbuilding Material.
Channels, see Angles above.
Constructional material, see Bridgework above.
Plate, see Bars above.
Forgings, see Shipbuilding Material.
Guttering, &c., cast, see Guttering.
(A) Ingots.
Joists, see Angles above.
(A) Ore.
Fretwork, see Bridgework above.
(A) Pig.
(B) Pipes, wrought; (17-1-19) (see also Pipes, Cast).
(A) Plates and sheets.
(A) Pyrites.
Radiators, see Radiators.
Rails, see Railway Material.
Rounds, see Bars above.
(A) Scrap.
Sections, see Bars above.
(B) Sheet bars.
Sheets, see Plates above.
Slabs, see Billets above.
Sleepers, see Railway Material.
Springs, see Railway Material.
Tees, see Angles above.
(B) Tubes; (17-1-18)
Wire and wire rods, see Wire.
Wire rope, see Wire.

J

(B) Jute rugs, except roofing felt rugs; (14-1-17).
(A) Jute, raw and carded; (12-5-17).
(A) Jute threads; (12-12-17).
(A) Jute yarns; (19-12-18) 18-12-17).

K

Kale seed, see Seeds.
Kernels, oleaginous, see Oleaginous.
Kohl rabi seed, see Seeds.

L

Lactose, see Milk Sugar.
(A) Lard of all kinds and imitation lard; (19-2-27) (10-5-17).
(B) Lasts, wooden; (14-5-17) (13-12-18).
Latch needles, see Needles.
(A) Lead coated sheets; (16-3-18).
(A) Lead, dry white.

(A) Leather, except chamois, shirrets and seals (30-6-17) (16-11-18)
(A) Leather, waste; (6-3-18).
Leek seed, see Seeds.
(A) Lentil flour and meal.
(A) Lentils; (12-12-16).
Lettuce seed, see Seeds.
(A) Lewisite; (22-6-17).
Lime phosphate, see Phosphate Rock.
Linseed cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
Locomotives, see Railway Carriages.
Locust bean meal, see Cakes and Meals.
Lupin seed, see Seeds

M

(A) Macaroni.
(A) Machine guns, mountings for machine guns, and component parts thereof.
(A) Machinery, agricultural or farming, and component parts thereof; (26-7-16) (12-12-16) (12-3-17) (14-8-17) (18-10-17) (23-11-18) (27-12-18)
(A) Machinery, textile; (13-12-16).
Machinery, Ships, see Shipbuilding Material.
(A) Maize; (12-12-16).
(A) Maize germs; (12-12-16).
Maize germ meal, see Cakes and Meals.
Maize meal and flour, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Malt; (19-2-17).
(A) Malt dust, malt flour, culms, sprouts or combings; (12-12-16).
(A) Malt sugar (maltose) and articles and preparations containing malt sugar; (19-2-17) (28-6-17).
(A) Medicines.
Mangold seed, see Seeds.
(A) Manures, compound containing either sulphate of ammonia, superphosphate of lime, or potash; (2-1-17).
(A) Manures, organic; (2-2-17).
(A) Margarine; (13-2-17).
Meals, see Bananas; Barley; Bean; Cakes; Lentil; Oat; Pea; Rye; Sago; Wheat
(A) Meat of all kinds (including tinned and potted meat), (19-2-17).
(A) Meat, extract of; (19-2-17).
Meat meal, see Cakes and Meals.
Metals and Ores, see specific headings, e.g., Copper, Iron, &c.
(A) Mica block, mica sheets and mica splittings; (22-6-17) (27-12-17).
Middlings, see Offals of Corn.
(A) Milk, condensed or preserved.
(A) Milk powder; (12-12-16).
(A) Milk sugar (lactose); (22-6-17).
Mill dust and screenings, see Offals of Corn.
(A) Millet; (12-12-16).
Mineral waters, see Aerated.
Mineral waxes, see Waxes.
(B) Mines and their component parts.
(A) Molasses, and feeding stuffs containing molasses; (26-7-16) (22-6-17) (20-12-18)
(B) Molybdenum filament.
Motor ploughs, see Machinery, Agricultural.
Mungo, see Woollen Rags
Mustard seed, see Seeds.

N

(A) Needles for boot-making machines; (10-6-17).
(A) Needles, hosiery machine, latch; (23-10-18) (18-10-17) (29-11-18).
(A) Nicotine and its compounds; (6-6-18).
(B) Nitrate lime; (17-1-19)
Noils, see Silk; Wool.
* Notes of the Bank of France; (27-6-18).
(A) Notes, Russian rouble; (26-2-18).
(A) Nuts used as fruit.
Nuts, see Ground Nuts, Oleaginous, Soya-nasecon.
(A) Nux vomica; (12-6-18) (14-6-18) (11-6-18).

O

(A) Oats.
(A) Oatmeal and rolled oats
Offals of corn and grain which may be used as food for animals, the following:—
(A) Bran,
(A) Middlings.
(A) Mill dust and screenings.
(A) Pollard,
(A) Rice meal (or bran) and dust
(A) Sharps.
Oils, various:—
(A) Oils, fish, and articles, mixtures and preparations containing such oils; (1-6-17) (18-10-17) (12-6-18).
(A) Oils, fixed, all animal and vegetable, including blended oils and paint oils; (27-12-17) (13-12-18) (17-1-19).
(A) Oleaginous kernels, nuts, seeds, and products of all kinds; (12-3-17) (27-11-17).
(A) Olea margarine; (13-2-17).
(A) Onions, see also Pickled.
Onion seed, see Seeds.
(A) Opium and its preparations
(A) Opium alkaloids and their salts and preparations
Ordnance, see Cannon; Carriages.
Ox and cow horn, see Horns.

P

Paint, gold, see Gold.
(B) Palladium and its alloys and manufactures containing palladium; (12-12-16) (22-6-17) (27-12-17).
Palmnut cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals
(A) Paper, waste.
(A) Paraffin wax; (3-5-17) (3-7-18) (29-11-18).
Parsnip seed, see Seeds.
(A) Patent and proprietary cattle foods of all kinds.
(A) Pea flour and meal.
(A) Peas; (2-2-17).
Pelts, see Glue stock, etc.; Hides, Sheepskins.
Pepper, see Spices.
(A) Periscopes and their component parts; (19-6-17).
(A) Phosgene (carbonyl chloride).
(A) Phosphate rock, namely.—Apatites; Phosphates of lime and alumina; (2-2-17)
(A) Pickled grains and fleshes; (29-7-16).
(A) Pickled onions and pickled walnuts, bottled separately; (15-1-17) (20-12-18)
(A) Pigeon peas; (12-12-16).
Pigments containing gold, see Gold.
(A) Pigskins (15-10-18).
(A) Pins, see Steel.
(A) Pipes, cast iron, and cast iron pipe fittings and connections; (26-7-16) (2-7-18).
Pipes, see also Copper; Iron; Lead.
Pistols, see Firearms.
Plates, see Iron; Steel; Tin Plates.
(A) Plywood; (1-5-17).
Pollard, see Offals of Corn.
Poonac cake, see Cakes and Meals.
Poppy seed cake, and meal, see Cakes and Meals
(A) Potash, caustic, and articles containing caustic potash.
(A) Potash, muriate, sulphate, and crude mineral potash salts, and mixtures containing any of these substances; (12-2-17). (17-1-19).
(B) Potash salts, and mixtures containing such potash salts, not otherwise prohibited; (19-2-17).
(A) Potassium bicarbonate and mixtures containing potassium bicarbonate; (13-7-17).

* Notes of the Bank of France are prohibited to all destinations except to destinations in France

(A) Potassium carbonate and mixtures containing potassium carbonate; (22-8-17).
Potassium chlorate, see Chlorate.
(A) Potassium cyanide, and mixtures containing potassium cyanide.
(A) Potassium perchlorate.
(A) Potassium permanganate.
(A) Potassium prussiates, and mixtures containing potassium prussiates, (12-3-17).
(A) Potatoes; (7-6-16).
(A) Potato flour; (7-6-16) (19-2-17)
(A) Poultry; (4-7-16) (29-8-16) (18-2-17).
(A) Prepared foods wholly or partially derived from cereals.
Preserves, see Fruit.
(A) Projectiles of all kinds and their component parts.
Pulp, see Tomato; Wood.
(A) Pulp-board waste.
Pyrites, see Iron.

Q

(A) Quebracho extract and extracts containing quebracho.
Quinine, see Cinchona.

R

(A) Radiators manufactured of cast-iron pipes; (3-7-18).
(A) Radium and its compounds; (21-11-17).
Rags, see Jute; Wool.
(A) Railway material of iron or steel; (1-3-17), the following :—
Rails.
Sleepers.
Springs.
Wheels, axles and tyres.
Other railway constructional material.
(A) Railway carriages, locomotives and wagons and their component parts.
(A) Range-finders and their component parts.
Rapeseed, or colza seed cake, and meal, see Cakes.
(A) Rattans; (30-3-17)
(A) Rennet powder, rennet substance, and other preparations of rennet; (4-7-16).
(A) Resins, resinous gums and resinous substances (except such as contain caoutchouc and except the following) :—Gum ammoniacum; gum euphorbium (hog gum); gum galbanum; gum gamboge; gum-resin resin; Indian gum, (gum ghatti); jalap resin; Kaledana resin; gum olibanum; podophyllum resin; Indian podophyllum resin; gum sagapenum; gum Thus; and articles containing resins; (4-7-16) (1-5-17) (12-4-18) (19-11-18).
Rice meal (or bran) and dust, see Offals of Corn.
(A) Rice and rice flour, and articles mixtures and preparations containing rice or rice flour.
Rifles, see Firearms
Roofing felt, see Felt.
Rope, iron or steel, see Wire.
Rope, see Hemp.
Rouble notes, see Notes.
(A) Rye, rye flour and meal.

S

(A) Saccharin, and articles, mixtures and preparations containing saccharin; (28-8-17)
(B) Sacking, old
(A) Sago and sago flour and meal
(A) Saccharin and its preparations; (10-5-17) (12-4-18).
(A) Saccharose; (2-2-17)
Screenings, see Offals of Corn.
Scrap, see Iron; Steel.
(A) Sealskins, fur and hair; (12-3-17) (8-2-18)
(A) Searchlights, and their component parts; (1-6-17).
Seeds; (12-12-16) (12-3-17), the following :—
(A) Beet; (14-8-17).
(A) Broccoli; (14-8-17).
(A) Brussels sprouts; (14-8-17).
(A) Cabbage; (14-8-17).
(A) Carrot.
(A) Cauliflower.
(A) Celery; (14-8-17).
(A) Chicory; (14-8-17).
(A) Clover; (14-8-17).
(A) Grass; (14-8-17).
(A) Kale; (14-8-17).
(A) Kohl rabi.
(A) Leek; (14-8-17).
(A) Lettuce; (14-8-17).
(A) Lupin; (12-12-18).
(A) Mangold.
(A) Mustard; (23-2-17).
(A) Onion.
(A) Parsnip.
(A) Shallot; (14-8-17).
(A) Spinach; (14-8-17).
(A) Swede.
(A) Tomato; (14-8-17).
(A) Turnip.
(A) Vetch or tare; (18-10-18).
Seeds, oleaginous, see Oleaginous.
(A) Semolina.
Sesame seed cake, and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
Shallot seed, see Seeds.
Sharps, see Offals of Corn.
(B) Sheepskins, inured or woolled and pelts; (23-10-18), (18-10-17).
Shears, see Iron; Lead coated; Mica; Steel.
Shipbuilding Materials; (15-1-17) (30-3-17) (10-1-19), the following :—
(B) Condenser tubes.
(B) Engines for use on board ships (including Diesel and other internal combustion engines for marine propulsion) and component parts of such engines
(B) Iron and steel castings and forgings for hulls and machinery of ships
(B) Machinery for steam ships and component parts thereof; (10-5-17).
(B) Sectional materials for shipbuilding; (23-7-16).
(B) Ships' auxiliary machinery.
(B) Ships' telegraphs and component parts thereof.
(B) Steering gear and component parts thereof.
(B) Winches
(B) Windlasses.
See also Fuel Economisers.
Shoddy, see Wool.
Shoes, see Boots.
Signalling apparatus, see Submarine.
Silk and Silk manufactures; (23-10-18) (15-1-17), the following :—
(A) All threads, yarns and twists of Tussah silk and of artificial silk,
(B) Cocoons.
(A) Raw silk and all threads, yarns and twists thereof; (15-1-17).
(B) Silk bolting cloth; (29-12-18).
(A) Silk waste of all kinds (including artificial silk waste) and all threads, yarns and twists thereof, including noils and noil yarns.
(A) Silver bullion, specie and coin; (12-4-18) (23-11-18).
Skins, see Calf; Deer; Goat; Goldbeater; Hides; Pig; Seal; Sheep
(A) Soap including soft soap; (29-2-18).
Solder, see Copper; Lead.

(A) Soups, compressed and desiccated; (19-2-17).
Soya bean cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Spaghetti.
(A) Spelter and spelter dross.
(A) Spermaceti; (1-5-17).
Spices, the following (29-11-18) (27-12-18):—
(a) Cloves.
(a) Ginger.
(a) Pepper, black, Indian and Ceylon.
(a) Pepper, white.
Spinach seed, see Seeds.
(A) Spirits, potable, of a strength less than 43 degrees above proof, (29-7-18) (22-1-18).
(A) Starch, articles containing starch and mixtures, and preparations of starch; (19-2-17).
STEEL; (1-5-17) (13-5-17), the following:—
(A) Angles, channels, joists, tees and other steel sectional material.
(A) Bars, including flats, rounds, and other sections or shapes, (1-5-17).
(a) Billets.
(A) Blooms.
(A) Bridgework, pierwork, and structural material.
Castings, see Shipbuilding Material.
Channels, see Angles, etc., above.
Flats, see Bars above.
(A) Hawsers; (25-1-18).
(A) Ingots
Joists, see Angles, etc., above.
(A) Pierwork, see Bridgework, etc., above.
(A) Plates and sheets, except black steel sheets less than one-eighth inch thick; (29-9-18) (1-5-17) (13-11-18).
Pins, see Textile, below.
Rails, see Railway Material.
Rounds, see Bars, &c., above.
(A) Scrap
Sectional material, see Angles, &c., above.
Sections, see Bars, &c., above.
Sheets, see Plates, &c., above.
(A) Sheet bars.
(A) Slabs.
Sleepers, see Railway Material.
Springs, see Railway Material.
(a) Stampings suitable for aircraft.
Structural material, see Bridgework, above.
Tees, see Angles, &c., above.
(a) Textile pins of all kinds, including card pins, comb pins, fuller pins, gill pins, and hackle pins.
(a) Tubes; (17-1-19)
Wire and wire rods, see Wire.
Wire rope, see Wire.
(A) Steel containing tungsten or molybdenum; (6-12-18).
(A) Steel containing chrome, cobalt, nickel, or vanadium; (29-9-18) (1-5-17) (6-12-18).
(A) Stellite and similar alloys; (12-4-18).
(A) Straw.
(A) Straw-board waste.
Submarine cable, Sea Wires.
(a) Submarine sound signalling apparatus.
(A) Sugar, cane and beet, and articles, mixtures, and preparations containing sugar, cane or beet; (10-6-17); see also Confectionery; Malt Sugar; Milk Sugar; Invert Sugar.
(A) Sulphonal.
Sunflower seed cake, and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Superphosphates.
Swede seed, see Seeds.
(A) Swords and their component parts.
(A) Syrups which may be used as food for man; (19-2-17).

T

(A) Tallow, and articles, mixtures, and preparations containing tallow; (13-2-17) (1-5-17) (21-4-17).
(A) Tapioca and tapioca flour.
Tare seeds, see Seeds.
(A) Tartar, see Cream of Tartar.
(A) Tea, including tea waste, sweepings, dust and fluff, whether denatured or not; (28-5-18) (19-2-17) (2-7-18).
(A) Telegraphs (including wireless) and telephones, and instruments and material for including valves for wireless telegraphic apparatus, (18-1-17) (21-2-17) (28-8-17).
Telegraphs, ships, see Shipbuilding Materials.
(A) Terneplates, (15-8-16) (29-11-18)
Textile machinery, see Machinery.
Textile pins, see Steel.
THREAD, see Jute; Silk.
(A) Tin and alloys of tin; (8-2-18).
(a) Tin, compounds of (except chlorides and oxide of tin); (8-2-18).
(A) Tin ore; (8-2-18).
(A) Tin, oxide of; (5-12-18) (10-5-17) (8-2-18) (17-4-18).
(A) TINPLATES, and gas meters and component parts thereof made wholly or partly of tinplate; (15-5-15) (12-4-18) (2-7-18) (29-11-18).
(A) Tomato pulp; (19-2-17).
Tomato seed, see Seeds
(a) Torpedoes and their component parts.
(a) Torpedo nets.
(a) Torpedo tubes.
Tubes, see Boiler; Iron; Shipbuilding Material; Steel; Torpedo.
(a) Tungsten filaments for electric lamps.
Turnip seed, see Seeds.
TWINE, see Binder.
(A) Typewriters; (13-7-17) (14-8-17) (27-12-17) (19-11-18).

U

(A) Uniform clothing, (15-10-18).

V

Valves for wireless telegraphic apparatus, see Telegraphs.
(a) Vanadium.
(a) Vanadium ore, (28-8-17).
(a) Vanillin; (27-12-18).
Vegetable fats, see Fats.
Vegetable oils, see Oils.
(a) Vegetables, dried, preserved, smoked or bottled, except pickles; (28-12-18).
(A) Vegetables, fresh, of all kinds; (29-9-18) (12-12-16) (15-1-17) (10-5-17) (20-12-18).
Vermouth, see Gums.
(a) Vessels; (28-12-17)
(A) Vermicelli.
Vetch or tare seeds, see Seeds
(a) Vinegar containing not more than 5 per cent of acetic acid; (28-6-16).
(A) Vinegar essence and similar preparations containing more than 5 per cent of acetic acid; (28-6-18).

W

Waggons, see Railway Carriages.
WASTE, see Flax; Leather; Paper; Pulpboard; Silk; Strawboard; Wool.
(A) Wax, carnauba; (13-7-17).
(A) Wax, paraffin; (1-5-17).
(a) Waxes, animal, mineral and vegetable not otherwise prohibited; (8-9-16) (1-5-17) (13-10-17).
(A) Waxes, composite; (13-10-17).
(a) Web equipment.

(A) Whalebone, (1-5-17).
Whale cake, see Cakes and Meals.
(A) Whale fins; (1-5-17).
(A) Wheat, wheat flour and wheat meal and all articles, mixtures and preparations containing wheat, wheat flour, or wheat meal.
Winches, see Shipbuilding material.
Wirelesses, see Shipbuilding material.
(A) Wire; (18-12-18) (22-1-18).
(A) Wire cards (13-12-18).
(A) Wire, braid; (13-12-18).
(A) Wire, reed
(A) Wire rods, and wire of iron or steel (8-2-18) (8-12-18).
(A) Wire netting of iron or steel (8-12-18).
(A) Wire rope of iron or steel (8-12-18).
Wires and cables, insulated, the following :—
(A) Enamelled copper wire; (10-1-19).
(A) Silk-covered wire; (10-1-19).
(A) Submarine cable, (10-1-19).
(B) Armoured cable; (26-12-18) (10-1-19).
(B) Wolfsbane.
(A) Wood and Timber of all kinds, hewn, sawn, or split, planed or dressed, except lignum vitæ mahogany and hard woods; (29-9-16) (15-1-17) (2-2-17) (12-3-17) (10-1-19). See also Plywood.
(A) Wood pulp (12-12-18).
(A) Wool grease, and articles and mixtures containing wool grease (12-1-18).

Wool and Woollen goods :—
Rags, see below.
Sheepskins, woolled or haired, see Sheepskins.
Shoddy, see below.
(A) Wool, raw and mixtures thereof; (4-9-16) (18-10-17)
(A) Wool tops and mixtures thereof; (18-10-17).
(A) Wool noils and wool waste and mixtures thereof (18-10-17).
(A) Woollen and worsted yarn and mixtures thereof (18-10-17).
(A) Woollen rags, shoddy and mungo applicable to use otherwise than as manure or as roofing felt rags, (18-10-17).

Y

Yarns, see Coir; Flax; Jute; Silk; Wool.
(A) Yeast, and articles, mixtures, and preparations containing yeast (8-2-16) (22-8-17).
Yellow metal, see Copper.

Z

(A) Zinc, alloys of zinc, manufactures of zinc and zinc dust (8-2-17).
(A) Zinc ashes.
Zinc barium pigments, see the various headings affecting zinc salts.
(B) Zinc ore.
(A) Zinc sulphide (10-5-17) (14-8-17) (12-1-19).

APPENDIX No. 1.

(General Licences for exports.)

The Director of the War Trade Department announces that an open general licence has been issued permitting the exportation of the following goods to all destinations except Foreign destinations in Europe, etc., as defined in section O of the prohibited list. There is no necessity, therefore, to apply for licences for the export of these goods to the destinations in question.

Adhesives containing not more than 25 per cent starch, or other cereal substances.
Advertising signs made of iron or steel plates or sheets.
Artists' water colours.
Blackplates.
Boilers and their component parts.
Boot polish.
Cement for building and engineering purposes.
Elliman's embrocation.
Fish, canned, other than canned salmon.
Fish pastes other than fish pastes containing salmon.
Floorcloth containing jute
Floor polishes, furniture polishes, and creams, and similar polishes containing wax
Fuel economisers constructed of cast-iron pipes, used as auxiliary heating apparatus in connection with land or marine steam boilers
Glue.
Gum, liquid office, being a solution of gum arabic in water.
Guttering, cast iron, and cast-iron gutter fittings and connections.
Hats, wooden.
Iron and steel bridgework, pierwork and structural material (i.e., "fabricated" material).
Kava kava resin.
Lead manufacture, the following :—
Metallic packing containing lead, printing type, coffin furniture, carriage furniture, lead capsules, lead seals, lead toys, lead weights for dressmaking.
Mango chutney, tomato chutney, and tomato ketchup.
Marmite
Metal polishes.
Mixtures and preparations containing not more than 10 per cent aniline colour, not otherwise prohibited
Mixtures containing lead compounds not exceeding 20 per cent metallic lead.
Oilcloth, oil baize, and imitation leather.
Oil varnish
Paint, other than gold paint.
Phanalgin.
Pipes, cast-iron, and cast-iron pipe fittings and connections.
Radiators manufactured of cast-iron pipes.
Railway carriages, locomotives and wagons and their component parts
Scammony resin.
Steel sheets, perforated.
Strapping, leather, for breeches.
Tersplates.
Tinplates.
Varnishes of all kinds.
Zinc manufactures; the following :—
Zinc buttons and zinc stencils.

APPENDIX No. 2.

(List of Free Goods.)

The War Trade Department has now issued an open general licence which permits the export of the following goods to all non-enemy destinations except Switzerland (for which see Appendix No. 3). It is therefore unnecessary to make application to the War Trade Department in respect of these goods.

Adding and calculating machines.
Alabaster for statuary purposes.
Athletic goods.
Bicycles, but not tyres
Bicycle accessories as follows:—
Bells.
Brake rubbers
Carriers.
Clips, trouser, toe.
Goggles.
Frame bags.
Lamps.
Oil cans.
Pumps.
Pump clips and connections.
Reflectors.
Repair outfits.
Spanners.
Stands.
Tool bags.
Tyre levers.
Valves.
Brushes, tooth, beard and moustache.
Buttons of all kinds.
Cash registers.
Cigar and cigarette holders
China.
China clay.
Clocks, including clocks for time-checking.
Coral.
Cutlery; all forms.
Dental burs.
Dental filling materials.
Drugs, etc., the following:—
Agaric.
Althæa root.
Amadel and substitutes
Argentamin.
Arsenobillon.
Arsenous acid.
Cacodylate.
Chromic acid.
Diethylbarbituric acid.
Duboisin sulphuric.
Eucaine.
Ichthyol.
Inula root.
Kharaya.
Hetol.
Paraldehyde.
Phenacetin.
Salicylic acid.
Saltcake (subject to special conditions).
Sodium arsenate.
Sodium salicylate.
Veronal sodium
Duplicating machinery and supplies therefor.
Earthenware
Electro-plated, gilded, or silvered goods, except those of solid silver or gold.
Fans and hand screens.
Fancy goods of paper, ivory, mother-of-pearl, tortoiseshell, amber and amberoid.
Feathers, made up.
Films, printed, positive or negative, subject to censorship.
Flower seeds, except seeds of nut-bearing plants.
Flowers, artificial.
Fountain pens.
Furs, dressed, dyed or manufactured.
Gauge glasses.
Glassware.
Hair ornaments and combs.
Hair nets of silk or hair.
Hardware (builders'), if of iron or steel.
Hats of all kinds.
Household furnishings, fixtures and equipment, if manufactured of wood, iron or steel, except upholstered furniture.
Ink, other than printers' ink.
Jewellery, imitation.
Jewellery, real, mounted with precious stones, excluding solid articles of gold or silver.
Laces and guipure.
Laundry machinery.
Ledgers, loose leaf and similar stationery.
Lighting fixtures, if of iron or steel.
Marble, raw and manufactured
Mats and matting made of grasses and pavieru.
Mineral waters, unsweetened.
Morocco leather, small fancy goods and all imitation leather goods.
Mosaic fancy ware.
Musical instruments.
Office furniture and stationery, excluding rubber erasers.
Opera glasses for use in theatres.
Paintings and pictures of all kinds.
Pen nibs.
Perfumery including essential oils.
Phonographs.
Phonographic records
Photographic goods, but not chemicals therefor.
Pianos.
Precious stones (real and imitation).
Printing presses.
Pumice stone
Razors, safety (and blades).
Ribbons, silk.
Silk, table.
Sanitary ware (plumbers' goods), if of iron or steel or earthenware, containing not more than 5 per cent copper or brass.
Scales and balances, not including weights of copper or brass.
Screw spanners for cycles.
Sewing machines for domestic use.
Shrubs.
Slates for writing or drawing, slate pencils.
Spectacles.
Theatrical properties, wigs and cosmetics, excluding costumes and footwear.
Teeth, artificial
Tobacco pipes.
Toilet preparations (excluding soap).
Trimmings of silk.
Truffles, fresh or preserved
Turners' wares of wood
Type setting and type casting machinery, excluding type metal.
Umbrellas.
Wall papers.
Walking sticks.

APPENDIX No. 2.

(Exports to Switzerland.)

1. The Director of the War Trade Department announces that an open general licence has been issued permitting the export to Switzerland of the goods which are specified in the first part of the schedule hereto.

Applications for specific licences in respect of these goods are not now required, and it is not necessary for any of them to be consigned to the Societe Suisse de Surveillance Economique

FIRST PART.

Adding and calculating machines.
Alabaster for statuary purposes.
Bicycles, but not tyres.
Spanners.
Buttons of all kinds.
Celluloid wares.
China clay.
Dental burs.
Dental filling materials.
Drugs, etc., the following :—
Arsenobillon.
Arsenous acid.
Cacodylates.
Chromic acid.
Eucaine.
Paraldehyde.
Phenacetin.
Salicylic acid.
Sodium arsenate.
Duplicating machinery and supplies therefor.
Electro-plated, gilded or silvered goods, except those of solid silver or gold.
Feathers, made up.
Films, printed, positive or negative.
Flower seeds, except seeds of oil-bearing plants.
Furs, dressed, dyed or manufactured.
Hair nets, of silk or hair.
Hats of all kinds.
Jewellery, imitation.
Laces and guipure.
Laundry machinery.
Marble, raw and manufactured.
Morocco leather, small fancy goods, and all imitation leather goods.
Phonographic records.
Photographic goods, but not chemicals therefor.
Printing presses.
Ribbons, silk.
Screw spanners for cycles.
Sewing machines for domestic use.
Spectacles.
Trimmings of silk.
Type-setting and type-casting machinery excluding type metal

2. In the case of the goods specified in the second part of the schedule hereto, licenses are still required, but consignment to the S.S.S. and production of S.S.S. certificates are not necessary.

SECOND PART.

Aconite preparations and alkaloids.
Amidopyrine.
Betanaphthol.
Essential oils.
Fructus foeniculi.
Hydrobromic acid.
Liqueurs.
Nitrate of silver.
Opium, preparations and alkaloids.
Sodium bromide.
Sodium nitroprusside.
Typewriters.
Wines.

SAMPLES.

3. Arrangements have been made for certificates to be issued by Chambers of Commerce in respect of the export of samples of goods to Switzerland. This notification takes the place of paragraph 7 of the notice which appeared on pages 624–6 of the "Board of Trade Journal," of the 14th November 1918.

[NOTE.—The notice referred to above was entitled "Export of Samples of Prohibited Goods" and described the arrangements which had been made to facilitate their export without Privy Council Licence. The paragraph 7 which has now been superseded ran as follows:—"These arrangements do not apply to the export of samples destined for Switzerland, and Privy Council licences must be obtained for all samples which are to be despatched to that country otherwise than by the sample post."]

Supplement to the list of prohibited goods of the 23rd January 1919.

The list of prohibited goods, dated the 23rd January 1919, has been further amended by notice published in the "Board of Trade Journal" of the 30th January, as follows :—

The following headings should be deleted *:—

HEADING.

(A) Anchors.
(A) Aneroids suitable for aircraft.
(A) Arrowroot.
(A) Banana meal and banana flour and preparations containing banana meal and banana flour.
(A) Barometers and their component parts.
(A) Biscuits.
(A) Cables, chain.
(A) Cakes
(A) Caramel, liquid or solid.
(A) Casings, hog.
(A) Cassava powder
(A) Celluloid.
(A) "Cellulaid" sheet, non-inflammable, and similar transparent material non-soluble in lubricating oil, petrol or water.
(B) Coir yarn.
(A) Condiments (except table salt) not otherwise specifically prohibited.
(A) Cornflour.
(A) Corn grits.
(A) Dextrine and all articles and mixtures and preparations containing dextrine.
(A) Farina.
(A) Ginger, crystallised or preserved.
(A) Hominy.
(A) Horns, ox and sow.
(B) Lasts, wooden.
(A) Mandioca.
(A) Meat, extract of.
(A) Milk sugar (lactose).
(A) Needles for bootmaking machines.
(B) Palladium and its alloys and manufactures containing palladium.
(A) Pickled onions and pickled walnuts.
(A) Potato flour.

* These headings now come under List "C." See, however, List of Free Goods contained in the List of Prohibited Goods

(A) Saccharin, and articles, mixtures and preparations containing saccharin.
(A) Sago and sago flour and meal.
(B) Silk bolting cloth
(A) Soap, including soft soap.
(A) Soups, compressed and desiccated.
(A) Spelter and spelter dross.
Spices, the following :—
(B) Cloves.
(B) Ginger.
(B) Pepper, black, Indian and Ceylon.
(B) Pepper, white.
(A) Starch, articles containing starch and mixtures, and preparations of starch.
(A) Stellite and similar alloys.
(A) Tapioca and tapioca flour.
(B) Vanadium.
(A) Vanadium ore.
(B) Vanillin.
(B) Vegetables, dried, preserved, canned or bottled, except pickles.
(A) Wine.
(B) Wolfenite.
(A) Zinc, alloys of zinc, manufactures of zinc and zinc dust.
(A) Zinc ashes.
(B) Zinc ore
(A) Zinc sulphide.

The following headings should be amended :—

Delete :—

(A) Cereals, prepared foods derived wholly or partly from.

(A) Glucose and articles, mixtures and preparations containing glucose.

(A) Meat of all kinds (including tinned and potted meat).

(A) Tin-plates, and gas meters, and component parts thereof, made wholly or partly of tin-plate.

(A) Wire, card.
(A) Wire, heald.
(A) Wire, reed.
(A) Wire rods, and wire of iron or steel.
(A) Wire netting of iron or steel.
(A) Wire rope of iron or steel.

Substitute :—

(A) Cereals, prepared foods derived wholly or partly from, containing milk.
(Cereals, prepared foods derived wholly or partly from, except such as contain milk, now come under List "C.")
(A) Glucose.
(Articles, mixtures and preparations containing glucose not otherwise prohibited now come under List "C.")
(A) Meat of all kinds except tinned, potted and turtle meat.
(B) Meat, tinned, potted or turtle.
(A) Tin-plates.
(Gas meters and component parts thereof, made wholly or partly of tin-plate, now come under List "C.")
(B) Wire, card.
(B) Wire, heald.
(B) Wire, reed.
(A) Wire rods.
(B) Wire of iron or steel.
(B) Wire netting of iron or steel.
(B) Wire rope of iron or steel.

WAR TRADE DEPARTMENT, WESTMINSTER,
31*st January* 1919.

Fort St. George, April 1, 1919.

No. 100.—The following notifications of the Government of India are republished :—

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

COMMERCE—WAR.

The 5th March 1919.

No. 2170-D.—The following extracts from the Board of Trade Journals, dated the 23rd and 30th January 1919, are published for general information :—

GOVERNMENT NOTICES AFFECTING TRADE.

Export and Import notices.

Import Prohibitions.

* * * * * *

The following General Licences will be continued till 1st July :—

Aerated mineral and table waters (unsweetened).
Almonds.
Apples.
Art, works of.
Bananas.
Bladders, casings and sausage skins.
Cocoa (raw).
Coffee.
Fruit, canned, bottled or preserved, from all sources.
Gum, copal.
Gum, kauri.
Horns and hoofs.
Ivory (vegetable).
Nuts
Onions.
Sugarcane.
Timber, dunnage, used as temporary ships' fittings and not entered on Bills of Lading.
Tobacco (unmanufactured and manufactured), including cigars and cigarettes.
Wood flour.

The following additional General Licenses are being issued and will also be valid till 1st July :—

Cassia lignea.	Rum,
Hides, wet and dry.	Goat and sheep skins, tanned.
Marble.	Sheep and lamb skins, dressed.
Pimento.	

Raw hides : General Import license

The Board of Trade have issued a General License to the Customs Authorities, with effect from 1st February until further notice, for the admission of raw hides of all descriptions and weights. The issue of this general license, which will remain in force indefinitely, is equivalent to the entire removal of the prohibition on the importation of raw hides, which will therefore be allowed admission as from 1st February without license. All hides arriving before 1st February will be licensed.

In connexion with the removal of restrictions on import, the Secretary of the War Office announces the cancellation of the Imported Hides (Control) Notice, 1916, and the Imported Hides (Dealings) Order, 1916, by which the Army Council took possession of and restricted dealings in certain descriptions of imported Ox, Cow and Bull Hides.

General licenses issued

The Director of the War Trade Department announces that an open general license has been issued permitting the exportation of the undermentioned goods to all destinations except European or Asiatic Russia, and other foreign destinations in Europe or on the Mediterranean Sea (other than France and French Possessions, Italy and Italian Possessions, Belgium, Portugal, Spain, Greece, Morocco Palestine, and Syria as far north as a line from Alexandretta to Aleppo inclusive, and as far east as the Hejaz railway inclusive) :—

Fish, canned, other than canned salmon.	Floor polishes, furniture polishes and creams, and similar polishes containing wax.
Fish pastes, other than fish pastes containing salmon.	Metal polishes.
Marmite.	Paint, other than gold paint.
Kava kava resin.	"Phosto" animal food.
Scammony resin	Blended oils containing not less than 50 per cent mineral oil.
Varnishes of all kinds	

Applications to the War Trade Department will in future not be required in respect of any of these goods when it is desired to export them to destinations other than those specified.

INDUSTRIES.

The 9th March 1919.

No. 2085-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4, sub-section (3), of the Indian Tea Cess Act, 1903 (IX of 1903), the Governor-General in Council is pleased, on the recommendation of the Madras Chamber of Commerce, to appoint Mr. C. E. Wood of Messrs. Parry and Company, Madras, to fill the vacancy created on the Indian Tea Cess Committee by the resignation of Mr. J. C. Armstrong.

SHIPPING PERMITS.

The 9th March 1919.

No. 2213-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following additions and alterations shall be made in the schedule appended to the Notification in this Department No. 502-D., dated the 18th January 1919, as subsequently amended, viz. :—

ADDITIONS.

Arendorff, Anker, Shanghai.	Uchida Trading Company, Limited, Shanghai and Hankow.
Asiatic Commercial Company, Shanghai.	Yebara and Company, Shanghai.
Darling, Joseph B	Yih Chong and Company, Shanghai.
Fox Film Corporation.	
Shibazawa and Company, Limited, Shangai.	

ALTERATIONS.

Shahmeen, E. E., Shanghai,	Saumann, Paul and Company (Manchester) (Bern, S. J., Representative), Swatow,
Shahmeen, S. E., Shanghai, *should read*	*should read*
Shahmeen, E. E. and S. E.	Saumann, Paul and Company (Manchester) (Bern, S. J., Representative), Shanghai.

REMOVAL.

Washin and Company, Shanghai.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Commerce—War.

Fathi, the 15th March 1919

No. 2378-D.—The following extract from the Board of Trade Journal, dated the 6th February 1919, is published for general information :—

GOVERNMENT NOTICES AFFECTING TRADE.

Relaxation of export prohibitions

The Board of Trade announces that the following relaxation of the existing prohibitions of export will be brought into force as from to day. Further relaxations will be announced in subsequent issues of the "Journal."

A. EXPORT PROHIBITIONS

The following is a list of the articles affected and of the changes made in the nature of the prohibitions applicable to each. In explanation of the changes it should be noted that goods on List A are prohibited to all destinations, and goods on List B to all destinations outside the British Empire, while goods on List C are prohibited only to countries neighbouring enemy countries.

It will of course be understood that the existing position regarding trading with enemy countries is in no way affected by these modifications.

[NOTE.—Attention is called to the fact that, by the Proclamation of the 1st October 1918, *all goods*, whether mentioned by name or not (except printed matter and accompanied personal effects), are prohibited on List C.]

HEADINGS TRANSFERRED FROM ONE LIST TO ANOTHER.

Heading	From	To
Aerated or mineral waters	A	C
Boots and shoes (children's), with soles or uppers of leather	A	C
Indium and its alloys and manufactures containing indium	B	C
Jute yarns	A	C
* Hair, animal, and tops noils, mixture waste and yarns thereof	A	C
Liquid alloys of tin	A	C
Tin ore	A	C
Chemicals.		
Cream of tartar	A	C
Phosgene (carbonyl chloride)	A	C
† Tin, compounds of, except chlorides and oxide of tin	B	C
Tin, oxide of	A	C

HEADINGS ALTERED.

Table	*Substitute*
(A) Barley, barley meal, and pearled and pot barley	(A) Barley and barley meal. (C) Pearled and pot barley.
(A) Spirits, potable, of a strength less than 42 deg. above proof.	(A) Spirits, potable, of a strength less than 42 deg. above proof, except gin.
	(C) Gin.
(A) Tea, including tea waste, sweepings, dust and fluff, whether denatured or not.	(A) Tea other than green tea, including tea waste, sweepings, dust and fluff, whether denatured or not. (C) Tea, green.
(A) Telegraphs (including wireless) and telephones, and instruments and material for, including valves for W. T. apparatus	(A) Telegraphs and telephones, wireless, and instruments and material for W. T. apparatus, including valves (C) Telegraphs and telephones other than wireless, and instruments and material for such telegraphs or telephones.

INTERNAL TRADE

The 15th March 1919.

No. 2385-D.—*Corrigendum*.—In the Notification of the Government of India in this Department No. 2003 D., dated the 1st March 1919, *for* the words "17th February 1919" *read* "18th February 1919".

SUSPECT FIRMS.

The 15th March 1919.

No. 2295 D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1918 (XI of 1918), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following additions and alterations shall be made in the schedule appended to the notification in this Department No. 619-D., dated the 25th January 1919, as subsequently amended, viz.—

* [This prohibition relates only to such commodities as horse hair, cattle hair, rabbit fur, etc., which are not strictly speaking textile hairs. It does not include such substitutes for wool as mohair, alpaca, cashmere, camel hair, etc., which remain on List A.]

† Chlorides of tin are already on List C.

ADDITIONS.

Mexico.

Salazar, Vinda de S., Melilla.

Netherlands.

"Farnham" N/V., Scheepsbouw Maatschappij Gebrs. Niestern (*see under* Niestern Gebrs.)
Hollandia Peter Ijenfabriek, Hermanusstraat 35A, Rotterdam.
Niestern Gebroeders N/V., Scheepsbouw Maatschappij "Farnham," Farnham, Delfzijl.
Petroleum Handel Maatschappij, De Ruijterkade 128, Amsterdam.
Wagenborg, Egbert, Weterstraat, Delfzijl.

Netherland East Indies.

Djokjakarta Handelsmaatschappij, Djokja karta, Java.

Spain.

Berthold, Ricardo, Calle Ceallo 183, Barcelona.
Legler, Hermann (of Numax S/A.), Barcelona.
Mossenus, Otto, Hotel Malaga, Madrid; and Pontanella 10, Barcelona; also at Alcala and Henares.
Ohliger, Ernest (of Numax S/A.), Calle Alcoy 18, Barcelona.
Streichardt, Otto (of Numax S/A.), Barcelona.

REMOVALS.

Mexico.

Bach, S., Mexico City.
Gutan, Juan, Mexico City.
Hess, Edward, Tepijulapa.

Morocco.

Abitbol, Moses, & Sons (Abitbol, Joseph M., Samuel M., Rafael M.), Larache.

Netherlands.

Kruthoffer Dall, Veerkade 8, Rotterdam.

Netherland East Indies.

Begoor, Koninklijke Utrechtsche Fabriek van Juwelen, Zilverwerken en Penningen, van C. J., Semarang.
Penjan, Manassar.

Peru.

Said e Hijos, Arequipa.

Spain.

Pedret Garriga, J., Corte 702, Barcelona.
Penas, Hijos de Francisco de las Almeda de Colon 26, Malaga.
Ramos & Murtilla, Malaga.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

REWARDS.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE

Delhi, the 14th March 1919.

No. 552.—His Excellency the Governor-General of India has been pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon the undermentioned officer :—

Captain Charles Patrick Molloy, 2-32nd Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway Rifles.

Fort St. George, March 28, 1919.

No. 107.—The following order of the Government of India is published in continuation of the vesting order published with notification No. 49, dated 4th September 1918, at page 951 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 13th September 1918 :—

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Delhi, the 20th March 1919.

ORDER.

No. 2828 D.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 7 of the Enemy Trading Act, 1916 (X of 1916), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that order No. 8356, dated the 19th August 1914, be cancelled so far as it relates to the ten shares in the Bangalore Woollen, Cotton and Silk Mills Company, Limited, held by Mr. Carl Friedrich Albert Brill.

Fort St. George, March 26, 1919.

No. 108.—The Governor in Council hereby declares, under the provisions of section 24 of the Madras Forest Act V of 1882, that the area specified below, which in Notification No. 229, dated 26th November 1884, published in page 761, Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 25th November 1884, was declared to be reserved forest under section 16 of the Act, shall cease to be a reserved forest with effect from 1st June 1919 :—

Name of reserve or portion of reserve to be disforested.	District.	Taluk.	Village.	Extent.
Upparapalli plantation ..	Cuddapah	Rajampet	Settiguntа ..	Acs. 103.

Boundary description.—*Vide* Notification No. 229, dated 26th November 1884, published in page 761 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 25th November 1884.

Brief description.—The growth consists of a few Red-sanders, Pterocarpus marsupium, sandalwood saplings, Albizzia odoratissima, Albizzia amara, Terminalia belerica and other miscellaneous trees of no importance.

Reasons for disforestation.—It is not possible to protect the plantation rigidly, as it is surrounded by villages and is situated along the Madras trunk road.

ACQUISITION OF LAND.

Fort St. George, March 26, 1919.

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 0·30 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the extension of Forest Range Officer's compound at Narasapatam; and, under sections 8 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Narasapatam, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Narasapatam, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Vizagapatam District, Golgonda taluk, Narasapatam village.

	Acre.
Government jirayati, dry, S. No. 142-A 6, belonging to Rev. Angus Stewart, Woodburne Missionary, Canadian Baptist Mission, Narasapatam, bounded on the north and east by No. 137-A/1; south by No. 138, west by No. 140	0·30

A. Y. G. CAMPBELL,
Acting Secretary to Government.

(Marine.)

NOTIFICATION.

Fort St. George, April 1, 1919.

No. 29.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished :—

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 7th March 1919.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 26.—In supersession of the promotions of the Royal Indian Marine Officers of the Executive Branch notified in Marine Department Notification No. 80, dated the 29th June 1917, and Notifications No. 52, dated the 31st August 1917, No. 64, dated the 28th September 1917, No. 18, dated the 28th March 1918 and No. 98, dated the 10th May 1918, the following promotions are made in the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the dates specified :—

* * * * * * *

Vice *Captain C. W. Stearns, R.I.M., (Retired,) with effect from the 25th August 1917* :—

(To be Captain.)

Commander A. S. Balfour, R.I.M.

A. Y. G. CAMPBELL,
Acting Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

POSTING.

Fort St. George, March 27, 1919.

M.S.Ry. Pugalpaty Venkataswami Mankkam Nayakar Avargal, B.E., Executive Engineer, is permitted to return to duty before the expiry of his leave and posted for the charge of the Tank Restoration Scheme division, IV Circle.

TRANSFER.

M.S.Ry. Salamancheri Krishnaswami Ayyar Avargal, B.E., Executive Engineer, from the Tank Restoration Scheme division, IV Circle, to the I Circle for the charge of the Godavari Conservancy division. To proceed expeditiously on relief by M.S.Ry. Mankkam Nayakar.

W. J. J. ROWLEY,
Acting Secy. to Govt., P.W.D. (General and Irrigation).

NOTIFICATIONS

Fort St. George, March 25, 1919.

Erratum to the notification published at page 1116, Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 22nd October 1918, for the acquisition of land in Aburvida and Kuppanapudi villages, Bhimavaram taluk, required for the construction of a field channel.

In line 4 of the notification *for* "S. No. 57-1 B" *read* "S. No. 15-1 B".

F. E. MORGAN,
Under Secy. to Govt., P.W.D. (Irrigation).

Fort St. George, March 25, 1919.

The notification, dated 19th November 1918, published in page 1200 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 26th November 1918, authorizing Mr. S. S. Elliott, Executive Engineer of the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, and carry out survey work for laying a railway line from Madavaram to Chetput, is hereby cancelled.

Fort St. George, April 1, 1919.

The following notifications of the Government of India are republished :—

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

Delhi, the 20th February 1919.

No. 120 T.—1—18.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 801, dated the 24th March 1905, and in pursuance of section 84 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), the Railway Board direct that the following rules shall be substituted for the rules contained in Enclosure No. 1 to the Government of India Circular No. 111-Railway of 1903 published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Public Works Department No. 61, dated the 7th March 1903, as subsequently amended, namely :—

Notice.

1. The matters mentioned in section 83 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), shall contain the following particulars, namely :—

- mileage, or station or both, at which the accident occurred ;
- time and date of the accident ;
- number and description of the train or trains ;
- nature of the accident ;
- number of people killed or injured, as far as known ;
- cause of the accident, as far as known ;
- probable detention to traffic.

2. When any accident such as is described in section 83 of the Indian Railway Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), occurs in the course of working a railway, the Stationmaster nearest to the place at which the accident has occurred, or where there is no Stationmaster, the railway servant in charge of the section of the railway on which the accident has occurred, shall give notice of the accident by telegraph to the Magistrate of the district in which the accident has occurred and to the officer-in-charge of the police-station within the local limits of which it has occurred.

NOTE.—For purposes of this rule accidents of a description usually attended with loss of human life are meant to include all accidents to passenger trains such, for example, as slight collisions, derailments, cases of running over obstructions placed on the line, of passengers falling out of trains or of broken trains, in which serious loss of life, or grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or serious injury to property has actually occurred but which by the nature of the accident might reasonably have been expected to occur; also cases of landslides, or of breaches by rain or flood, which cause the net stoppage of any important through line of communication for at least 24 hours.

Duties of railway servants.

3. Every railway servant shall report, with as little delay as possible, every accident occurring in the course of working the railway on which he is employed which may come to his notice. Such reports shall be made to the nearest Stationmaster, or, where there is no Stationmaster, to the railway servant in charge of the section of the railway on which the accident has occurred.

4. (1) Whenever an accident, such as is described in section 83 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), has occurred in the course of working a railway, the Agent or Manager shall cause an enquiry to be promptly made by a committee of railway officers (to be called a "joint enquiry") for the thorough investigation of the causes which led to the accident ;—

Provided that such enquiry may be dispensed with—

(a) if the accident has not been attended with loss of human life, or with grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or with serious injury to property ; or

(b) if there is no reasonable doubt as to the cause of the accident ; or

(c) if one department of the railway intimates that it accepts all responsibility in the matter.

(2) Where such enquiry is dispensed with, it shall be the duty of the head of the department of the railway responsible for the accident to make such enquiry (to be called a "departmental enquiry") as he may consider necessary, and if his staff or the system of working is at fault, to adopt or suggest such measures as he may consider expedient for preventing a recurrence of similar accidents.

5. (1) Whenever a joint enquiry is to be made, the Agent or Manager shall cause notice of the date and hour at which the enquiry will commence to be given to the following officers, namely :—

(a) the Magistrate of the district in which the accident occurred, or such other officer as the Local Government may appoint in this behalf ;

(b) the Government Inspector appointed under section 4, sub-section (1) of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), for the section of the railway on which the accident occurred ; and

(c) the officer-in-charge of the railway police, or if there are no railway police, the officer in charge of the police station in the jurisdiction of which the accident occurred.

(2) The date and hour at which the enquiry will commence shall be fixed so as to give the officers mentioned in sub-rule (1) sufficient time to reach the place where the enquiry is to be held.

6. (1) As soon as any joint or departmental enquiry has been completed, the President of the Committee or the head of the department, as the case may be, shall send to the Agent or Manager a report, which in the case of all accidents of the nature described in explanation 1 to rule 21 [sub-rule (1)] must be submitted in the form prescribed by rule 23 (1).

(2) The Agent or Manager shall forward, with his remarks as to the action it is intended to take in regard to the staff responsible for the accident, or for the revision of the rules or the system of working, a copy of such report—

(a) to the official mentioned in rule 5, sub-rule (1), clause (b) ; and

(5) If no enquiry or investigation has been made under rule 18, or if a joint or departmental enquiry has been held first to the Magistrate or officer appointed under rule 8, sub-rule (1), clause (a), and

(6) If any judicial enquiry is being made, to the Magistrate making such enquiry.

(3) Such copy shall be accompanied in the case referred to in clause (5) of sub-rule (2) by a statement of the persons, if any, whom the Agent or Manager desires to prosecute, and in the case referred to in the clause (6) of the same sub-rule, by a copy of the evidence taken at the enquiry.

(4) Whenever the Agent or Manager receives a copy of the Government Inspector's report under rule 23, he shall at once acknowledge its receipt. If he differs from the views expressed in the report, he shall at the same time submit his remarks thereon, or, if he is not immediately able to do so, he shall in his acknowledgment of the report inform the Government Inspector of his intention to submit his remarks later.

(5) Whenever the report of the Government Inspector points to the necessity for or suggests a change in any of the rules or in the system of working, the Agent or Manager shall, when acknowledging the report, intimate the action which has been taken, or which it is proposed to take, to prevent a recurrence of similar accidents, or shall inform the Government Inspector of his intention to report further on the Government Inspector's proposals.

7. (1) Whenever any accident has occurred in the course of working a railway, the Agent or Manager shall give all reasonable aid to the District Magistrate or the Magistrate appointed or deputed under rule 18, and to the Government Inspector, Medical Officers, the police, and others concerned, to enable them promptly to reach the scene of the accident, and shall assist those authorities in making enquiries and in obtaining evidence as to the cause of the accident.

(2) When any enquiry under rule 18, or any judicial enquiry is being made, the Agent or Manager shall arrange for the attendance, so long as may be necessary, at the office or place of enquiry, of all railway servants whose evidence is likely to be required.

8. Whenever any accident occurring in the course of working a railway has been attended with grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code, it shall be the duty of the Agent or Manager to afford medical aid to the sufferers, and to see that they are properly and carefully attended to till removed to their homes or handed over to the care of their relatives or friends. In any such case, or any case in which any loss of human life or grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code has occurred, the nearest local medical officer should be communicated with if he is nearer than any railway medical officer.

Duties of Police Officers.

9. (1) The railway police may make an investigation into the causes which led to any accident occurring in the course of working a railway and shall do so—

(a) whenever any such accident is attended with loss of human life, or with grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or with serious injury to property, or has *prima facie* been due to any criminal act or omission; or

(b) whenever the District Magistrate or the Magistrate appointed under rule 18 has given a direction under clause (c) of that rule.

Provided that no such investigation shall be made when an enquiry has been commenced or ordered under rule 18, clause (a) or clause (6).

(2) The railway police shall report, with as little delay as possible, to the nearest Stationmaster or, where, there is no Stationmaster, to the railway servant in charge of the section of the railway on which the accident has occurred, every accident which may come to their notice occurring in the course of working a railway attended with loss of human life, or with grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or with serious injury to property, or which has *prima facie* been due to any criminal act or omission.

10. (1) Whenever an investigation is to be made by the railway police—

(a) in a case in which an accident is attended with loss of human life, or with grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or with serious injury to property; or

(b) in pursuance of a direction given under rule 18, clause (c),

the investigation shall be conducted by the officer-in-charge of the railway police, or if that officer should be unable to conduct the investigation himself, then by an officer to be deputed by him.

(2) An officer deputed under sub-rule (1) shall ordinarily be an Assistant Superintendent of Police, but if in any case it should be found impracticable to depute an officer of that grade, an Inspector of Police may be deputed in case of collisions between trains of which one is a train carrying passengers, or of derailment of any train carrying passengers, or of any part of such a train, and an officer in charge of a police-station in case of accidents attended with loss of human life, or with grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or with serious injury to property.

11. The officer who is to conduct an investigation in pursuance of rule 10 shall proceed without delay to the scene of the accident and conduct the investigation there, and shall at once advise the Agent or Manager of the railway and the Traffic Officer of the district by telegraph of the date and hour at which the investigation will commence so that, if possible, the presence of a railway official may be arranged for to watch the proceedings and to aid the officer making the investigation. The absence of a railway official must not, however, be allowed to delay the investigation which should be made as soon as possible after the accident has taken place.

12. (1) In every case to which rule 10 applies, immediate information shall be given by the railway police to the district police, who, if so required, shall afford all necessary assistance, and shall, if occasion arise, carry the investigation beyond the limits of the railway premises. But the railway police are primarily entrusted with the duty of carrying on the investigation within such limits.

(2) Subject to any provisions elsewhere contained in these rules, the further prosecution of the case, on the conclusion of the police investigations, shall rest with the rails ay police.

13. The result of every police investigation shall be reported at once to the Magistrate of the district, or other officer appointed in this behalf by the Local Government, and to the Agent or Manager of the railway or other officer appointed by him.

14. Where there are no railway police, the duties imposed by rules 9, 10 and 11, rule 12, sub-rule (2), and rule 13 on the railway police, or on the officer in-charge of the railway police shall be discharged by the district police or by the District Superintendent of Police, as the case may be.

Duties of Magistrates.

15. Whenever an accident, such as is described in section 83 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), has occurred in the course of working a railway, the District Magistrate, or any other Magistrate who may be appointed in this behalf by the Local Government, may either—

(a) himself make an enquiry into the causes which led to the accident; or

(b) depute a subordinate Magistrate, who, if possible, should be a Magistrate of the first class, to make such an enquiry; or

(c) direct an investigation into the causes which led to the accident to be made by the police.

16. Whenever it is decided to make an enquiry under rule 15, clause (a) or clause (b), the District Magistrate or other Magistrate appointed as aforesaid or the Magistrate deputed under rule 15, clause (b), as the case may be, shall proceed to the scene of the accident and conduct the enquiry there, and shall at once advise the Agent or Manager of the railway and the Government Inspector by telegraph of the date and hour at which the enquiry will commence, so as to enable the railway administration to summon the requisite expert evidence.

17. A Magistrate making an enquiry under rule 15 may summon any railway servant and any other person whose presence he may think necessary, and, after taking the evidence and completing the enquiry, shall, if he considers there are sufficient grounds for a judicial enquiry, take the requisite steps for bringing to trial any person whom he may consider to be criminally liable for the accident. Whenever technical points are involved, the Magistrate should call for and take the opinion of the Government Inspector or other professional persons.

18. The result of every enquiry made under rule 15 shall be communicated by the Magistrate to the Agent or Manager of the railway and to the Government Inspector.

19. If, in the course of any judicial enquiry into an accident occurring in the course of working a railway, the Magistrate desires the assistance of the Government Inspector or of the Agent or Manager of the railway, or the attendance of any officer of the railway, to explain any matter relating to railway supervision, management or working, he will issue a requisition to such officer to attend the court, stating at the same time the nature of the assistance required. In summoning railway servants, the Magistrate will take care not to summon so large a number of the employés, specially of one class, on the same day, as to cause inconvenience to the working of the railway. In the case of very serious accidents it will generally be advisable for the Magistrate to receive either the evidence of, or a report from, both the Government Inspector and the Agent or Manager of the railway in regard to the accident before finally concluding the judicial enquiry.

20. On the conclusion of any such judicial enquiry the Magistrate shall send a copy of his decision to the Agent or Manager of the railway, and shall, unless in any case he thinks it unnecessary to do so, report the result of the enquiry to the Local Government.

Duties of the Government Inspector appointed under section 6, sub-section (1), of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890).

21. (1) Whenever the Government Inspector receives notice under section 83 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), of the occurrence of an accident which he considers of a sufficiently serious nature to justify such a course, he shall report the occurrence direct to the Government of India by telegraph.

(2) Every such report shall contain the particulars prescribed by rule 1.

Explanation 1.—For the purposes of this rule every accident to a train (whether carrying passengers or not) which is attended with loss of human life or with grievous hurt as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or with serious injury to property, which is roughly estimated to cost say Rs. 5,000 or over, also every accident, such as a landslide, breach by rain or flood, derailment, etc., which causes the interruption of any important through line of communication for at least 24 hours, shall be deemed to be an accident of a "sufficiently serious nature."

Explanation 2.—When a serious accident occurs at a station where the charges of two or more Government Inspectors meet, the duty of complying with rule 21 (1) shall devolve on the Government Inspector within whose jurisdiction the railway working the station lies.

22. (1) The Government Inspector shall, whenever he receives notice as aforesaid of an accident which he considers serious enough to warrant an enquiry or investigation being made under any of these rules, proceed to the scene of the accident to note the facts and to enquire generally into the causes which led to the accident. If the Government Inspector, after reporting to the Government of India the occurrence of an accident in accordance with rule 21, decides that an enquiry or investigation by himself is not necessary, he shall in every such case advise the Government of India accordingly by letter.

(2) Whenever an enquiry under sub-rule (1) is made by the Government Inspector, he shall, if practicable, be present at the joint enquiry (if any) made under rule 4, sub-rule (1).

23. Whenever the Government Inspector has made an enquiry under rule 22, sub-rule (1), or when he disagrees with, or considers it necessary expressly to criticise the report of the joint or departmental enquiry or the working of the railway, he shall submit a report in writing, through the Senior Government Inspector, to the Local Government or Administration controlling the railway and to the Government of India, or in the case of a railway which is directly administered by the State, to the Government of India only; and shall forward a copy of such report to the Agent or Manager of the railway concerned, and, if a magisterial enquiry has been made, to the Magistrate who made such enquiry.

24. (1) In the case of all accidents of the nature described in explanation (1) to rule 21 [sub-rule (2)], the reports referred to in rule 6 and in rule 22, sub-rule (1), shall be submitted in the form adopted by the Inspecting Officers of the Board of Trade, and shall contain—

(1) a brief description of the accident;

(2) a description of the locality of the accident;

(3) a detailed statement of the evidence taken;

(4) the conclusions arrived at at the joint or departmental enquiry;

(5) an appendix stating the damage done;

(6) (when necessary) a sketch illustrative of the accident;

(7) in the case of the report submitted by the Government Inspector, the conclusion arrived at by him.

(2) Reports in connection with accidents which, although coming under section 83 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), are not accidents of the nature described in explanation 1 to rule 21 [sub-rule (2)], will be submitted to the Government of India only if, in the opinion of the Senior Government Inspector, they contain features of special importance or requiring special notice. When the Senior Government Inspector recommends the publication of such a report, it should be in the form adopted by the Inspecting Officers of the Board of Trade, when not recommended for publication, it may be in the form of a letter explaining, as briefly as possible, the special features which the Senior Government Inspector desires to bring to notice.

26. If the Agent or Manager makes any remarks on the Government Inspector's report under rule 6, sub-rules (4) and (5), or expresses an intention to do so, the Government Inspector shall inform the Government of India, and the Local Government or Administration controlling the railway, of the steps which have been or are proposed to be taken by the railway administration to prevent a recurrence of similar accidents, and whether, in his opinion, further action in the matter is desirable.

28. The Government Inspector shall, as far as possible, assist any Magistrate making an enquiry under rule 15 or a magisterial enquiry, whenever he may be called upon to do so.

27. Nothing in these rules shall be deemed to limit or otherwise affect the exercise of any of the powers conferred on Government Inspectors by section 3 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890).

No. 120-T.—2—18.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 801, dated the 24th March 1919, and in pursuance of section 55 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), the Railway Board direct that the following rules shall be substituted for the rules contained in Enclosure No. II to Government of India Circular No. III-Railway, of 1902, published with the notification of the Government of India in the Public Works Department No. 31, dated 7th March 1902, as subsequently amended, namely—

1. The returns shall be prepared in the forms hereto appended, marked, respectively, Tables Nos. 1 to 4. The returns shall be submitted not later than three weeks after the close of the year to which they relate. The returns, whether submitted in manuscript or in print, shall be set forth on one side of the paper only.

2. The returns shall comprise all accidents of the following classes, namely :—

(a) all cases of loss of, or injury to, life or limb, from causes connected with the working of railways;

(b) all cases of injury to the permanent-way, stock or works, whether attended or not by injury to life or limb;

(c) all accidents of any kind likely to have endangered life or limb, or to have caused serious loss of property; including cases of trains running over chains placed on the line, of persons falling out of trains who are not injured in any way, and of fires in trains, not resulting in injury to the way, stock or works;

(d) all cases, without exception, of cattle being thrown off the line or run over: Provided that, in such cases, the following additional rules shall be observed, namely :—

(i) Whether cattle are actually run over or merely thrown off the line, all cases of cattle coming in contact with running trains shall be included in the accidental returns.

(ii) If more than one head of cattle are run over at one time, *i.e.*, in one accident, the occurrence shall be treated as one accident.

3. The following classes of railway servants shall be included in the returns, namely :—

(a) all persons employed in stations, including police;

(b) all persons employed in the maintenance of way and works, exclusive of men entertained for special works, that is, for railway works, involving no risk from the working of trains, *e.g.*, the construction of spurs in a river on which railway work-people are employed; and

(c) all persons employed on trains or running engines, also all gate-keepers.

4. Accidents which are of a trivial nature, such as petty accidents in shunting, failure of springs or bursting open of points by trains, resulting in no further damage or accident, or small landslips not interrupting traffic, need not be included in the returns. All accidents shall, however, be recorded in the office of the Agent or Manager of the railway concerned, it being left to that officer to decide which of them may be omitted from the returns as trivial.

5. In cases where one accident might appropriately be classified under more than one head (such as breakage of an axle causing derailment), the classification shall be in accordance with the primary cause of the accident, and the same accident shall not be classified under more than one head.

6. Under the heading "16—*Trains running over obstructions on the line*" of table No. 2, only such accidents shall be entered as are caused by trains running over obstructions (*e.g.*, sleepers, rails or stones, placed on the line) other than those caused by the accidental misplacement of railway appliances in the ordinary course of working. Accidents due to trains mounting scotch blocks, or other misplaced railway appliances, or travelling over split or trailing points, and resulting in derailments or collisions shall be shown under these respective heads.

7. Accidents connected with the bursting of boilers shall be shown separately from those connected with the bursting of tubes.

8. Interruptions to traffic owing to several breaches near together caused by floods occurring on the same day and from the same cause shall be treated as one accident.

9. Failure of engines due to want of water, or to fire-bars melting and dropping in the ash-pan owing to excessive heat shall be classified under head "20—Other accidents" of table No. 2.

10. Accidents to mixed trains shall be treated as occurring to passenger trains.

11. Casualties from causes unconnected with railway working, such as death of passengers in carriages or at stations, from natural causes, or to other persons, such as cases of falling into wells or of drowning in wells or ponds, within the station limits of a railway, shall not be included in table No. 2 of the returns, nor shall slight abrasions or bruises, which are incidental to a man's ordinary duties, be included in the said table.

12. Accidents on open lines of railway not coming under any of the classified heads in the forms marked Tables Nos. 1 and 2 but which have caused loss of human life or personal injury, shall be entered in the form marked Table No. 3.

13. In Tables Nos. 1 to 4 those accidents only shall be entered which have occurred during the year to which the returns relate.

14. (1) Accidents to trains of one railway exercising running powers over another shall be treated, for the purposes of these returns, as accidents of the line owning the trains.

(2) Accidents at joint stations shall be similarly treated. Other accidents at joint stations or on lines on which running powers are exercised shall be included in the returns of the working or owning line.

15. Accidents occurring:—

(*a*) in railway workshops; or
(*b*) on new works not opened for traffic; or
(*c*) on lines under construction; or
(*d*) on lines not used for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods; or
(*e*) to steamers or flats working in connexion with railways,

shall be entered in Table No. 4 only.

TABLE No. 1.

Number of persons reported during the year ending with the 31st March 19—, as killed or injured on the ——— Railway (open line) by the travelling of train or the movement of vehicles used exclusively upon railways, distinguishing between passengers, Railway servants and other persons, and classifying, as far as practicable, the nature and causes of the accidents occasioning the death or injury.

| Railway. | Passengers. | | | | Servants. | | | |

TABLE No. 2.

Accidents to trains, rolling stock, permanent way, etc., reported during the year ending with the 31st March 19 , as having occurred on the _____ Railway (open line) distinguishing the different classes of accidents and the number of passengers and others, and of Railway servants killed or injured, in each class of accidents.

	Railway									
	Number.			Number of passengers and others (a)		Number of servants.		Total all classes	
	Accidents reported to Local Government under section 43 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, (IX of 1890)	Other accidents.	Total.	Killed	Injured	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.
Collisions between passenger trains, or parts of passenger trains. (To include all)									
2. Collisions between passenger trains and goods or mineral trains, engines and vehicles standing foul of the line (To include all)									
3. Collisions between goods trains, or parts of goods trains. (To include all except slight collisions in the course of shunting where damage done amounts to less than Rs. 100.)									
4. Collisions between light engines (To include all except collisions occurring in Locomotive Yards, unconnected with trains in which there is no loss of life or serious damage to persons or property.)									
5. Passenger trains or parts of passenger trains leaving the rails. (To include all)									
6. Goods trains, or parts of goods trains, engines, etc., leaving the rails (To include all derailments except those occurring in Locomotive Yards where the damage done amounts to less than Rs. 100.)									
7. Trains or engines travelling in the wrong direction through points. (Only to be included when the rolling stock is derailed or there is serious damage done to persons or property.)									
8. Trains running into stations or sidings at too high a speed (Only to be included when the rolling-stock is derailed or there is serious damage done to persons or property, but every case of a passenger train travelling through points in the wrong direction should invariably be included though not attended with any damage or injury.)									
9. Trains running over cattle on the line									
10. Do over obstructions on the line									
11. Trains running through gates at level crossings. (To include all)									
12. The bursting of boilers of engines (To include all)									
12a. The bursting of tubes of engines (To include all cases when the engine is working a train or when there is serious damage done to property, loss of life or injury, not otherwise.)									
13. The failure of machinery, springs, etc., of engines. (To include all failures of engines on trains when the delay to trains each hour and over. Failures when merely shunting in yards not to be included.)									
14. The failure of tyres (To be included only when the rolling stock is attached to running trains or the failure results in serious damage to property, loss of life or injury to persons).									
15. The failure of wheels (To be included only when the rolling stock is attached to running trains, or the failure results in serious damage to property, loss of life or injury to persons.).									
16. The failure of axles (To be included only when the rolling stock is attached to running trains, or the failure results in serious damage to property, loss of life or injury to persons).									

(a) Where persons other than passengers are killed or injured the fact should be stated in a footnote.

	Railway.									
	Number.			Number of passengers and others (a).		Number of servants.		Total all classes.	
	Accidents reported to Local Government under section 83 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890)	Other accidents.	Total.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.
17. The failure of brake apparatus .. .. (To be included only when the rolling stock is attached to running trains, or the failure results in serious damage to property, loss of life or injury to persons.)									
18. The failure of couplings .. .. .. (To be included only when the rolling stock is attached to running trains, or the failure results in serious damage to property, loss of life or injury to persons.)									
19. The failure of tunnels, bridges, viaducts or culverts.									
20. Broken rails									
21. The Sinking of portions of permanent way .. (To be excluded if damage done amounts to less than Rs. 100, and if there is not much interruption to traffic.)									
22. Slips in cuttings or embankments .. .. (To be excluded if damage done amounts to less than Rs. 100, and if there is not much interruption to traffic).									
23. Fire in trains .. .. (To include all except cases where vehicles are standing at a station or being shunted and the damage done amounts to less than Rs. 100.)									
24. Fire at stations, or involving injury to bridges or viaducts .. .. (To include all except those where damage done amounts to less than Rs. 100)									
25. Other accidents .. .. (To include all except those where damage done amounts to less than Rs. 100).									
Total all classes ..									
Average number of servants employed (b) ..									

(a) Where persons other than passengers are killed or injured the fact should be stated in a foot-note.
(b) The average number of servants employed should be arrived at by adding the numbers employed on the first day of each month and dividing the total by twelve

TABLE No. 3.

Return of persons (a) reported during the year ending with the 31st March 19 , as having been killed or injured on the Railway by accidents in which the movement of vehicles used exclusively upon railways was not concerned.

	Number of passengers and others.		Number of servants.		Total all classes.	
	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.
1. While ascending or descending steps at stations						
2. By being struck by barrows, by falling over packages etc., on platforms.						
3. From falling off platforms						
4. While loading, unloading or shunting wagons						
5. Whilst moving or carrying goods at stations, etc. ..						
6. Whilst working at cranes or engines						
7. By the falling of wagon-doors, heaps, bales of goods, etc.						
8. From falling off, or when getting on or off, stationary engines or vehicles.						
9. From falling on platforms, ladders, scaffolds, etc. ..						
10. By crossing whilst walking on the line or platforms ..						
11. Whilst attending to stationary engines in sheds						
12. By being trampled on or kicked by horses						
13. Whilst working on the line or in sidings						
14. Miscellaneous						
Total ..						

(a) See rules 11 and 12.

TABLE No 6.

Return of accidents occurring during the year ending with the 31st March 19 , on the Railway.

[*N.B.*—Accidents entered in Table No. 4 are not to be entered in any other tables of the return.]

	Number of accidents.	Servants		Others.	
		Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.
1. In railway workshops (slight abrasions or bruises which are incidental to a man's ordinary duties need not be entered).					
2. On new works not opened for traffic					
3. On lines under construction					
4. On lines not used for the public carriage of passengers, animals and goods.					
5. The steamers in their working in connexion with the railway.					

R. F. STONEY,
Under Secretary to Government, P. W. D.

ACQUISITION OF LANDS.

Fort St. George, March 25, 1919.

Under section 4, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 7·84 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for improving the supply to the Kiliyanagar tank, Madurantakam taluk, Chingleput district; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Cheyyar, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Cheyyar, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

North Arcot district, Wandiwash taluk, Ulundai village.

	Acs.
Dry, No 346-1 A, belonging to Venkatchi Ayyangar, bounded on the north by No 339; east by No 346-1 B; south by No. 347, west by No. 337	1·93
Dry, No. 347-1, belonging to V. Perumal, bounded on the north by No. 346-1 A; east by Nos. 347-3 and 347-5, south by No 373; west by No. 374	4·07
Dry, No. 347-2, belonging to K Srinivasa Ayyangar, bounded on the north by No. 347-1; east by No. 347-5; south by No. 373, west by No. 374	0·27
Dry, No 372-2 A, belonging to K. Srinivasa Ayyangar, bounded on the north by No. 347, east by No. 372-2 B, south by No. 373 d A, west by No. 372-1	0·06
Dry, No. 373-3 A, belonging to T. Krishna Ayyangar, bounded on the north by No. 372-2 A; east by Nos. 372-2 B and 373; south by No. 435, west by No 372-1	1·38
Dry, No 435-4 B, belonging to Appuswami Ayyangar, bounded on the north by No. 373-3 A; east by Nos. 435-4 C and 446-3 B; south by Nos. 435-6 B and 435-5 A; west by Nos. 435-3 and 435-4 A	0·61
Dry, No. 435-6 B, belonging to Narayanaswami Nayudu, Punyadoi Nayudu and Kedumdarama Nayudu, bounded on the north by No 435-4 B; east by No. 435-5 C; south by No 436; west by No. 435-5 A ..	0·63
Dry, No. 439-1 B, belonging to Chinnamanni and Chinnapayyan, bounded on the north by No. 436, east by No. 439-2 A; south by No. 440, west by No. 439-1 A	0·17
Dry, No 439-2 A, belonging to T. Srinivasa Ayyangar, bounded on the north by No. 436; east by No. 439-2 B, south by No. 440; west by No. 439-1 B	0·02
Dry, No 441 B, belonging to Thippeswami Ayyangar, bounded on the north by No. 439; east by Nos 440 C and 441; south by No. 466, west by Nos. 466 and 440 A	1·04
Dry, No. 466-2 B, belonging to P. K. Subbarayulu Nayudu, bounded on the north by No. 440, east by No. 461; south by No. 464, west by No. 466-3 A	0·27
Wet, No 464-1 B, belonging to P. K. Subbarayulu Nayudu, Viraraghava Nayudu and Lakshmi Ammal, bounded on the north by No. 466; east by Nos. 464-1 C, 461-3 A, 464-2 B and 464-1 D, south by No. 463; west by Nos 478 and 464-1 A	1·45
Dry, No. 464-2 A, belonging to P. K. Subbarayulu Nayudu, Viraraghava Nayudu and Lakshmi Ammal, bounded on the north and east by No. 464-2 B, south by Nos 464-1 D and 461-1 B, west by No. 464-1 B	0·05
Total ..	7·84

Fort St. George, March 25, 1919.

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 0·36 acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the formation of the right bank of the Arrasalar; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Divisional Officer, Kumbakonam, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Divisional Officer, Kumbakonam, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Papanasam taluk, Sarukkai village.

	ACRS.
Dry, S. No. 288-C 1, belonging to Yegnam Pitchiliar, bounded on the north by S. No. 285; east by S. No. 288-E 1; south and west by S. No. 288-C 2	0·01
Wet, S. No. 288-E 1, belonging to Yegnam Pitchiliar, bounded on the north by S. No. 286; east by S. No. 288-E 2; south by S. No. 288-E 2; west by S. No. 288 C 1	0·03
Wet, S. No. 288-F 1, belonging to Yegna Pitchiliar and Ranganatha Ayyangar, Govinda Ayyangar, Sundaram Ayyangar Ramaswami Ayyangar and Ramalthammal, bounded on the north by F. No. 289; east by S. No. 288-N; south by S. No. 288-F 2; west by No. 28-E 1	0·05
Total ..	0·09

P. E. MORGAN,
Under Secy. to Govt., P.W.D. (Irrigation).

LIST OF PAPERS PLACED AT THE DISPOSAL OF THE PRESS

BETWEEN 20TH MARCH AND 1ST APRIL 1919.

PLANTERS' LABOUR ACT, 1903.—Recording reports from the District Magistrates of Malabar and the Nilgiris on the working of the — during the year 1918.
G.O. No. 646, Home (Min.), March 10, 1919. [1 s.]

SURNAME OR URRA.—Directing that the word "Oriya" shall in future be spelt as "Oriya" in all official correspondence and stating that when addressing Oriya gentlemen the word "Garu" should be used as a honorific suffix and not "Avargal".
G.O. No. 572 Home (Mis.), March 17, 1919. [1 s.]

GRANT.—Distributing among certain local bodies the Imperial — of Rs. 50,000 for the improvement of the sanitary arrangements at Pilgrim centres in this Presidency.
G.O. No. 834 L., March 17, 1919. [1 s.]

PADDAS COMMITTEE.—Issuing a Press Communiqué regarding the action taken on the recommendations of the — .
G.O. No. 759 L., March 24, 1919. [1 s.]

[*N.B.*—A copy of any of the foregoing papers can be obtained on payment of the price noted in brackets against each, application to the Superintendent, Government Press, Madras.]

N. E. MARJORIBANKS,
Acting Chief Secretary.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

ഫോർട്ട് സെൻറ് ജോർജ് ഗസറ്റ്

1-ാം ഭാഗത്തോടുചേർത്ത സപ്ലിമെൻറ്.

SUPPLEMENT TO PART I OF THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

APRIL 1, 1919.

നമ്പ 13.] ചൊവ്വാഴ്ച : ചൈത്രമാസം 18-ാം തീയതി : ശോഭകൃത് സംവത്സരം, 1919 ഏപ്രിൽ 1നു [വില, 9 തപ്പ.

ഗവർമെണ്ട് പരസ്യങ്ങളുടെ മലയാള തർജ്ജമ.

Malayalam Translations of Notifications by Government.

ഹോം ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെണ്ട്.

(ജയിലുകൾ)

പരസ്യം.

ഫോർട്ട് സെൻറ് ജോർജ്, 1919 ഫിബ്രവരി 24-നു.

നമ്പർ 293.—1918 ക്രൗൻ 20-ാം തീയതിയത്തെ ഫോർട്ട് സെൻറ ജോർജ് ഗസറ്റ് I-ാം ഖണ്ഡം 652 മുതൽ 660 വരെ കാഗദങ്ങളിൽ കാണുന്ന 1916 ക്രൗൻ 1-ാം തീയതിയത്തെ ജുഡിഷ്യൽ ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെണ്ട് ഖര 441-ാം നമ്പർ പരസ്യത്തിൽ പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തിയിരിക്കുന്ന 1916 ലെ മദിരാശി മോട്ടർവണ്ടി ചട്ടങ്ങളിൽ 1914 ലെ ഇന്ത്യൻ മോട്ടർവണ്ടി ആക്ട് (1914 ലെ 8) 11-ാം വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം നല്കപ്പെട്ട അധികാരങ്ങൾ ഉപയോഗിച്ചു സർക്കാർ താഴെ പറയുന്ന ഭേദഗതിയിരിക്കുന്നു :—

ഭേദഗതി.

പ്രസ്തുത ചട്ടങ്ങളിൽ 11-ാം ചട്ടത്തിൽ "തെക്കൻ കണ്ണാടകത്തിനു S.O." എന്നതിനു പകരം "തെക്കൻ കണ്ണാടകത്തിനു S.K." എന്നു ചേർക്കണം.

ആർ. രാമചന്ദ്ര റാവു,
ഗവർണ്മെണ്ട് സെക്രട്ടറി.

(ലിബറേഷൻ.)

പരസ്യം.

ഫോർട്ട് സെൻറ് ജോർജ്, 1919 മാർച്ച് 5-നു.

നമ്പർ 35.—1903 ലെ തോട്ട കൃഷിക്കാരുടെ കുടിയേറ്റ ആക്ടുപ്രകാരം കരാറുകൾ ചെയ്യുകയും കുടിയേറ്റക്കാരുടെ രജിസ്റ്ററുകൾ ഒപ്പിടുകയും ചെയ്യുന്നതിനു ശ്രീ പൂട്ടുത്തുവാൻ

1906 നവമ്പർ 3-ാം തീയതിയിലെ ഗോട്ട് സെൻസ് ബോർഡ് ഗസറ്റ് I-ാം ലക്കം 6 മുതൽ 8 വരെ പേജുകളിൽ പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തിയ ഡ്രഡ്ജിങ്ങ് ഡിപ്പാർട്ടുമെന്റ് വക 7-ാം നമ്പർ പർസ്യത്തോടുകൂടെ പുറപ്പെടുവിച്ച ചട്ടങ്ങളിൽ താഴെ പറയുന്ന ഭേദങ്ങൾ വരുത്തുന്നതാകുന്നു :—

പ്രസ്തുത ചട്ടങ്ങളിലെ 2-ാം ചട്ടത്തിൽ "ഇംഗ്ലീഷിലും തുലിയേലത്തരത്തെ ഒന്നു സ്ലിലാകുന്ന ഒരു ഭാഷയിലും എഴുതേണ്ടതാണ്" എന്ന വാക്കുകൾക്കു പകരം "ഇംഗ്ലീഷിൽ എഴുതേണ്ടതാണ്" എന്നു ഭേദപ്പെടുത്തുക.

ആർ. രാഘവയ്യ ദാവു,
തമർഭാഷ പരിഭാഷകൻ.

(A true translation)

P. V. RUKUVILA,
Acting Malayalam Translator to Government.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

Reg. No. 1—M.

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

No. 13.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 1, 1919. [Price 1 anna.

Part I-A.—Local and Municipal.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

APPOINTMENTS.

Fort St. George, April 1, 1919.

No. 311.—In exercise of the power vested in him by section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1884, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint M.R.Ry. Panchapakesa Kesavaswami Ayyar Avargal to be a municipal councillor of the municipality of Coimbatore.

No. 312.—In exercise of the power vested in him by section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1884, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Sharfa Kanthi Labbai Ismail Abdul Rahiman Saiub Bahadur to be a municipal councillor of the municipality of Salem.

ERRATUM.

In notification No. 849 published on page 626 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 14th May 1918, relating to the acquisition of land for two wells at Tiruppanvasal, *for* "0·2450 of an acre" in line 2, *read* "·02450 of an acre" and

	For Acre.		*Read* Acre.
	0·1226		·01225
	0·1224		·01225
Total ..	0·2450	Total ..	·02450

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 310.—In notification No. 31 published at pages 19 and 20 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 14th January 1919, in the last item, *for* "Garden S. No. 94-3 A" *substitute* "Garden S. No. 103-3 B".

No. 314.—With the approval of the Governor in Council, the Koraput District Board hereby notifies under section 96 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, that from the 15th April 1919 the toll-gate at Nowrangapur at the 6th furlong of the 26th mile of the Jeypore-Nowrangapur road shall be removed to the 7th furlong of the 25th mile of the same road.

No 315.—Under sub-clause (ii) of clause (*a*) of sub-section (1) of section 250 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1884, and in modification of the division into wards and distribution of elective seats shown in the schedule published on page 256 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette* of the 25th April 1916, the Governor in Council directs that the Ellore municipality shall be divided into seven wards and that the elective seats shall be redistributed among them as shown in the following schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Ward number and boundaries.	Number of elected councillors of each ward.
WARD I—*North.*—The right bank of Kistna canal from the Srulvarappeta crossing up to the Public Works Department bridge. *East.*—The western edge of the high road from the Public Works Department bridge up to Kudali. *South.*—The north side of high road from Kudali to the point of junction with the fort glacis near the post office. *West.*—The east side of the Munsif's Court road from the fort glacis near the post office, thence along the north side of the Taluk Police lines road to the right bank of the Kistna canal (where the new foot-bridge near the Sanivarappeta crossing is situated).	2
WARD II—*North.*—The right bank of Kistna canal from the north-west corner of field No. 1130 to the Sanivarappeta crossing and the north side of the Taluk Police lines road up to the point of junction with the Munsif's Court road. *East.*—The east side of the Munsif's Court road from the point of junction with Taluk Police lines road to the fort glacis near the post office, the north side of the high road up to the point where the Nunnavari street crosses it, the east side of the Saladivari lane and of Kambhampativari street to Seshamarao's tank, the north-eastern boundary of poramboke No. 510 and the eastern boundaries of survey Nos. 525 and 525. *South.*—The southern boundary of the town from the southern corner of survey No. 526 to the south-eastern corner of survey No. 883. *West.*—The western boundary line of the town from the south-eastern corner of survey No. 883 to the north-western corner of survey No. 1130.	2
WARD III—*North.*—The north side of the high road from Nunnavari street up to Kudali, the north side of the Madepalli road up to Gajulapanja and the north side of the Chatuparru road to the point where it meets the eastern bank of the Madepalli channel. *East.*—The eastern boundary of the town from the last point to its junction with the Madepalli road. *South.*—The southern boundary of the town from the last point to the south-east corner of survey No. 526. *West.*—The eastern side of the revenue survey Nos. 526 and 525, the north-eastern boundary of poramboke No. 510, the eastern side of Kambhampativari street and the eastern side of Saladivari lane up to the old town police station.	2
WARD IV—*North.*—The right bank of the Kistna canal from the Public Works Department girder bridge up to the south-western corner of field No. 39. *East.*—The eastern boundary of the town from the last point up to the Chatuparru road. *South.*—The northern side of the Chatuparru road from the last point up to Gajulapanja and the north side of the Madepalli road up to Kudali. *West.*—The western side of the high road from Kudali to the Public Works Department girder bridge.	3
WARD V—*North.*—The northern side of the railway line from the municipal limits in field No. 1110 up to the railway crossing near the hospital. *East.*—Western side of the Chintalapudi road from the above point to the old Public Works Department bridge. *South.*—The northern edge of the right bank of the Kistna canal from the last point up to north-western corner of field No. 1130. *West.*—The western boundary of the town from the last point up to the railway line in field No. 1110.	2
WARD VI—*North.*—The northern boundary of the town from Chintalapudi road at 1 mile 2 furlongs and 946 feet from Ellore up to Ellore-Bhimadole road. *East.*—The eastern boundary of the town from the last point up to Kistna canal revenue survey No. 39. *South.*—From the last point of revenue survey No. 39 of the eastern boundary along the northern edge of the Kistna canal right bank up to the old Public Works Department bridge and thence along the western side of the Chintalapudi road up to Tammilera and along the southern bank of the Tammilera river up to north-east corner of revenue survey No. 1273. *West.*—From the last point of the southern boundary crossing the Tammilera river and running along the eastern boundary of the garden of the Vuyyur estate and Chintalapudi road up to the starting point of the northern boundary of the ward.	3

Ward number and boundaries.	Number of elected councillors of each ward.
WARD VII—*North.*—The northern boundary from field No. 1265 through 1275 and 1273 up the southern bank of Tammilera and along the southern bank of the Tammilera river up to Chintalapudi road. *East.*—From the last point of the northern boundary along the western edge of the Chintalapudi road up to the railway level crossing near the hospital. *South.*—From the last point of the eastern boundary along the northern side of the railway line up to the field No. 1110. *West.*—From the last point revenue survey No. 1110 of the southern boundary along the western boundary of the town up to field reserve No. 1285.	1
Total ..	15

No. 316.—Under section 146 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the Governor in Council directs the publication of the following alterations which it is proposed to make in the schedule to the rules framed under sub-section (1) of section 144 of the Act for the conduct of elections of members of taluk boards and published under notification No. 1371 on pages 8 (2)-621 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 30th November 1918. Objections or suggestions in respect of the draft alterations may be submitted so as to reach Government on or before the 30th April 1919. None received after that date will be considered :—

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT.

For—					*Substitute*—				
Number and specification of area included in the electoral circle.				Number of members to be elected by each circle.	Number and specification of area included in the electoral circle.				Number of members to be elected by each circle.
Anantapur Taluk Board.					*Anantapur Taluk Board.*				
1. Anantapur firka	..	..	..	3	1. Anantapur firka	..	..	..	6
2. Singanamala firka	..	..	..	1	2. Singanamala firka	..	..	..	2
3. Kudair firka	..	..	..	1	3. Kudair firka	..	..	..	1
4. Kalyandrug firka	..	..	..	1	4. Kalyandrug firka	..	..	..	3
5. Kambadur firka	..	..	..	1	5. Kambadur firka	..	..	..	1
6. Settur firka	..	..	..	1	6. Settur firka	..	..	..	1
Dharmavaram Taluk Board.					*Dharmavaram Taluk Board.*				
1. Dharmavaram firka	..	..	..	3	1. Dharmavaram firka	..	..	..	2
2. Nagasamudram firka	..	..	..	1	2. Nagasamudram firka	..	..	..	1
3. Kanagampalle firka	..	..	..	1	3. Kanagampalle firka	..	..	..	1
4. Gandlapenta (Kadiri) firka	..	..	..	1	4. Gandlapenta (Kadiri) firka	..	..	..	2
5. Mukramabad firka	..	..	..	1	5. Mukramabad firka	..	..	..	1
6. Putamu firka	..	..	..	2	6. Putamu firka	..	..	..	1
7. Tanakallu firka	..	..	..	1	7. Tanakallu firka	..	..	..	2
Gooty Taluk Board.					*Gooty Taluk Board.*				
1. Tadpatri firka	..	..	..	1	1. Tadpatri firka	..	..	..	2
2. Yadiki firka	..	..	..	1	2. Yadiki firka	..	..	..	1
3. Pottum firka	..	..	..	1	3. Pottum firka	..	..	..	1
4. Tellapur firka	..	..	..	1	4. Tellapur firka	..	..	..	1
5. Gooty firka	..	..	..	1	5. Gooty firka	..	..	..	1
6. Pamidi firka	..	..	..	1	6. Pamidi firka	..	..	..	1
7. Uravakonda firka	..	..	..	1	7. Uravakonda firka	..	..	..	2
8. Timmanacherla firka	..	..	..	1	8. Timmanacherla firka	..	..	..	1
Penukonda Taluk Board.					*Penukonda Taluk Board.*				
1. Bukkapatnam firka	..	..	..	2	1. Bukkapatnam firka	..	..	..	2
2. Penukonda firka	..	..	..	2	2. Penukonda firka	..	..	..	2
3. Roddam firka	..	..	..	1	3. Roddam firka	..	..	..	1
4. Hindupur firka	..	..	..	1	4. Hindupur firka	..	..	..	2
5. Lepakshi firka	..	..	..	1	5. Lepakshi firka	..	..	..	1
6. Dadili firka	..	..	..	1	6. Dadili firka	..	..	..	1
7. Madakasira firka	..	..	..	1	7. Madakasira firka	..	..	..	1
8. Kolla firka	..	..	..	1	8. Kolla firka	..	..	..	1
9. Gudibanda firka	..	..	..	1	9. Gudibanda firka	..	..	..	2

No. 327.—With the approval of the Governor in Council, the Anantapur District Board hereby notifies, under section 88 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, that, from the 1st May 1919, the undermentioned toll-gates will be established :—

(1) two gates on the Amarapuram-Kodikonda road, one at the junction of the Amarapuram-Kodikonda road and the Penugonda-Madhadi road at Madakasira and the other at the 45th mile of the same road to the west of the Madakasira town ;

(2) a toll-gate at mile 204/3 of the Kurnool-Bangalore road, i.e., at the junction of this road with the Ramagiri-Nagasamudram road;

(3) a toll-gate at the 34th mile of the Kudem-Rayadrug road on the left bank of the Pennern river; and

(4) a gate at mile 30/3 of the Damajipalli-Nayanipalli road, i.e., near Narpala village.

2 With the sanction of the Governor in Council it is further declared under the provisions of sub-section 6 of section 87 of the Act that payment at any time of tolls at the gate at the junction of the Amarapuram-Kodikonda road and the Paragada Madhadi road at Madakasira shall clear carriages, carts and animals at the gate at the 26th mile of the same road to the west of the Madakasira town and *vice versa* within a period of 24 hours reckoned from sunrise to sunrise.

No. 318.—Under section 23 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1884, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that, from and after the date of this notification, the plot of land in the Madura municipality described in the following schedule and measuring 990½ square feet, be the same a little more or less, shall be excluded from the operation of the said Act:—

SCHEDULE.

	Sq. ft.
Portion of road poramboke, T.S. No. 1157, bounded on the north, east and south by the remaining portion of T.S. No. 1157; west by T.S. No. 1158.	990½

ACQUISITION OF LANDS

No. 319.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 7 cents, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a well for Madigas; and, under sections 8 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Penukonda, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Penukonda, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Anantapur district, Madakasira taluk, Melavoy village.

	Cents.
Road-ward, dry, S. No. 530-1, belonging to Tali Lakshmi Narasappa and Narapa Gowd both of Siddapuri, hamlet of Melavoy, bounded on the north, east, south and west by S. No. 530-2	7

No. 320.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 0·65 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the improvement of the road from Mangalore to Marcara; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Tahsildar of Uppinangadi is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahsildar of Uppinangadi and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

South Kanara district, Uppinangadi taluk, No. 47, Putter village.

	Acres.
Government, dry, S. No. 20-1 B, belonging to M. S. Krishna Rao, bounded on the north by S. No. 20-1 A; east by S. No. 20-2 B; south by S. No. 21; west by S. No. 20-1 A	0·04
Government, wet, S. No. 20-2 B, belonging to M. S. Krishna Rao bounded on the north by S. No. 20-1 A; east and south by S. No. 21; west by S. Nos. 20-1 A/B and 20-2 A	0·31

No. 22, Kabaka village.

Government, wet, S. No. 131-3 B, belonging to Panjegadde Govinda Bhatta, bounded on the north by S. No. 130; east by S. No. 131-4 B; south and west by S. No. 131-5 A	0·03
Government, wet, S. No. 131-4 B, belonging to Panjegadde Govinda Bhatta, bounded on the north by S. No. 130; east by S. No. 131-5 A, south by S. No. 131-4 A, west by S. No. 131-3 B	0·07
Government, wet, S. No. 131-5 A, belonging to Padar Shaw Bhatta, bounded on the north by S. No. 130, east and south by S. No. 131-5 B, west by S. No. 131-4 B	0·17
Total ..	0·55

No. 321.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 1·06 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for opening a weekly market at Ayirala; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Chittoor, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Chittoor, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Chittoor district, Chittoor taluk, Venkatasamudra Agraharam village

	acs.
Kharriyam dry new S. No. 1, belonging to M.R.Ry. Sitapati Ayyar, Vakil, Chittoor, bounded on the north by irrigation channel; east by mango tope; south by public cart-track; west by dry land of Singappa ..	1 00

H. G. STOKES,
Acting Secretary to Government.

(Medical.)

APPOINTMENT.

Fort St. George, April 1, 1919.

No. 32.—Mr. M. R. W. Hart, M.A.M., I.M.D., to be Additional Medical Officer, Cotacamund, with effect from 16th April 1919.

H. G. STOKES,
Acting Secretary to Government.

(Plague.)

NOTIFICATION.

Fort St. George, April 1, 1919.

No. 12 P.—In modification of notification No. 12-P., published on pages 146-147 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 25th March 1919, the following revised list of plague-infected areas are published:—

I.—In the Madras Presidency.

District and taluk.	Village (including hamlets) or town.	District and taluk.	Village (including hamlets) or town.	District and taluk.	Village (including hamlets) or town.
Anantapur—		Chittoor—			
Dharmavaram.	Dharmavaram.	Madanapalle	Pedda Tippasamudram union.	Palladam	Pidempalli.
	Gotlur.	Tirattani	Erumbi.	—*cont.*	Rampalaiyam
	Kuntura.	Divison.			Sulur.
Kadiri.	Kadiri.	Coimbatore—		Pollachi.	Kottur.
	Kadiri Kunfapalli.				
	Kalasamudram	Coimbatore.	Coimbatore.	Udamalpet	Kottamangalam.
	Kotagulla		Devarayapuram.		Puriyavalavadi.
	Makalacheruva		Karchobi.		Reddipalaiyam.
	Nagireddipalli.		Kuruduripalaiyam.		Sinnavirampatti.
	Tanakallu.		Nanjundapuram.		Udamalpet Municipality.
Tadpatri.	Yellanuru.		Singanallur.		
			Somanipalaiyam.		Vegatolavu.
Arcot,			Valukkupparai.		
North—				Cuddapah—	
Arni.	Arni.			Cuddapah.	Cuddapah.
Tirupputtur.	Tiruppattur.				
		Dharapuram	Dharapuram Municipality.	Pulivendla	
Vellore.	Ambur.				Vempalli.
Bellary—				Guntur—	
Hadagalli.	Adisimullankeri.	Gobichettipalaiyam.	Marur.	Bapatla.	
	Bannikalla.				Bapatla.
	Hadagalli.				Chebrolu.
	Kakkobanuru		Ajjipuram.		China Ganjam.
	Mongeri.		Bandalli.		Chirala
	Sonna.		Chikkamunidevarayasamudram.		Jaddupeta.
	Tambrahalli.				Pandillapalli.
	Varakanahalli.		Ellamalam.		Perala.
			Hanur.		Ravurupeta.
Harpanahalli.	Ragali.		Kannur.		Santaravuru.
	Sanvihalli.		Kongaralli.		Vetapalemu union.
			Sattegalam.		
Hospet.	Uppinahalli.		Singanallur		
				Guntur ..	Etukuru.
Kudligi.	Ambali	Palladam.	Appanayakkanpatti.		Guntur Municipality
	Dhupadahalli.		Kalangal.		
	Kudlinasaggi.		Kallapalaiyam.	Ongole ..	Ongole Municipality
Sirugappa.	Hachalli.		Pattanam.		Uppugundur.

I.—In the Madras Presidency—*contd.*

District and taluk.	Village (including hamlets) or town.	District and taluk.	Village (including hamlets) or town.	District and taluk.	Village (including hamlets) or town.
Kanara.		Malabar—		Salem—	
South—		Palghat.	Palghat.	*contd.*	
Mangalore.	Mangalore.	Salem—		Krishna-giri.	Bagamapalli.
Karnool—		Attur ..	Sinnasa Samudram		Krishnagiri.
Karnool.	Parla	Hosur ..	Achchittapalli.		
Nandyal.	Nandyal Municipality.		Bagalur.	Omalur.	Taramangalam.
	Pôluru.		Bagepalli.		
	Togarcheda.		Hosur.		
Sirvel ..	Chennakambaleru.		Jakkeri.	Salem.	Panamarattuppatti.
	Govendapalli.		Kaingondapalli.		
Madras City—	The portion of the Triplicane (15th) Division bounded on the north by the Wallajah, Bell's and Pycroft's roads, on the east by the South Beach road, on the south by the Ice-house road and on the west by the Westcott and General Pitter's roads		Kelamangalam.		
			Kembatti		
			Maradampalli		
			Matagondapalli.	Uttan-garai.	Harur
			Mattigiri.		Vappampatti.
			Nagondapalli.		Virappanayakkam-patti.
			Pithamathagondapalli.	Trichino-poly—	
			Panapalli	Musiri.	Turaiyur.
			Sellanur.		
			Tagarai Agraharam.		

II.—Outside the Madras Presidency.

[Infected localities—Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.]

I. Mysore.

The whole State.

II. Bombay.

1. *Northern Division*—
   (a) Districts—Broach, Kaira, Surat and Thana.
   (b) Town and port—Bombay.
2. *Central Division*—
   (a) Districts—Ahmednagar, Nasik, Poona, Satara, Sholapur and West Khandesh.
   (b) Towns—Poona and Sholapur.
3. *Southern Division*—
   (a) Districts—Belgaum, Bijapur and Dharwar.
   (b) Towns and ports—Hubli and Ratnagiri.
4. *Sind*—
   Town and port—Karachi.
5. *Political Charge*—
   States and Agencies—Baroda State, Cambay State, Kathiawar Agency, Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country, Mangrol Port, Mundra Port and Satara Agency.

III. Bihar and Orissa.

(a) Districts—Bhagalpur, Champaran, Darbhanga, Gaya, Monghyr, Muzaffarpur, Palamau, Patna, Saran and Shahabad.
(b) Towns—Bhagalpur and Patna.

IV. The Punjab.

(a) Districts—Ambala, Attock, Ferozepur, Gujranwala, Gurdaspur, Hissar, Hoshiarpur, Jhelum, Jullundur, Lahore, Lyallpur, Montgomery, Multan, Rawalpindi, Rohtak and Shahpur.
(b) States—Bahawalpur, Jind and Patiala.

V. Burma.

(a) Districts—Bhamo, Henzada, Insein, Katha, Kyaukse, Lower Chindwin, Magwe, Mandalay, Maubin, Mohnla, Minbu, Myaungmya, Myingyan, Pegu, Prome, Sagaing, Shwebo, Toungoo, Thayawaddy, Thaton and Yamethin.
(b) Towns and ports—Bassein, Mandalay, Maulmein and Rangoon.
(c) States—Northern and Southern Shan States.

VI. The United Provinces.

Districts—Allahabad, Azamgarh, Ballia, Bara Banki, Basti, Benares, Bijnor, Bulandshahr, Cawnpore, Farrukhabad, Fatehpur, Fyzabad, Ghazipur, Gonda, Gorakhpur, Jaunpur, Kheri, Lucknow, Mathra, Rae Bareli and Sitapur Urao.

VII. The Central Provinces.

(a) Districts—Balaghat, Betul, Bhandara, Jubbulpore, Nagpur and Seoni.
(b) Towns—Jubbulpore and Nagpur.

VIII. Hyderabad.

The whole State.

IX. Central India.

States—Bhopal, Gwalior and Rewa.

X. Rajputana.

(a) District—Ajmere.
(b) State—Bhartpur.

XI. Bengal.

(a) District—24 Parganas.
(b) Town and port—Calcutta City.

H. D. STOKES,
Acting Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATIONS BY COLLECTORS AND PRESIDENTS OF DISTRICT BOARDS.

Under section 16 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.By. Muppagowni Nagappa Garu, contractor, Kalyandrug, has been duly elected as a member of the Anantapur Taluk Board.

Anantapur Collector's Office,
24th March 1919.

T. RAGHAVIAH,
Collector.

Under section 16 of the Local Boards Act, M.R.Ry. Bandhu Narasimhaswami Pantulu Garu is declared to have been duly elected as a member of the Ghumsur Taluk Board in the Ganjam district.

Ganjam, Collector's Office,
28th March 1919.

C. B. COTTERELL,
Collector.

Under section 16 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry Sripathi Lakshmanarayana Rao Garu and M.R.Ry. Vasireddi Venkatappayya Garu have been duly elected as members of the Tenali Taluk Board in the district of Guntur.

Guntur Collector's Office,
25th March 1919.

Under section 10 of the District Municipalities Act, 1884, M.R.Ry Tolati Apparao Pantulu Garu has been duly elected as a councillor in the municipality of Guntur.

Under section 10 of the District Municipalities Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. Guntur Subrahmanyam Garu has been duly elected as a councillor in the municipality of Guntur.

Guntur Collector's Office,
28th March 1919.

S. M. V. USMAN SAHIB,
Collector.

Under section 16 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. Manchikanti Bussayya Garu of Markapur has been duly elected as a member of the Markapur Taluk Board in the district of Kurnool for the Markapur Circle.

Under section 16 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. Erasi Obula Reddi Garu of Akumalle has been duly elected as a member of the Koilkuntla Taluk Board in the district of Kurnool for Owk Circle.

Kurnool Collector's Office,
21st March 1919.

Under section 16 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1884, M.R.Ry. C. Tirupem Reddi Garu has been duly elected as a member of the Nandyal Taluk Board in the district of Kurnool for the Panamanchala Circle.

Kurnool Collector's Office,
24th March 1919.

C. F. BRACKENBURY,
Collector.

Under section 16 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. Ramakrishna Reddi Chengalraya Reddi Avargal of Budur has been duly elected as a member of Cheyyar Taluk Board in the district of North Arcot.

Under section 16 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry Melalthur Narayanaswami Nayudu Garu has been duly elected as a member of Tirupputtur Taluk Board in the district of North Arcot.

Under section 16 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. Eklaspuram Kappa Goundar Lakshmana Goundar Avargal has been duly elected as a member of Tirupputtur Taluk Board in the district of North Arcot.

North Arcot Collector's Office,
21st March 1919.

Under section 16 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the undermentioned gentlemen have been duly elected as members of the Cheyyar Taluk Board in the district of North Arcot:—
M.R.Ry Vazhur Kitahu Reddiyar Vasudeva Reddiyar Avargal.
M.R.Ry Vellam Achappa Nayudu Sankarayala Nayudu Avargal.

North Arcot Collector's Office,
28th March 1919.

P. C. DUTT,
Collector.

Under section 16 of the Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. Manjeshwar Anantha Krishna Rao Avargal has been duly elected as member of the Puttur Taluk Board, South Kanara district, for the Manjeshwar Circle.

South Kanara Collector's Office,
18th March 1919.

J. K. LANCASHIRE,
Acting Collector.

Under section 16 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. Tiruvidamarudur Rajappayyar Ramachandra Ayyar Avargal has been duly elected as a member of the Kumbakonam Taluk Board in the district of Tanjore.

Under section 16 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. Kavarapattar Manikkam Pillai Chokkalingam Pillai Avargal has been duly elected as a member of the Negapatam Taluk Board in the district of Tanjore.

Tanjore Collector's Office,
26th March 1919.

J. R. HUGGINS,
Collector.

Under section 16 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the following persons have been duly elected as members of the taluk boards noted against each in the district of Ramnad:—
(1) M.R.Ry. Kalavayal Ayyaswami Ayyar Sankara Ayyar, Tiruvadanai Circle—Devakottai Taluk Board.

(2) M.R.Ry. M. Rajam Nayudu, son of Alagirisami Nayak, Ramnad Circle—Ramnad Taluk Board.

(3) M.R.Ry. S. Mathuranayagam Ayyar, son of Samba Ayyar of Paramar, Mudukulattur Circle—Ramnad Taluk Board.

(4) M.R.Ry. Uthanda Gnaniar, son of Uthandia Pillai of Sadayanneri, Mudukulattur Circle—Ramnad Taluk Board.

Ramnad Collector's Office,
20th March 1919.

A. F. G. MOSCARDI,
Collector.

Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. K. Chinnarappa Reddigaru has been appointed by election as a member of the Anantapur District Board by the Gooty Taluk Board

Anantapur District Board's Office,
21st March 1919

T. RAGHAVIAH,
President.

Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. Kayam Krishna Reddi Garu and M.R.Ry. N. Chenna Lakshmayya Nayudu Garu have been appointed by election as members of the Chittoor District Board by the Chandragiri Taluk Board.

Under section 20 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. Balli Narayanaswami Chetti Garu has been duly elected as vice-President of the Chandragiri Taluk Board in the Chittoor district.

Chittoor District Board's Office,
25th March 1919.

A. GALLETTI,
President.

Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. V. Ramanuja Acharyar Avargal has been appointed, by election, as a member of the South Arcot District Board by the Chidambaram Taluk Board.

South Arcot District Board's Office,
24th March 1919.

A. SUBBARAYALU,
President.

In exercise of the powers delegated to him by the Governor in Council under section 160 of the Madras Local Boards Act, V of 1884, the President, District Board, Kurnool, hereby appoints M.R.Ry. K. Tirukrama Sastri Avargal, Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Cumbum range, to be a member of the Markapur Taluk Board.

Kurnool District Board's Office,
25th March 1919.

C. F. BRACKENBURY,
President.

Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur Mankata Cevilakath Krishna Varma Raja Avargal has been appointed, by election, as a member of the Malabar District Board, by the Malapuram Taluk Board.

Malabar District Board's Office,
24th March 1919.

J. F. HALL,
President.

Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the undermentioned gentlemen have been appointed, by election, as members of the Salem District Board by the Dharmapuri Taluk Board :—

(1) M.R.Ry. Bhavanishachar Venkoba Rao Avargal.
(2) M.R.Ry. H. Venkataramma Chettiyar Veh Chettiyar Avargal.

Salem District Board's Office,
21st March 1919.

E. W. LEGH,
President.

Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. John Gnanamuthu Manammoney Avargal, B.A., has been duly elected as a member of the Tanjore District Board by the Taluk Board, Tanjore.

Tanjore District Board's Office,
23rd March 1919.

I. B. HUGGINS,
President.

In exercise of the power delegated to him by the Governor in Council under section 160 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the President, District Board, Vizagapatam, hereby appoints M.R.Ry. Pirumalla Audikesayana Garu, Retired Subadar, *vice* M.R.Ry. K. Gurumurti Chetti Garu, to be a member of the Narsapatam Taluk Board.

Vizagapatam District Board's Office,
27th February 1919.

H. A. B. VERNON,
President.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

Reg. No. 9—M.

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

Published by Authority.

No. 13.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 1, 1919. [Price, 3 annas.

Part I-B.—Educational.

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HOME DEPARTMENT.

(Education.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, March 26, 1919.

No. 68.—Under section 21 (4) of the Indian Universities Act, 1904, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to sanction the affiliation to the University of Madras of the Government Madrasa-i-Azam, Madras, in Group (iii)—Histories, Logic, Persian, Urdu and Arabic—of the Intermediate course of study.

No. 69.—Under section 21 (4) of the Indian Universities Act, 1904, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to sanction the further affiliation to the University of Madras of the Ceded Districts College, Anantapur, in Groups (v) and (vi) of the B.A. Degree course, the language under the latter group being Telugu with Sanskrit or Early South India History.

Fort St. George, March 28, 1919.

No. 70.—Under the Indian Universities Act, 1904, section 10, the Chancellor of the University of Madras is pleased to re-nominate the following gentlemen to be Ordinary Fellows of the Madras University, with effect from 21st April 1919:—

The Reverend Peter Carty, S.J., M.A., D.D. | Mr. Henry Herbert Dodwell, M.A.

No. 71.—Under the Indian Universities Act, 1904, section 10, the Chancellor of the University of Madras is pleased to nominate the following gentlemen to be Ordinary Fellows of the Madras University:—

The Hon'ble Mr. William Hutton, A.M.I.C.E. | Mr. James Alfred Yates, M.A.

Fort St. George, April 1, 1919.

No. 72.—Authors, publishers and others who may desire to present works to the British Museum are informed that the Registrar of Books, Madras, will arrange to forward presentation copies to the Trustees of the British Museum. Cases or parcels of books intended for despatch should be addressed to the Trustees of the British Museum, care of the Registrar of Books, Madras, accompanied by a letter stating the contents and requesting the Registrar to forward the cases or parcels.

R. RAMACHANDRA RAO,
Secretary to Government.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTIFICATIONS.

APPOINTMENT.

The Director is pleased to appoint M R.Ry. K. Narasimham, Supervisor of Elementary Schools, Narasaraopet sub-range, acting in the Narasapur sub-range, to act as Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Narasaraopet range, sub. *pro tem* in the Probationary class, vice M R Ry. K. Venkataramanayya on other duty or until further orders. To join expeditiously on relief.

K. LITTLEHAILES,
Director of Public Instruction.

Madras, 25th March 1919.

GOVERNMENT TECHNICAL EXAMINATIONS—APRIL 1919.

ORAL AND PRACTICAL EXAMINATIONS.

It is hereby notified that the arrangements made for the conduct of the Oral and Practical Examinations for the several subjects under the different groups will be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, from time to time, the subjects, centres, etc., to which the arrangements relate being specified. In all cases for which no arrangements are notified in the Gazette, the necessary information can be obtained from the Chief Superintendents of the Written Examination concerned.

2. Candidates who may not be able to attend the Oral and Practical Examinations should intimate the fact, sufficiently early, to the examiner whose name is entered first against the subjects brought up by them, so that arrangements may not be made for their examination. The particular subjects and grades for which the candidates concerned are unable to attend should be clearly specified in the letter to the examiner.

3. Candidates for carpentry, fitter's work and any other subject, the practical examination in which requires the use of tools, etc., should bring their own tools, etc., with them.

4. The following arrangements have been made for the conduct of the Oral and Practical Examinations in the subjects mentioned below :—

[*N.B.*—The blanks will be filled up in a later issue.]

Days with date.	Subjects.	Grade of examination.	Hour of commencement of examination.	Approximate number of candidates to be examined.	Place of examination.	Examiners.

I.—CIVIL ENGINEERING AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERING.

(1) FOR CUDDAPAH, VELLORE AND MADRAS CANDIDATES, *At Madras.*

1919.						
Thursday, 3rd April.	Building Materials and Construction.	Elementary.	6-45 a.m.	9	College of Engineering, Chepauk, Madras.	Mr. R. W. Barber (c) and Mr. W. C. Old.
	Do.	Intermediate	6-45 a.m.	26	Do.	Do.
Friday, 4th April.	Hydraulics and Irrigation works.	Elementary.	6-45 a.m.	11	Do.	Mr. W. H. James (b) and Mr. R. W. Barker.
	Do.	Intermediate.	6-45 a.m.	26	Do.	Do.
	Bridge-work	Elementary.	6-45 a.m.	8	Do.	Mr. H W. Barker (a) and Mr. W. C. Old.
	Do.	Intermediate.	6-45 a.m.	18	Do.	Do.
Saturday, 5th April.	Surveying and Levelling	Elementary.	6-45 a.m.	12	Do.	Mr. W. H. James (b) and Mr. R. W. Barker.
	Do.	Intermediate.	6-45 a.m.	31	Do.	Do.
Monday, 7th April.	Applied Mechanics ..	Elementary.	6-45 a.m.	24	Do.	Do.
	Do.	Intermediate.	6-45 a.m.	9	Do.	Do.
	Machine Construction ..	Elementary.	6-45 a.m.	10	Do.	Mr. W. H. James (b) and Mr W. P. Roberts.
	Do	Intermediate.	6-45 a.m.	7	Do.	Mr W. P. Roberts (c) and Mr. W. H. James.
Tuesday, 8th April.	Steam and the Steam Engine.	Elementary.	6-45 a.m.	15	Do.	Do.
	Do.	Intermediate.	6-45 a.m.	5	Do.	Mr. W. H. James (c) and Mr. W. P. Roberts.
Wednesday, 9th April.	Mensuration	Elementary.	6-45 a.m.	18	Do.	Mr. W. P. Roberts (c) and Mr. W. H. James.
Thursday 10th April	Earthwork and Road making.	Do.	6-45 a.m.	12	Do.	Mr. R. W. Barker (c) and Mr. W. C. Old.
	Do.	Intermediate.	6-45 a.m.	18	Do.	Do
....	Carpentry	Elementary	....	1	....	....
	Fitter's work ..	Do.	....	22	....	....
	Do.	Intermediate.	....	5	....	....

(a) = Kilpauk, Madras. (b) = Chepauk, Madras (c) = Purrington Road, Chetpet, Madras.

(By order)

Office of the Comm'r for Govt. Examinations,
Madras, 18th March 1919.

D. A. HOBDAY,
Secretary.

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST CLASS, MADRAS MEDICAL COLLEGE.

It is hereby notified for general information that candidates holding European High School Certificates or such Secondary School-leaving Certificates as are considered by the Principal, Medical College, to show a sufficient level of education will be eligible for admission into the Chemist and Druggist class. No exemptions can be granted.

The class will be held at the Madras Medical College from 2nd July 1919. The course extends over two years.

Applications for admission to the class should be sent to the Principal, Medical College, before the 15th June next. Qualification, conduct, transfer or leaving and examination certificates, all in original, must be attached to the applications. Printed forms of application can be had from the Senior Assistant, Medical College, on sending a half-anna postage stamp.

Medical College, Madras,
15th March 1919.

A. MILLER, Lieut.-Col., I.M.S.,
Principal.

GOVERNMENT TRAINING SCHOOLS, SEVENTH CIRCLE.

The Inspector of Schools, Seventh Circle, hereby notifies for the information of the Assistant Inspectors, Sub-Assistant Inspectors, and the Managers of aided schools that candidates of the elementary grade will be admitted for training into Government Training Schools, Tinnevelly and Dindigul, under his charge.

2. The period of training is two years.

3. The Inspector of Schools will make the selection on the recommendation of the subordinate inspecting officers.

4. Assistant Inspectors of Schools are requested to submit direct to this office two lists (in the prescribed form)—one of selected and the other of rejected candidates—so as to reach this office not later than the 15th May 1919.

5. The names of candidates in the selected list should appear in the order of precedence and in the selection, rules 114 and 115 of the Madras Educational Rules should be closely observed.

6. In the case of rejected candidates, the reasons for rejection should be specified.

7. In addition to provincial stipendiaries, candidates whose stipends are paid by local or municipal boards, will be admitted for training, as also private candidates as free students.

8. The stipends of candidates who hold appointments, permanent or sub. *pro tem.*, in Board schools, or who have been given provisional appointments by the Presidents of local boards should be paid by the Presidents of local boards who employ them. A list of all such candidates and the amount of provision available under 'Stipends' for each taluk board should be shown separately from the list of provincial stipendiaries.

9. The list should include no one who has not been a teacher before or concerning whom there is a doubt whether he really intends to make teaching his profession.

10. As regards qualifications for admission, only those candidates who have passed the annual examination of the third form or the seventh standard and have been found fit for promotion to the fourth form or have been awarded Elementary School-leaving certificates of the seventh standard are eligible for admission into the elementary higher class, and only those who have passed the late primary examination or a corresponding public or school examination are eligible for admission into the elementary lower class. Preference should be given as far as possible, to candidates whose educational attainments are above those minimum requirements.

11. The certificate of general education of each candidate should be sent in original with the application.

H. CHAMPION,
Inspector of Schools, Seventh Circle.

Madras, 17th March 1919.

GOVERNMENT TRAINING SCHOOLS, SIXTH CIRCLE.

The Inspector of Schools, Sixth Circle, hereby notifies that candidates of the secondary and elementary grades will be admitted for training in July 1919 in the following Government Training Schools under his charge :—

Number.	Name of institution.	Number of stipends available.			
		Secondary.	Elementary.		Total
			HIGHER.	LOWER.	
1	Government Secondary Training School, Tanjore.	30	..	..	30
2	Government Higher Elementary Training School Tanjore.	..	42	42	84
3	Government Higher Elementary Training School, Mannargudi.	..	30	40	70

2. The period of training in the case of secondary students is one year and in the case of elementary students, two years.

3. The Inspector of Schools, Sixth Circle, will make the selection on the recommendation of the subordinate inspecting officers.

4. The Sub-Assistant Inspectors are requested to submit to the Inspector through the Assistant Inspector, two lists, one of selected and the other of rejected candidates. Each selected list should contain six names and no more. Rejected should show reasons for rejection against each name. Applications for admission into the Secondary grade should be sent to the Inspector direct through the correspondents of the schools in which they may be employed; if they are employed in elementary schools the application should be sent through the Sub-Assistant Inspectors of the ranges.

5. Persons holding Matriculation certificates or such secondary school-leaving certificates as are accepted by the Inspector are eligible for admission into the secondary grade. Persons who have passed the special examination under the secondary school-leaving certificate scheme are also qualified for admission into the secondary grade. For admission into the elementary higher grade class, candidates should have passed the middle school or lower secondary examination or should furnish transfer certificates or other satisfactory evidence of having completed *successfully* a III Form course. Only those who have passed the primary examination or its equivalent need apply for admission into the elementary lower grade.

6. Candidates who do not satisfy the condition of age laid down in rule 14 of the Madras Educational Rules should not, except in very special circumstances, be included in the list.

7. Printed forms of application can be obtained by applicants for training in the Secondary grade from the Inspector of Schools provided they apply through the correspondent of a recognized secondary school. All others should apply to the Sub-Assistant Inspectors of their ranges.

8. The applications of candidates who have not forwarded general education certificates in original will not be considered. The certificate of physical fitness will be required only of the candidates chosen as stipendiaries.

9. Application should reach the Inspector before the 1st May 1919. Applications which are received after the above date or which are not prepared in accordance with the above instructions will not be considered. Applications from teachers employed in schools outside the Sixth Circle must come through the Circle Inspectors.

10. In addition to Provincial stipendiaries, candidates whose stipends are paid by local or municipal boards will be admitted for training. There may also be vacancies for free students without stipends. No Provincial stipends will be sanctioned for teachers who hold permanent appointments in board and municipal schools or who hold sub. *pro tem.* appointments in permanent vacancies or who have been given provisional appointments by presidents of local boards who employ them. The applications of such candidates should be signed by the presidents of local boards and not by inspecting officers.

K. NATESA AYYAR,
Acting Inspector of Schools, Sixth Circle.

Tanjore, 11th March 1919.

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING, VIZAGAPATAM.

It is hereby notified that scholarships from "The Silver Wedding Fund" may be awarded to the sons of Indian soldiers who have fallen or been permanently disabled in the war, for prosecuting their studies in this institution. Applications from the intending candidates who are also educationally qualified for admission, as per Rules of the Institution published on page 85, Part I-B of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 11th February 1919, will be received by the undersigned till the 1st May 1919.

P. H. ENGLAND,
Acting Superintendent.

Vizagapatam, 12th March 1919.

SCHOLARSHIPS FOR THE STUDY OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING.

Government have sanctioned the award of three scholarships of the value of Rs. 30 each per mensem, tenable by natives of the Presidency at the College of Engineering, Madras, for a period of four years commencing on the 7th July 1919 for the study of Mechanical Engineering and Electrical Engineering. Candidates desirous of applying for these scholarships should submit their applications to the Principal so as to reach him not later than the 1st June 1919. Each application should be in the candidate's own handwriting and in the form appended. The selections will rest with the Principal.

2. Candidates should be either Graduates in Arts or have passed the Intermediate examinations of the Madras University with Group I as the optional branch. They will be required to produce satisfactory evidence of good character and of physical fitness to undergo the course of study that will have to be followed. The applications should show clearly age, nationality and general educational attainments.

3. The holders of the scholarships will not be bound by any engagement to serve Government on the completion of their course, nor will the Government be bound to employ them. Each holder will, however, be required to find two sureties to execute an agreement, providing for the refund to the Government of the amount of the scholarship, should he fail to obtain the diploma granted at the end of the course.

4. The scholarships will be disbursed by the Principal of the College of Engineering. In case the Principal is not satisfied with the progress or conduct of any scholarship-holder, the scholarship will be stopped.

5. Particulars of the course of study and a copy of the College rules may be obtained on application to the Principal.

NOTE.—There is no restriction in regard to age and holders of these scholarships can qualify for the college diploma, but they are ineligible for the guaranteed appointment, medals and prizes. The fees and deposit money specified in the rules must be paid by scholarship-holders. Applicants must conform generally to the ordinary regulations regarding the submission of applications.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR SCHOLARSHIP.

(To be in the candidate's handwriting.)

To the Principal, College of Engineering, Madras.

Sir,

I request that I may be considered a candidate for a scholarship to enable me to pursue the course of study in Mechanical and Electrical Engineering at the College of Engineering, Madras. The required particulars and a certificate that I am physically fit to undergo the course from a qualified medical practitioner are forwarded herewith.

I am, Sir,
Yours

Date 191 .

Particulars.

(1) Name, father's name; (2) age; (3) religion; (4) place of birth; (5) school or college last Attended; (6) highest standard studied; (7) languages known; (8) present occupation, (9) name and address of father or guardian; name in full, address in full.

I solemnly affirm that I possess the pecuniary ability to go through the full course which I desire to take and that I am not likely to leave the college on account of pecuniary difficulties.

(Applicant)

College of Engineering, Madras,
27th March 1919.

W. H. JAMES,
Principal.

GOVERNMENT TRAINING SCHOOL FOR MISTRESSES, MANGALORE.

Applications are invited from candidates for admission to elementary grade training into the Government Training School for Mistresses, Mangalore.

2. The period of training will be two years.

3. Rates of stipends are shown below :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Stipendiaries who have completed their studies in the seventh standard or form III	10	9	9
Hindu mistresses	10	8	0
Mohammedans	10	8	0
Panchamas	9	8	0
Others	8	8	0

4. A guardian allowance not exceeding Rs. 5 per mensem will be given to caste Hindu women whose age is below 18 and who are not permanent residents of the town and who have no relatives residing thereon. The allowances are payable only to those who live with a legal guardian and who will be held responsible for the refund of stipends, etc., received.

5. Application for admission shall be sent through the inspecting officers, the presidents of local boards, the chairmen of municipal councils and the managers of secondary schools, so as to reach the Headmistress, Government Training School for Mistresses, Mangalore, not later than 16th April 1919. Applications received after that date will be returned.

6. The following certificates in original shall be attached to the application :—

(a) a certificate of health and vaccination signed by a competent authority,

(b) a general educational certificate signed by a competent authority.

(c) a certificate of conduct signed by an inspecting officer or the president of a local board or the chairman of a municipal council or the manager or the headmaster of a recognized secondary school. Certificates signed by Supervisors of Schools, the managers of elementary schools and secretaries of municipal councils will not be accepted.

7. Forms of application can be obtained on indent from the headmistress.

8. An entrance examination in (1) vernacular language; (2) general knowledge; 3) arithmetic will be held on the 16th April 1919 and candidates who fulfil other conditions will be chosen in the order in which they pass.

C. GONSALVES,
First Assistant in charge.

Mangalore, 27th March 1919.

THE PRESIDENCY COLLEGE.

THE LORD ELPHINSTONE PRIZE FOR 1919.

Subject for English essay.—ENGLISH PRIME MINISTERS OF THE VICTORIAN ERA.

Conditions.

1. The competition is open to students who were members of the fourth year Pass or fifth year Honours class at the end of the academic year 1918-19.

2. The essay must be *neatly* and *legibly* written or typed on thick English foolscap and on one side of the paper only.

3. The writer is required to attach to his essay a declaration in the following terms :—

"I hereby declare upon my honour that, in writing this essay, I have not received assistance from any one nor have I referred to works other than those mentioned below."

4. The essay must reach the Principal on or before the 1st August 1919.

THE POWELL AND MOREHEAD VERNACULAR PRIZE FOR 1920.

Subject of essay.—THE LITERARY KINDS IN TELUGU—THEIR EVOLUTION AND WORTH.

Conditions.

1. The competition is open to all students who have graduated from the Presidency College provided that (1) they were students in the Senior Department of the said College of at least two years' standing and (2) that at the time fixed for the competition they are graduates of not more than five years' standing.

2. The essay must be in Telugu.

3. The essay must be neatly and legibly written on thick English foolscap on one side of the paper only.

4 The writer will be required to attach to his essay a declaration in the following terms :—

"I hereby declare upon my honour that, in writing this essay I have not received assistance from any one, nor have I referred to works other than those mentioned below."

5. The essay must reach the Principal not later than the 1st August 1920.

6. The value of the prize is Rs. 150.

The Presidency College, Madras,
14th March 1919.

H. J. ALLEN,
Principal.

THE MADRAS STUDENTS' ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

President: The Vice-Chancellor of the University of Madras (ex officio).

Vice-President: The Director of Public Instruction, Madras (ex officio).

Members:

The Hon'ble the Resident at Hyderabad (ex officio).
The Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore (ex officio).
Raja Venkata Raja, C.I.E., Valia Sirkhiki of Kolengode.
The Hon'ble the Rev. G. Pittendrigh, M.A.
Mr. L. C. Hodgson, Director of Public Instruction, Travancore.
Mr. F. S. Davies, B.A., Director of Education, Cochin.
M.R.Ry. K. Ramunni Menon Avargal, M.A., Professor of Zoology, Presidency College.
M.R.Ry. Fazl Appaswami Avargal, M.A., Bar-at-Law, Professor, Law College.
Saiyid Esan Maand, Director of Public Instruction, Hyderabad.
Rao Bahadur K. Ramanuja Acharlyar, Principal, Maharaja's College, Vizianagram.
The Rev. W. M. Zenker, M.A., Principal, American Mission College, Madura.
The Rev. Allen Gardiner, Principal, S.P.G. College, Trichinopoly.
Mr. Young Hacker, Headmaster, Bishop Corrie's High School, Madras.
The Hon'ble Yaqub Hasan Sahib Bahadur.
Mr. Krishna Pandalai, B.A., Bar-at-Law.
The Principal, College of Engineering.
The Principal, Medical College.
The Director of Industries.

Secretary: Mr. A. Davies, Principal, Law College, Madras.

The main functions of the Committee are—

(1) To furnish information and advice to Indians who contemplate going to England.

(2) To circulate in India to colleges and other institutions the Educational, Financial and Social information collected by the Bureau in London.

(3) To communicate with the Central Bureau on behalf of students before they start, or on behalf of their parents when they are in England.

Students of the Madras Presidency and of Native States whose colleges are affiliated to the Madras University, who contemplate going to England, and the relatives and friends of those who are going or are already gone, are invited to correspond with Mr. Arthur Davies, Secretary to the Madras Committee at the Law College, Madras, from whom all necessary information can be obtained.

Letters from Madras students to the Educational Adviser in London or to other Educational authorities in Great Britain are forwarded to the Madras Secretary for disposal and much delay will therefore be saved by *direct* correspondence with the latter.

There is a library attached to the Secretary's office at the Law College consisting of the prospectuses, syllabuses and calendars of the various educational institutions and universities in Great Britain and students and other enquirers will be allowed the use of the library on all week days except Saturdays and holidays between 12 noon and 5 p.m.

A. DAVIES,
Secretary, Madras Students' Advisory Committee.

VACANCIES.

WANTED for the Government Hindu Girls' School, Pittapur, a second-grade trained mistress below 25 years of age as Headmistress on Rs. 20 per mensem.

2. Applications should contain information on the following points :—

Full name, age, caste, educational and professional qualifications, present appointment, if any and period of service. Copies of certificates of education and character should accompany the application.

Vizagapatam, 10th March 1919.

WANTED a trained woman teacher of the secondary grade as First Assistant in the training section of the Government Training School for Muhammadan mistresses, Guntur, on Rs. 30—1—40. Her optional language should be Hindustani or she must have a good working knowledge of the language.

2. Full name, caste, age, general and professional qualifications, period of service, if any, should be stated in the applications and copies of certificates of education and character should be submitted.

Vizagapatam, 13th March 1919. M. A. SRINIVASA,
Acting Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Northern Circle.

WANTED a B.A., L.T. (with Mathematics and Science as his optionals) for the Headmaster's post in the Board Middle School at Surada on a salary of Rs. 50—2½—75 per mensem, on probation for one year.

2. Also a trained Intermediate candidate (with Mathematics and Science as his optionals) for an Assistant Lecturer's post in the same school on a salary of Rs. 40—1—50 a month.

Only Uriya-knowing men need apply.

Taluk Board's Office, Goomsur, 11th March 1919. [Illegible],
President.

WANTED applications from qualified men for the post of Second Clerk in this office on Rs. 25—1—30. The vacancy is at present sub. *pro tem.*, but is likely to last long and eventually become permanent. Only those who have good experience in clerical work in the department should apply. Applications should contain particulars as to age, qualifications and service and should be submitted through the head of the office, accompanied by copies of the latest testimonials, if any.

Madras, 17th March 1919. H. W. CALLAGHAN,
Acting Inspector of Schools, Fourth Circle.

WANTED immediately for the office of the undersigned an Attender on Rs. 10 plus a local allowance of Rs. 3-3-0 per mensem. Applications giving the following particulars and accompanied by copies of testimonials, if any, may be sent. None but Muhammadans, who know how to read and write *Hindustani* and *Tamil* and studied at least up to Third Form or passed the late Lower Secondary Examination need apply :—

(1) Name, (2) age, (3) present appointment with salary, (4) highest examination passed and year, and (5) vernaculars known.

Vellore, 19th March 1919. T. MUHAMMAD HUSSAIN SAHIB,
Sub-Asst. Inspector of Schools, Vellore Muhammadan Range.

APPLICATIONS are invited from qualified women graduates for the post of Additional Assistant on Rs. 150 in this school.

Presidency Training School for Mistresses, Egmore, Madras, 25th March 1919.

WANTED immediately a trained woman teacher of the secondary grade as Sixth Assistant of this school on Rs 40—2—60.

Full name, caste, age, general and professional qualifications and period of service, if any, should be stated in the applications and copies of certificates of education and character should be submitted.

Presidency Training School for Mistresses, Egmore, Madras, 20th March 1919. K. MYERS,
Acting Superintendent.

APPLICATIONS are invited from trained Hindu mistresses of the secondary grade for a teacher's post in the Government Girls' School, Tiruvannamalai, on Rs. 40 per mensem.

2. Applications, which should be submitted in the following form, should reach the undersigned before the 30th April 1919 :—

(1) Name of the candidate ; (2) date of birth ; (3) native town and taluk ; (4) qualifications ; (5) where trained and what ; and (6) copies of testimonials.

Madras, 27th March 1919. J. L. DRYSDALE,
Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle.

MADRAS : PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

Reg. No. 1—H

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

No. 13.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 1, 1919. [Price, 4 as. 6 p.

Part II.—Miscellaneous Notifications.

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Supplements
Abstract of season reports for the week ending 26th March 1919
Season Report for the month of February 1919.

APPOINTMENTS, LEAVE, &c.

Registration.

Postings.—The following postings of Sub-Registrars are ordered :—

Sahjan Mohammad Ahmadullah Ghutalah Sahib, on return from leave, to South Madras (Madras-Chingleput district).

Saiyid Madar Hussain Sahib, on return from leave, to Sivagiri (Tinnevelly district).

Krishnaswami Nayudu Sundaram Nayudu, to be Joint Sub-Registrar II, Madura (Madura district).

Madras, 25th March 1919.

M.R.Ry. Vilasham Sesha Acharya, to Arni (North Arcot district).

Madras, 27th March 1919.

C. M. SCHMIDT,
Inspector-General of Registration.

Judicial.

No. 30. Leave.—M.R.Ry. Sevvel Venkatarama Padmanabha Ayyangar Avargal, District Munsif of Perumukundi, is granted privilege leave from the 5th to the 13th March 1919, both days inclusive, five days of the leave being on full salary and the rest on half salary, under articles 211 (c) and 271 of the Civil Service Regulations and para. 2, under articles 272 and 274 of the Madras Supplement to the Civil Service Regulations.

High Court, Madras,
25th March 1919.

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No. 31. Leave.—M.R.Ry. Kodandaramaswami Souriajula Nayudu Garu, District Munsif of Kumbakonam, is granted combined leave for two months from the 26th January 1919, privilege leave on half salary for one month and seven days and leave on private affairs for the rest of the period, under articles 272, 285 and 337 of the Civil Service Regulations.

High Court, Madras,
26th March 1919.

No. 32. Leave.—M.R.Ry. Parakat Sankunni Menon Avargal, District Munsif of Davakotta, is granted privilege leave on half salary for one month from the 29th March 1919, under article 271 of the Civil Service Regulations.

High Court, Madras,
25th March, 1919.

Promotion.—The following grade promotion of a District Munsif is ordered in continuation of the High Court notification, dated 7th January 1919, published at pages 47 to 49, Part II of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 14th January 1919:—

(With effect from the 19th August 1918), promotion of Mr. P. N. Satagopa Nayudu as permanent Subordinate Judge.

M.R.Ry. Mather Ramaswami Pattar Sankara Ayyar Avargal, to be District Munsif, second grade.

B. H. COURTENAY,
Registrar.

High Court, Madras,
26th March 1919.

FOREST.

Leave.—Mr. E. E. Lemon, Ranger, third grade, in charge of Ambasamudram range, Tinnevelly district, is granted combined leave for three months, viz., privilege leave for two months and thirteen days from 8th March 1919 and leave on medical certificate for the remaining period.

Salem, 25rd March 1919.

Postings.—Mr. T. L. Chakko, Ranger, third grade, doing duty under the Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, on special spike investigation duty, is posted to the charge of Thammampatti range, south Salem division.

K. Parthasarathi Aryangar (M.R.M.), Deputy Ranger, second grade, to act as Ranger, sixth grade, vice Ranger S. M. Sundaravadanam Pillai, on other duty in connexion with hay operations and posted to South Vellore division.

Syed Munawer, Ranger, sixth grade, is, on return from privilege leave, posted to the charge of Ambasamudram range, Tinnevelly district.

H. A. LATHAM,
Conservator of Forests, Southern Circle.

Salem, 22nd March 1919.

Transfers.—(1) M.R.Ry. K. L. Govindakrishna Ayyar, Ranger, sixth grade, Segur range, Nilgiri district (on privilege leave for two months from 21st February 1919), is transferred to South Malabar to charge of Mannarghat range. To join on the expiry of his leave.

(2) Mr. A. G. Jesudasan Pillai, Ranger, sixth grade, Mannarghat range, South Malabar division, on relief (by No. 1) is transferred to the Nilgiri district to charge of Segur range.

C. D. McCARTHY,
Conservator of Forests, Western Circle.

Coimbatore, 27th March 1919.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Reversions.—The following reversions are ordered on the permanent upper subordinate establishment:—

(1) With effect from the 19th February 1919, in consequence of the return to duty of M.R.Ry. A. Kuppuswami Ayyar, Supervisor, second grade, provisionally permanent, from furlough:—

M.R.Ry. K. Venkatacharlu, from Supervisor, second grade, temporary rank, to Overseer, first grade, permanent.

M.R.Ry. V. Ramaswami Ayyar, from Overseer, first grade, temporary rank, to Overseer, second grade, permanent.

(2) With effect from the 25th February 1919, in consequence of the return to duty of M.R.Ry. T. C. Narayanaswami Ayyar, Overseer, first grade, provisionally permanent, from leave on medical certificate:—

M.R.Ry. T. Anant-charlu, from Overseer, first grade, temporary rank (seconded), to Overseer, second grade, permanent (seconded).

M.R.Ry. M. S. Ramaswami Ayyar, from Overseer, first grade, temporary rank, to Overseer, second grade, permanent.

W. I. J. HOWLEY,
Chief Engineer, P.W.D. (General and Irrigation).

Madras, 27th March 1919.

Extension of Leave.—The privilege leave for forty days with effect from 12th November 1918, sanctioned to M.R.Ry. V. R. Venkatarama Ayyar, Overseer, second grade, Ganjam division, in this office notification published on page 4, Part II of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 7th January 1919, is hereby extended by nineteen days.

M. R. KHAREGAT,
Superintending Engineer, I Circle.

Waltair, 25th March 1919.

Transfers.—M.R Ry N. A. Sankara Ayyar, Supervisor, first grade, temporary, and M.R.Ry. N. V. Subbayya, temporary Upper Subordinate, Godavari Western division, are transferred to the Guntur division. The transfer of temporary Upper Subordinate N. V. Subbayya carries with it sanction to transit pay and travelling allowance.

J. B. LUTMAN,
Superintending Engineer, II Circle.

Bezwada 29th March 1919.

Transfers.—M.R.Ry. P. V. Sriruma Ayyar Avargal, from the charge of the T.R.S. subdivision, Bellary division, to the charge of Hospet subdivision of the same division. To relieve M.R Ry. G. V Kuppuswami Ayyar Avargal on or before 10th April 1919.

M.R Ry. G. V. Kuppuswami Ayyar Avargal, on relief of the charge of the Hospet subdivision, Bellary division, to the charge of the T.R.S. subdivision, Cuddapah division. To relieve M.R.Ry. L. S. Sapthariahi Ayyar Avargal on or before the 15th April 1919.

M.R Ry. L. S. Sapthariahi Ayyar Avargal, on relief of the charge of the T.R.S. subdivision, Cuddapah division, to the charge of the T.R.S. subdivision, Madanapalle division. To relieve M.R.Ry. P. S. Narasimha Ayyar Avargal on or before the 23rd April 1919.

M.R Ry. P. S Narasimha Ayyar Avargal, on relief of the charge of the T.R.S. subdivision, Madanapalle division, to the charge of the T.R.S. subdivision, Bellary division. To join on or before 28th April 1919.

M.R Ry. P. V. Sriruma Ayyar Avargal will hold charge of the T.R.S. subdivision, Bellary division, in addition to the charge of the Hospet subdivision, until M.R Ry. P. S Narasimha Ayyar Avargal joins.

L. D. VENKATARAMA AYYAR,
Superintending Engineer, III Circle.

Bellary, 24th March 1919.

Leave and Appointment.—M R Ry. Nagalingam Pillai Kandasami Pillai Avargal, Sub Engineer, third grade, in charge of the No. II Subdivision, Tank Restoration Scheme, VI Circle, is granted, under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for two months with effect from the 7th April 1919 or date of relief.

M R Ry. G. Ramaswami Ayyar Avargal, Executive Engineer, Tank Restoration Scheme Division, will hold charge of No. II subdivision in addition to his own duties during the absence of M.R.Ry. N. Kandaswami Pillai Avargal, Sub-Engineer, on leave or until further orders.

W. G. MOLESWORTH,
Superintending Engineer, VI Circle.

Trichinopoly, 20th March 1919.

AGRICULTURE.

Confirmation.—Farm Manager, R. Chokkalingam Pillai is confirmed in his post with retrospective effect from the date of appointment as such.

G. A. D. STUART,
Director of Agriculture.

Madras, 20th March 1919.

MEDICAL.

Appointment.—Civil Assistant Surgeon G Bhavani Shanker is placed on Reserve duty, Government Maternity Hospital, Madras, as a temporary measure with effect from 25th February 1919.

(*By order*)

A. C. INGRAM, Major, I.M.S.,
Personal Assistant to the Surgeon-General.

Madras, 25th March 1919.

GENERAL NOTIFICATIONS.

IMPERIAL LIBRARY.

(CORNER OF BANK STREET AND STRAND ROAD, CALCUTTA.)

Open to { WEEK-DAYS AND SATURDAYS, FROM 10 A.M. TO 7 P.M. / SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS, FROM 2 P.M. TO 9 P.M.

The Imperial Library is also a LENDING LIBRARY. It is free to all except children. There is no subscription to pay.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
Librarian.

PATENTS.

The following printed specification of an application for patent, which has been accepted under section 6 of the Indian Patents and Designs Act of 1911, has been published and can be inspected free of charge at the Madras Record Office, Egmore. Copy of this specification may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, at the price of eight annas per copy.

Directions for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price 10 annas), and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price 2 annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller of Patents and Designs.

3559. J. F. Robertson. Improvements in loom pickers.

N. E. MARJORIBANKS,
Acting Chief Secretary.

Fort St. George, 1st April 1919.

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NOTICE OF THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

PUBLIC ROOM, OPEN 11 A.M. TO 4 P.M.; SATURDAYS, 11 A.M TO 1 P.M.

All communications relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) must be made in English and addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed and a full address given in all communications.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Patent Office Handbook (price one rupee) which contains the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary Rules) Act, 1915, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915, together with current regulations and instructions. *These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.*

3. *Advice.*—The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs or on their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public room; (3) to recommend any particular Agent; or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Models are not required unless specially asked for. Drawings must be on tracing cloth and the Rules and Instructions for the preparation of drawings as given in the Handbook should be strictly followed. A provisional patent cannot be secured under the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911.

4. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, is in force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the United Kingdom or any of the British possessions. The International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property does not include India. For information regarding patents in countries other than India applications should be made to the patent offices in the countries concerned.

5. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission for which due allowance should be made. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

6. *Trade and property marks and names* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of law in British India for their registration. Neither does this Act deal with *pictures, photographs, etc.*, for which copyright is obtainable under the Indian Copyright Act, 1914.

7. *Printed specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy; and may be seen free of charge together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places:—

Ahmedabad—B.C. Technical Institute.
Allahabad—Public Library.
Bangalore—Indian Institute of Science.
Bombay—Record Office.
" Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla.
" The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Parel.
Calcutta—Patent Office, No. 1, Council House Street.
" Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.
Cawnpore—Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.
Chinsurah—Office of the Commissioner, Burdwan Division.
Chittagong—Office of the Commissioner, Chittagong Division.
Dacca—Office of the District Board, Dacca.
Delhi—Office of the Deputy Commissioner.
Hyderabad—Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.
Jalpaiguri—Office of the Commissioner, Rajshahi Division.
Karachi—Office of City Deputy Collector.
Lahore—Punjab Public Library.
London—The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
Madras—Record Office, Egmore.
" College of Engineering.
Mysore—Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.
Nagpur—Victoria Technical Institute.
Poona—College of Engineering.
Rangoon—Office of the Revenue Secretary, Government of Burma.
Roorkee—Thomason College.
Sholapur—Office of the Collector.
Washington U.S.A.—The Patent Office.

8. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta; the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office, Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and the Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore. Specifications and other publications of the United Kingdom Patent Office can also be seen at the Patent Office, Calcutta, at the Record Office, Bombay, and at the Connemara Library, Madras.

9 *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office :—

	Price. Rs.	A.	P.
(a) Patent Office Handbook (Acts, Rules, and instructions)	1	0	0
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911	0	10	0
(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911 (Urdu and Hindi) each	0	2	0
(d) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912	0	8	0
(e) Weekly Notifications (Extract from the *Gazette of India*) ..	0	1	0
Annual subscription with postage	3	0	0
(f) Inventions (consolidated subject-matter index 1900—1908 and chronological lists 1900—1908)	2	0	0
(g) Inventions (consolidated subject-matter index 1900—1911 and chronological list, 1900—1911)	3	0	0
(h) Patent Office Journal (issued quarterly) .. .. .. each	0	8	0
(i) Patent Office Journals, 1913, 1914, 1916, 1916, 1917	1	0	0
(j) Printed specifications of inventions since 1912	0	9	0

H. G. GRATES,
Controller of Patents and Designs.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, MADRAS.

STATEMENT I.

Return showing the inland consumption and exports of raw cotton in the Madras Presidency for the week ending 19th March 1919.

(*Note.*—All figures are in bales of 400 lb. each.)

Variety of cotton.	For corresponding week of previous year. Exported by sea (2)	Exported by rail (3)	For the current week. Received at mills (4)	Exported by sea (5)	Exported by rail (6)	Total (7)	Total from 3rd February to corresponding week of previous year. Received at mills. (8)	Exported by sea. (9)	For the current year from 3rd February to date. Received at mills. (10)	Exported by sea (11)	Exported by rail (12)	Total (13)	Exports by sea from 1st August to January from 1st January to date. (14)	Exports by rail from 1st Madras Presidency from 1st January to date. (15)	Total of columns (12) and (13) (16)
Tinnevelly ..	6		30			903			913						
Salem ..	176	208	82	400	1,806	817	2,871		879	718		4,817			
Cambodia ..	618		878			2,418			2,048						
Northern and Western.	823		370			2,933			2,008						
Coimbatore ..	..	..	16	..	320	34	..		120	..		2,634	Not available	Not available.	
Outside cotton.	311	..	320	..	320	2,014	..		1,532	..		1,532			
Total ..	2,133	208	1,404	400	2,804	11,925	2,871		8,372	718		9,092			9,092

(a) Returns have been supplied in the corresponding week of previous year by 12 mills.
(b) Do. do. in the current week by 11 mills.
(c) Exports by sea in current week are—Madras nil ; Tuticorin 400 ; Coimbatore nil ; Cuddalore nil.

STATEMENT II.

Quantity of cotton pressed in the pressing factories and of unpressed cotton received at spinning mills in the Madras Presidency during the week ending 15th March 1919.

Variety of cotton	In previous year. Number pressed in the week ending 15th March 1918 (1)	Number pressed from 3rd February till 15th March 1918 (2)	Unpressed cotton received in mills from 3rd February till 15th March 1918. (3)	Total cotton consumed for the period from 3rd February till 15th March 1918. (4)	In current year. Number pressed in the current week (5)	Number pressed from 3rd February to date (6)	Unpressed cotton received at mills from 3rd February to date. (7)	Total cotton procured and for from 3rd February to date (8)	Minister's estimate of the yield to crop (9)
Tinnevelly	203	1,886	181	1,889	..	724	900	1,623	127,800
Salem	..	..	392	392	..	..	208	208	13,400
Cambodia	3,777	10,718	1,172	11,840	1,073	(a) 1,288	198	4,186	243,900
Northern and Westerns.	1,309	6,709	..	6,718	1,310	(b) 5,237	8	5,240	191,800
Coimbatore	103	786	..	748	203	1,009	40	1,048	53,100
Total ..	5,391	18,870	1,615	17,785	2,784	11,810	1,117	12,256	630,000

(a) Includes 97 bales not reported in previous weeks.
(b) Do. 178 do. do.

Madras, 24th March 1919.

G. A. D. STUART,
Director of Agriculture.

TREASURE TROVE.

Under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act, notice is hereby given that, in the month of January 1918, a treasure consisting of Rs. 77 tied in an old piece of cloth was found in a hole under the foot of a tree on the Devipattanam road, Ramnad taluk, Ramnad district. All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear before the Collector of Ramnad either personally or by any agent duly authorized by law on the 7th April 1919 at his office at Madura at 12 noon in order that the matter may be inquired into and determined according to law.

Description.			Value. Rs. A.
Whole rupees	..	..	56 0
Three ¼ rupee coins	..	..	1 9
Four ¼ rupee coins	..	..	1 0
Two ½ rupee coins	..	..	0 1
One 10 Rs. currency note	..	83110	10 0

Description.				Value. Rs. A.
Cash	..	..	..	9 4
		Total	..	77 0

Ramnad Collector's Office,
28th November 1918.

A. F. G. MOSCARDI,
Collector.

It is hereby notified, under section 5 of Act VI of 1878, that the undermentioned treasure was found by (1) a boy Ramanayan and (2) a girl Sellai of Mulaidhamangalam, Nannilam taluk, on 18th February 1918, while removing earth and grazing sheep in S.F. No. 67-A. (natham poramboke) of the village:—

Serial number and name of the article.	Number of the articles.	Weight in tola-masha-ratti.	Value. Rs. A. P.
1. Earring made of gold wire (large).	2	12½	2 12 0
2. Earring made of gold wire (small).	2	1	4 0 0
3. Koppulay (gold) with wax.	2	1½	1 4 0
4. Pookkhoodu (gold).	2	10	2 12 0
5. Nattikam (gold) ..	1	8	2 4 0
6. Karai di pottu (gold).	2	8	1 8 0
7. Ottiapoo (gold) ..	2	12½	3 12 0
8. Sarai pam (silver) ..	1	..	2 0 0
9. Kuppi (gold) ..	2	1½	5 4 0
10. Square pottu (gold).	1	1	1 8 0
11. Mar mani (gold) ..	2	11	3 14 0
12. Kai chain (silver) ..	2	8	0 8 0
13. Valayi Pottu (gold).	11	12½	5 2 0
14. Rosakhanchan with pearls (gold).	2	1½	5 12 0
15. Arishai (gold) ..	2	½	0 12 0
16. Beads resembling wheat (gold).	48	2½	11 12 0
17. Earring made of red stones.	..	..	1 0 0
18. Kochi kasu (fowl coin (copper	15	½	KHER. 0 1 0
19. Palam (silver) ..	3	1½	1 0 0
20. Silver bangle ..	2	6	2 0 0
21. Uggilika pasli (silver)	4	2	PICARA-PUAM. 2 4 0
22. Seven gin (?) Talia mala (Sanskrit)	2	1½	GRAM. 0 2 0
23. Rusty Guppi (copper a little (case).	1	1	0 1 0
			75 15 0

All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Tanjore at his office on Thursday the 18th April 1919 in view to the matter being inquired into and determined according to law.

Tanjore Collector's Office,
7th November 1918.

J. B. HUGGINS,
Collector.

Notice is hereby given, under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878, that the undermentioned treasure is stated to have been found on the 12th July 1918 in S.F. No. 373 of Dudekunjer village, Nellore taluk, belonging to one Golla Subbayya alias Sangapu Venkatasubbayya by one Guddam Subbadu while digging earth on behalf of Varanasi Seshayya:—

Details of the find.	Weight.	Estimated value. Rs.
(1) One gold nose with two hooks and hundred gold beads of the shape of tubes.	Ten and three-quarter varahas and three gurigangas.	78
(2) A gold bangle double edged with two green and one red stone.	Ten and quarter varahas and two gurigangulu with lac inside.	65

All persons claiming the said treasure or any portion thereof are requested to appear in person or by a duly authorized agent before the Collector of Nellore at his office in Nellore on the 1st August 1919 in view of their claims being inquired into and disposed of according to law.

Nellore Collector's Office,
21st December 1918.

S. M. V. USMAN,
Acting Collector.

Return showing the Births and Deaths registered in the Municipalities of the Madras Presidency containing 25,000 Inhabitants and upwards and in the Cantonment Municipality for the week ending 1st March 1919

No.	Municipalities.	Population according to the Census of 1911.	BIRTHS							DEATHS.														
			Class.				Total.			Class.				Total.			Cause							
			Christians.	Hindus.	Mohammedans.	Other Classes.	M.	F.	Total.	Christians.	Hindus.	Mohammedans.	Other Classes.	M.	F.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Bronchitis, Pneumonia and other Lung diseases.	Diarrhœa and Dysentery.	Injuries.	All other causes.
1	Madura	134,130	5	109	18	..	63	58	121	..	80	5	..	40	28	68	4	8	..	15	7	8	..	34
2	Trichinopoly	123,512	7	68	9	2	29	26	57	11	51	10	12	55	38	94	3	17	..	1	3	1	..	57
3	Calicut	78,417	3	81	27	..	36	26	62	6	36	26	..	40	28	68	3	7	..	5	7	2	..	43
4	Kumbakonam	54,847	6	32	4	..	15	24	39	1	33	5	..	26	28	42	1	..	..	7	9	1	..	27
5	Tanjore	60,341	..	28	3	..	15	19	36	4	26	4	..	22	16	44	..	1	..	7	7	5	2	22
6	Negapatam	60,168	6	18	10	..	18	9	28	2	25	6	..	19	14	63	..	3	..	1	7	..	..	23
7	Salem	58,153	1	28	2	..	19	19	31	..	61	8	..	33	33	95	22	3	..	6	3	3	1	28
8	Cuddalore	56,574	2	32	4	..	20	17	37	..	23	3	..	16	11	25	..	..	..	..	2	3	..	18
9	Cocanada	54,116	..	29	1	..	15	14	29	..	49	..	..	18	26	43	..	2	..	11	2	3	..	25
10	Conjeeveram	53,884	..	32	1	..	16	18	30	..	38	1	..	18	19	37	..	..	..	..	10	7	..	20
11	Vellore	48,746	..	26	6	..	21	11	32	..	19	10	..	16	10	28	..	3	..	..	5	..	..	20
12	Bezhamundry	48,417	..	25	..	..	13	12	25	2	40	..	..	20	36	52	..	4	..	34	8	..	1	20
13	Mangalore	48,412	19	18	7	..	21	17	36	18	39	14	..	32	30	62	28	17	..	1	8	3	..	10
14	Coimbatore	47,007	3	17	..	..	16	10	20	1	18	..	..	11	6	17	..	1	..	3	4	..	1	8
15	Palamcottah	44,909	..	28	12	..	22	18	40	..	18	8	..	8	16	23	..	..	..	3	11	4	..	5
16	Tinnevelly	44,805	2	37	7	..	24	18	45	2	17	4	..	14	9	23	..	..	..	2	3	2	..	14
17	Palghat	44,316	3	21	7	..	17	14	31	2	45	2	..	16	13	29	..	6	2	7	6	..	..	11
18	Guntur	43,812	1	10	1	..	6	6	12	1	41	11	..	27	26	53	..	1	28	9	1	1	..	13
19	Vizagapatam	43,413	1	20	..	..	11	10	21	1	29	1	..	16	15	31	..	1	..	5	5	7	..	10
20	Ellore	42,531	3	36	4	..	24	18	46	..	22	5	..	17	12	29	..	..	..	8	1	..	..	19
21	Masulipatam	42,322	1	21	4	..	15	14	26	1	12	3	..	6	10	16	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	15
22	Tuticorin	40,585	4	13	1	..	11	12	24	4	9	1	..	8	10	14	..	..	..	8	2	..	..	7
23	Virinungram	37,950	1	24	1	..	14	12	26	..	30	1	..	17	14	31	..	3	..	10	6	1	..	10
24	Bellary	64,656	1	18	6	..	13	18	28	..	17	14	..	12	16	31	..	..	..	6	2	5	1	20
25	Nellore	33,246	1	11	3	..	12	3	15	..	22	1	..	12	11	23	2	..	..	3	2	1	2	16
26	Bezwada	33,867	3	17	6	..	15	13	28	2	30	4	..	17	18	35	..	1	..	8	4	8	..	24
27	Adoni	31,845	..	4	3	..	3	4	7	..	7	7	..	8	6	14	..	6	..	5	..	..	..	4
28	Bezhampur	31,458	1	9	..	..	7	3	10	..	56	1	..	13	24	37	7	12	..	1	2	3	..	12
29	Tellicherry	28,258	..	7	13	..	9	10	18	3	32	53	..	36	42	78	47	3	1	5	1	5	..	17
30	Srivilliputtur	28,068	..	14	..	..	9	5	14	2	25	..	..	18	12	28	2	..	..	9	1	..	..	16
31	Cannanore	28,957	3	5	13	..	5	10	15	2	10	50	..	15	11	26	7	..	..	2	1	2	..	14
32	Mayavaram	27,121	..	25	..	..	12	8	20	..	16	..	..	6	11	16	..	..	..	3	2	..	..	78
33	Karoor	25,048	..	9	7	..	5	8	13	..	8	13	..	8	13	21	..	2	..	11	..	4	..	4
34	Dindigal	25,052	3	21	3	..	17	15	32	3	11	7	..	16	18	28	4	1	..	1	5	..	..	14
35	Ootacamund	18,839	3	5	1	3	6	7	13	4	4	5	1	6	5	11	..	1	..	..	3	5	..	6
	Total	1,670,128	72	809	177	5	467	455	1,081	75	947	242	14	682	623	1,279	126	124	31	149	136	76	8	629

Madras, 8th March 1919.

N. ANNAJI RAO,
for Sany. Commr for the Govt. of Madras.

Statement showing Famine Statistics and Deaths in each district of the Madras Presidency from August 1899 to 31st March 1919

[D = Deaths; E = Estimated.]

—		Anantapur.	Bellary.	Chingleput.	Cuddapah.	Gantur.	Godavari.	Guntur.	Kistna.	Kurnool.	Madras City.	Madura.	Malabar.	Nellore.	Nilgiris. The	North Arcot.	Ramnad.	Salem.	South Arcot.	South Kanara.	Tanjore.	Trichinopoly.	Tinnevelly.	Vizagapatam.	Godavari Agency.	Kistna Agency.	Nilgiris Agency.	Palakkad Agency.	Total.
First period (August 1899 to June 1902)	D	750	341	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,091
	E	964	937	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,901
Second period (July 1902 to June 1903)	D	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	E	—	119	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	119
Third period (July 1903 to June 1904)	D	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	E	—	84	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	84
Fourth period (July 1904 to June 1905)	D	45	4,050	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4,095
	E	56	1,041	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,097
Fifth period (July 1905 to June 1906)	D	148	4,355	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4,503
	E	187	1,068	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,255
Sixth period (July 1906 to June 1907)	D	1,261	1,060	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,321
	E	1,280	1,086	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,366
Seventh period (July 1907 to June 1908)	D	1,791	10,371	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	12,162
	E	1,344	6,208	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7,552
Eighth period (July 1908 to June 1909)	D	9	3,270	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3,279
	E	12	3,230	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3,242
Ninth period (July 1909 to June 1910)	D	15	308	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	323
	E	7	335	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	342
Tenth period (July 1910 to June 1911)	D	261	2,700	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,961
	E	179	2,041	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,220
Eleventh period (July 1911 to June 1912)	D	34	858	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	892
	E	88	386	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	474
Twelfth period (July 1912 to June 1913)	D	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
	E	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Thirteenth period (July 1913 to June 1914)	D	16	1,199	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,215
	E	26	951	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	977
Fourteenth period (July 1914 to June 1915)	D	200	15,007	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15,207
	E	300	10,140	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10,440
Fifteenth period (July 1915 to June 1916)	D	207	426	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	633
	E	300	300	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	600
Sixteenth period (July 1916 to June 1917)	D	93	897	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	990
	E	93	891	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	984
Seventeenth period (July 1917 to June 1918)	D	481	1,020	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,501
	E	902	1,019	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,921
Eighteenth period (July 1918 to June 1919)	D	288	1,200	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,488
	E	144	1,079	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,223
Nineteenth period (July 1919 to June 1920)	D	408	1,202	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,610
	E	828	1,028	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,856
Twentieth period (July 1920 to June 1921)	D	3,855	10,470	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14,325
	E	4,200	14,442	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	18,642
Twenty-first period (1st July 1921 to 28th March 1919)	D	307	8,807	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9,114
	E	504	9,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9,504
Grand Total	D	13,240	81,850	101	681	10,368	1,172	3,261	3,261	3,261	1,250	1,257	1,257	78	1,961	19,208	1,257	35,814	159	3,720	211	1,257	1,257	1,257	1,257	1,257	1,257	1,257	1,257	211,209
	E	9,918	64,200	93	644	10,718	988	3,261	3,261	3,261	1,497	1,403	1,403	78	1,944	13,208	1,403	6,005	154	4,354	211	1,403	1,403	1,403	1,403	1,403	1,403	1,403	1,403	180,489

Statement showing PLAGUE SEIZURES AND DEATHS in each infected place in the Madras Presidency for week ending 29th March 1919 as compared with two previous weeks.

District, town and port.	Reported during the week ending 15th March 1919.						Reported during the week ending 22nd March 1919.						Reported during the week ending 29th March 1919.					
	Imported.		Indigenous.		Total.		Imported.		Indigenous.		Total.		Imported.		Indigenous.		Total.	
	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.
Anantapur district			11	9	11	9			1	1	1	1			11	11	11	11
Bellary district			10	8	10	8			13	11	13	11			14	14	14	14
Chingleput district																		
Chittoor district																		
Coimbatore district			20	20	20	20			5	5	5	5			14	14	14	14
Cuddapah district			4	3	4	3			1	1	1	1			3		3	
Ganjam district																		
Godavari district																		
Guntur district																		
Kistna district																		
Kurnool district																		
Madras City																		
Madura district																		
Madura town																		
Nellore district																		
Nilgiris																		
North Arcot district																		
Ramnad district																		
Salem district			32	18	32	18	10				10		10	4			10	4
Tanjore district																		
Trichinopoly district																		
South Kanara district																		
Mangalore port			1	1	1	1												
Tuticorin district																		
Kumbakonam town																		
Negapatam town																		
Vellore district																		
Tuticorin port																		
Trichinopoly district			10	9	10	9												
Bimlipatam port																		
Chingleput town																		
Vizagapatam district																		
Sandur State																		
Total	0	0	109	69	109	69	10	0	20	18	30	18	10	4	42	39	52	43

Madras, 31st March 1919.

T. S. ROSS, Lieut.-Col., I.M.S.,
Acting Surg.-Gener. for the Govt. of Madras.

JUDICIAL NOTIFICATIONS.

PROCLAMATION.

By virtue of a Precept to me directed by His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Madras I hereby proclaim and give notice that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery to and for Fort St. George the Town of Madras and the local limits thereof and the places and factories subordinate thereto will be holden at the Court House of the Court at Madras aforesaid on Monday the 7th day of April ensuing the date hereof at ten forty five o'clock in the forenoon for the trial of all crimes and offences done or committed within Fort St. George or the Town of Madras or the local limits thereof and places and factories subordinate thereto and dependant thereon.

Madras to wit

And also that at the same time and place will be holden a Session of Admiralty for the trial of all crimes and offences done or committed on the High Seas.

And I hereby require and enjoin all person bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions or in anywise concerned therein to attend at the time and place aforementioned and not to depart without leave.

W. BEARDSELL,
Sheriff.

Madras, 27th February 1919.

THE APPRENTICES EXAMINATION, APRIL 1919.

Candidates for the ensuing Apprentices Examination are informed that the examination will be held in the Christian College Hall on Saturday, the 26th April 1919, as follows:—

1919.	10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	2 to 5 p.m.
Saturday, 26th April	Practice and Procedure (Civil).	Procedure (Criminal).

2. Candidates will be allowed to answer certain questions with the aid of books. They may bring with them any or all of the following books on the morning of the 26th April 1919:—

(i) The Rules of the High Court, Original Side, 1902.
(ii) Do. Appellate Side.

(iii) The Civil Rules of Practice, 1905.
(iv) The text of the Civil Procedure Code.
And in the afternoon of the same day, the text of the Criminal Procedure Code.

N. B.—No book should contain any notes of any sort, manuscript or printed. If any candidate brings with him a book containing notes, he will be liable to disqualification.

The use of the above books will be allowed in answering the questions in the second half of each of the above papers.

Candidates on entering the examination room will leave their books in charge of the Examination Superintendent. At 12 noon and 4 p.m. the answers to the questions for which no books are permitted will be collected. New answer books will then be distributed and candidates will, without leaving their seats, receive their permitted books from the Superintendent.

3. Candidates coming to the examination room after 10-30 a.m. or 2-30 p.m. will not be admitted.

4. No candidate will be permitted to leave the examination room till after 10-30 a.m. or 2-30 p.m. and a candidate once quitting the examination room will not be again admitted.

5. Candidates are requested not to spoil the floor by throwing ink, etc. They should not detach any sheets from their answer books.

High Court, Madras,
15th March 1919.

G. S. WHITE,
Deputy Registrar, Appellate Side.

NOTIFICATION.

The High Court has made the following amendments of and additions to the Appellate Side Rules, 1905, and publishes them for general information. They will come into force on April 7th 1919:—

(1) In rule 51 (4) *for* "51—90" *substitute* "54—90".

(2) In the explanation to rule 53, *for* the words "preparing the lists prescribed by rules 76 and 78" *substitute* the words "preparing or amending lists of papers under the provisions of Chapter IX of these rules".

(3) *For* rule 74 (1), *substitute* the following rule:—

"The appellant shall, at the time of filing his memorandum of appeal, file in Court a list in form No. 2 of Appendix IV of the papers mentioned in rule 73 which he desires to have translated and printed and pay into Court the sum of Rs. 10 as the cost of preparing the portions of the record numbered 4 and 5 in rule 73".

(4) *For* rules 75, 76, 77 and 78, *substitute* the following rules:—

"75. Within one month after service on him of the notice of appeal, the respondent shall file in Court a list in form No. 2 of Appendix IV of the papers other than those mentioned in the appellant's list which he desires to have translated and printed. If he has filed a memorandum of objection, it shall be included in the list.

"76. Any party shall be entitled to inspect in the Registrar's Office the list of any other party in the case, and, at his own expense to obtain a copy of the whole or of any portion thereof under the rules of the High Court relating to copies.

"77. (1) Notice of the receipt of records from the lower Court shall be given to the parties on the Court notice board.

(2) The appellant shall within seven days of the date of such notice be at liberty to point out for translation and printing portions of the papers referred to in rule 73 (6) and the list filed under rule 74 (1) shall be amended accordingly.

(3) The respondent shall, within seven days after filing the list under rule 76 or 14 days after the date of the notice of the receipt of records above referred to whichever is later, be at liberty to point out for translation and printing portions of the papers mentioned in the list and the list shall be amended accordingly.

"78. The Registrar shall cause to be prepared and entered in the said lists filed by the parties an estimate of the sums payable by such parties for preparing the record framed in accordance with the prescribed schedule of rates and shall give credit therein for the amount paid by the appellant in accordance with clause (1) of rule 74."

(5) In rule 79 (1), *for* "rules 75 and 78" *substitute* "rule 78".

(6) *Delete* rule 79 (A).

(7) In rule 90 (1), *for* "rules 76 and 78" *substitute* "rules 74 and 76".

(8) In rule 93, *for* "rules 73 and 74 (1)" *substitute* "rule 73 and so much of rule 74 (1) as relates to payment of deposit."

(Signed) J. P. WALLIS, *Chief Justice.*
(") ABDUR RAHIM,
(") W. B. AYLING,
(") F. D. P. OLDFIELD,
(") T. SADASIVA AYYAR,
(") C. G. SPENCER,
(") V. M. COUTTS TROTTER,
(") T. V. SESHAGIRI AYYAR,
(") J. H. BAKEWELL,
(") W. W. PHILLIPS,
(") C. NAPIER,
(") C. V. KUMARASWAMI SASTRI,
} *Judges.*

High Court, Madras,
31st March 1919.

R. H. COURTENAY,
Registrar.

ADJOURNMENT OF COURTS.

In continuation of this Court's notification, dated 6th March 1919, published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 11th March 1919, at page 606 of Part II, it is hereby notified that the Court of the Additional District Munsif of Cocanada will be closed for the annual recess for six weeks from Monday the 5th May 1919 to Saturday the 14th June 1919, both days inclusive.

Rajahmundry, 26th March 1919. J. C. FERNANDEZ, *District Judge.*

Notice is hereby given that the Courts of this district will be closed for the annual recess as follows:—

(a) The District and Sessions Court, the Subordinate and the Assistant Sessions Judge's Court of North Arcot at Chittoor and the Temporary Subordinate Judge's Court at Vellore at Vellore for two months from Monday the 5th May 1919 to Saturday the 5th July 1919, both days inclusive.

(b) The District Munsifs' Courts of Arni, Chittoor, Ranipet, Sholinghur, Tirupati and Vellore for six weeks from Monday the 5th May 1919 to Saturday the 14th June 1919, both days inclusive.

(c) The District Munsifs' Courts of Madanapalle, Tiruvannamalai and Tiruppattur for six weeks from Monday the 26th May 1919 to Saturday the 5th July 1919, both days inclusive.

2. No plaints, petitions or other papers will be received during the above adjournment of the Courts.

3. Arrangements will, however, be made for granting copies of judgments, etc., provided that applications for such copies have been presented before the adjournment.

4. Urgent applications for bail during the Sessions Judge's absence from the station during the vacation should be made to the High Court, Madras.

Chittoor, 14th March 1919. J. C. H. FOWLER, *Acting District and Sessions Judge.*

Notice is hereby given that the Courts in the district will be closed for the annual recess as follows:—

District and Sessions Court, Temporary Subordinate Judge's Court, and the Additional Temporary Subordinate Judge's Court, Guntur.	For two months from Monday, the 5th May to Saturday the 5th July 1919, both days inclusive.
Third Temporary Subordinate Judge's Court, Guntur.	From Monday, the 5th May to Tuesday, the 10th June 1919, both days inclusive, unless the term of the Court is extended.
The District Munsifs' Courts at Guntur (Principal), Guntur (Additional), Narasaraopet, Tenali (Principal), Tenali (Additional), Bapatla (Principal), Bapatla (Additional), and Ongole.	For six weeks from Monday the 5th May to Saturday, the 14th June 1919, both days inclusive.

2. No plaint, petition or other paper will be received during the adjournment.

3 Arrangements will, however, be made for granting copies of decrees), judgments and other papers (provided that applications for such copies have been made before the recess), for transmission of records in appeals, etc., to the High Court, for service and return of processes received from the High Court and for all administrative correspondence of an urgent nature.

Guntur, 22nd March 1919. K. SRINIVASA RAO, *District and Sessions Judge.*

In continuation of this Court notification, dated the 31st January 1919, it is hereby notified that the Court of the Temporary Subordinate Judge of Madura will be adjourned for the annual recess for two months from Monday, the 5th May, to Saturday, the 5th July 1919, both days inclusive.

2. No plaint, petition or other paper will be received during the adjournment.

3. Due provision will be made for granting copies of judgments, decrees, orders and other papers and documents to which parties to suits or their pleaders or others are entitled, provided that applications for such copies have been presented before the adjournment.

Madura, 20th March 1919. P. A. BOOTY, *District Judge.*

Notice is hereby given that the District and Sessions Court and the Temporary Subordinate Judge's Court at Chingleput will be closed for the annual recess for two months from Monday, the 5th day of May, to Saturday, the 5th day of July 1919, both days inclusive, and the District Munsifs' Courts of Poonamallee, Tiruvallur and Conjeeveram for six weeks from Monday, the 5th day of May, to Saturday, the 14th day of June 1919, both days inclusive, and the District Munsifs' Courts of Chingleput (Principal and Additional) for six weeks from Monday, the 26th day of May, to Saturday, the 5th day of July 1919, both days inclusive.

2. No plaints, petitions or other papers will be received during the above adjournment of the courts.

3. Arrangements will, however, be made for granting copies of judgments, etc., provided that applications for such copies have been presented before the adjournment.

Chingleput, 31st March 1919. V. VENUGOPAL CHETTI, *District and Sessions Judge.*

It is hereby given that the Official Receiver's Court, Madura and Ramnad at Madura, will be closed for annual recess from 8th day of May 1919 to 8th day of July 1919, both days inclusive, and that no papers will be received during the recess.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

Madura, 25th March 1919.

In modification of this Court's notice, dated the 15th February 1919, notice is hereby given that the District and Sessions Court, Coimbatore, will be adjourned for midsummer vacation for two months from Thursday the 1st day of May to Tuesday the 1st day of July 1919, both days inclusive.

D. G. WALLER,
District and Sessions Judge.

Coimbatore, 25th March 1919.

Notice is hereby given that the courts in the district will be closed for the annual recess as follows:—

District and Sessions Court of Vizagapatam and the Court of the Temporary Subordinate Judge of Vizagapatam.	For two months from Monday the 5th May to Saturday the 5th July 1919, both days inclusive.
District Munsif's Courts of Vizagapatam, Yellamanchili, Chodavaram and Parvatipur.	For six weeks from Monday the 5th May to Saturday the 14th June 1919, both days inclusive.
District Munsif's Courts of Vizianagram and Ramam.	For six weeks from Monday the 26th May to Saturday the 5th July 1919, both days inclusive.

No plaints, petitions or other papers will be received during the adjournment.

Arrangements will, however, be made during adjournment—

(1) for granting copies of judgments, decrees, orders and other papers and documents provided that applications for such copies have been presented before the adjournment;
(2) for transmitting to the High Court the records in appeals, etc.;
(3) for the due service and return to the High Court of the notices issued to respondents; and
(4) for the receipt and despatch of all administrative correspondence

A. T. FORBES,
District and Sessions Judge.

Vizagapatam, 26th March 1919.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

(IN INSOLVENCY.)

Notice is hereby given that orders have been made by this Court adjudging the persons hereunder mentioned insolvents and vesting the estates and effects of the said insolvents in the Official Assignee of this Court; and all persons indebted to the said insolvents, or who have any of their estates and effects, are hereby required forthwith to pay or deliver the same to the said Official Assignee:—

Number of petition.	Date of presentation.	Name, address and description of insolvent.	Date of adjudication. 1919.	Date of public examination. 1919.
37 of 1919 ..	6th March 1919.	V. Rathakrishnayya, N. Appal Narasimmalayya, N. Kothandaramayya and N. Pattabiramayya residing at No. 7, Muthi Jana, near Devaraja Mudali street, Georgetown, Madras.	6th March ..	8th May
42 of 1919 ..	13th March 1919	V. K. Appa Rau carrying on business under the name and style of "Kalat and Nathan" at Nos. 3/12 and 2/12, Moore street, Madras.	18th March ..	..

High Court, Madras,
25th March 1919.

J. H. ATKINSON,
Deputy Registrar.

NOTICE.

(REGULAR.)

A dividend is intended to be declared in the undermentioned matters. All creditors who are mentioned in the debtors' schedule but have not yet proved their debts are hereby notified that if they do not prove their debts before the 15th day of April 1919 they will be excluded from this dividend.

14 of 1912	Rahim Haider Hussain Sahib.	91 of 1916	G. Subba Rao.
110 of 1913	Vellore Subbaiahna Mudali and Calambakam Parthasarthi Mudali.	132 of 1916	Murthi Seshadri Nayudu.
112 of 1913	A. Chokkappa Pillai and Natesaja Pillai.	27 of 1917	Kasimsahib Sahib.
379 of 1915	A. Venkatasami Chetti, K. Venkataramah Chetti and J. C. Murugesam Chetti	112 of 1917	Haji Mahomed Habibullah Badsha Sahib.
273 of 1916	S. Sampathu Mudali alias S. Venkappa Mudali.	248 of 1917	P. Mohanambalama Pillai.
		117 of 1918	Haji Hasan Kasim Jana.

F. H. WILSON,
Official Assignee.

Madras, 25th March 1919.

INSOLVENCY PETITIONS.

No. 4 of 1919 in the Court of the District Judge, Tinnevelly.

(In the matter of S. Arun Marakkayar.)

P. A. Gopala Ayyar .. .. *Petitioner (Creditor).*
S. Arun Marakkayar .. .. *Respondent (Debtor).*

Notice is hereby given under clause 12 of Act III of 1907 that P. A. Gopala Ayyar, son of Amudavai Ayyar, Inamdar, residing at Melkavai village, Singikulam, Nanguneri taluk, has applied to this court to declare S. Arun Marakkayar, son of Sivalithevan Marakkayar, residing at Padugavanam, Singikulam, Nanguneri taluk, an insolvent and that his application is posted for hearing to the 16th day of April 1919. Any creditor wishing to oppose the said application may appear before this court either in person or by vakil on the said date.

No. 5 of 1919 in the Court of the District Judge, Tinnevelly.

(In the matter of Pichaikannu Thevar and Paradesi Thevar.)

Vidumudasami Panditthar .. .. *Petitioner (Creditor).*
Pichaikannu Thevar and another .. .. *Respondents (Debtors).*

Notice is hereby given under clause 2 of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that Vidumudasami Panditthar, son of Arumachala Panditthar, residing at Vannarpet, Tinnevelly taluk, has applied to this court to declare Pichaikannu Thevar, son of Vellai Ondiveera Thevar and Paradesi Thevar, son of first respondent both residing at Arumanakarthe Padamada street, Tinnevelly casba, insolvents and that his application is posted for hearing to the 16th day of April 1919. Any creditor wishing to oppose the said application may appear before this court either in person or by vakil on the said date.

No. 6 of 1919 in the Court of the District Judge, Tinnevelly.

(In the matter of Kesava Nayudu.)

Sheik Pakkiri Muhammad Sahib .. .. *Petitioner (Creditor).*
Kesava Nayudu .. .. *Respondent (Debtor).*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that Sheik Pakkiri Muhammad Sahib, son of Sheik Muhammad Kathery Alim Sahib, residing at Pathiattu Pallivasal Street, Tenkasi town, Tenkasi taluk, has applied to this Court to declare Kesava Nayudu, son of Peremal Nayudu, residing at Melapuliyur first street, Mathavarkoil, Tenkasi taluk, an insolvent and that his application is posted for hearing to the 25th day of April 1919. Any creditor wishing to oppose the said application may appear before this Court either in person or by vakil on the said date.

No. 7 of 1919 in the Court of the District Judge, Tinnevelly.

T. S. Doraiswami Ayyar .. .. *Petitioner (Debtor).*
Krishna Ayyar and eight others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that T. S. Doraiswami Ayyar, son of T. Subrahmanya Ayyar, residing at Thiruvengadamthapuram attached to Rajakamangalam, Nanguneri taluk, has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that his application is posted for hearing to the 2nd day of May 1919. Any creditor wishing to oppose the said application may appear before this Court either in person or by vakil on the said date.

No. 8 of 1919 in the Court of the District Judge, Tinnevelly.

Subrahmanya Ayyar .. .. *Petitioner (Debtor).*
Krishna Ayyar .. .. *Creditor.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that Subrahmanya Ayyar, son of T. S. Doraiswami Ayyar, residing at Thiruvengadamthapuram attached to Rajakamangalam, Nanguneri taluk, has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that his application is posted for hearing to the 2nd day of May 1919. Any creditor wishing to oppose the said application may appear before this Court either in person or by vakil on the said date.

E. P. WALSH,
District Judge.

Tinnevelly, 26th March 1919.

No. 5 of 1919 in the Court of the District Munsif, Anjengo.

Sistha Rama Sastri, son of Kondayya of Sokeru Agraharam .. *Petitioner.*
Thu Venkata Somayajulu and seven others .. .. .. *Counter-petitioners.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 12 (2) of the Insolvency Act, that the above petitioner has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and the petition is posted to 3rd May 1919. Any creditors wishing to oppose the said petition may appear before this Court on that date either in person or by vakil.

No. 6 of 1919 in the Court of the District Munsif, Anjengo.

Jallary Ramayya, son of Subbayya of Ambajipeta .. .. *Petitioner.*
Panjarla Venkataratnam and seven others .. .. .. *Counter-petitioners.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 12 (2) of Act III of 1907, that the above-named petitioner was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 20th March 1919.

No. 7 of 1919 in the Court of the District Munsif, Amalapuram.

Kanduri Satyanarayana, son of Venkatavadhanulu of Gangalakurru .. *Petitioner.*
Ankam Challiah and twelve others .. .. *Counter-petitioner.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 18 (2) of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudged insolvent by this Court on the 19th day of March 1919 and that the creditors should appear before the Official Receiver, Godavari, to prove their claims.

D. GRIDAMBARA RAO PANTULU,
District Munsif.

Amalapuram, 27th March 1919.

No. 9 of 1918 in the Court of the District Munsif, Bellary.

Parsan Ram Singh, resident of Cowl Bazar, Bellary .. .. *Petitioner (Debtor).*
Abdul Nabi Basith Sahib Sons, Durayi Krishnaji, Komaj Lalchand partner Surchand, Jonnagadla Papayya, Badri Jay Narayan and K. Ramaswami, residents of Bellary; Hirachand Virri Lal, resident of Madras, and Marwadi Ummaji, resident of Kampli, Hospet taluk .. .. *Counter-petitioners (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given, under section 18 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act III of 1907, that the petitioner above named was adjudged insolvent by this Court by an order, dated this 24th March 1919, and that his creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible and that a claim may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered cover to this Court an affidavit in form No. 8 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

T. M. VENKATARAGHAVA ACHARIYAR,
District Munsif.

Bellary, 25th March 1919.

No. 3 of 1919 in the Court of the Principal District Munsif, Berhampur.

Gopi Maharana and Dhonnu Maharana .. .. *Petitioners.*
Bodo Boisnu Nahako, Potnuru Purushottama Sanapaty, Rushi Nahako and Narayana Sao .. .. *Counter-petitioners.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioners had applied for being declared insolvents and that the said application is posted for hearing to 16th June 1919.

No. 4 of 1919 in the Court of the Principal District Munsif, Berhampur.

Yogadhu Nahako .. .. *Petitioner.*
Budhuya Nahaka and Bhima Peedhano .. .. .. *Counter-petitioners.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioner has applied for being declared an insolvent and that the said application is posted for hearing to 16th June 1919.

B. VENKATESWARA RAO,
Principal District Munsif.

Berhampur, 28th March 1919.

No. 1 of 1919 in the Court of the District Munsif, Chicacole.

Devalla Virabhadrayya, son of Sambayya, Jangam, begging, seventy years, residing at Kesoore village .. .. *Petitioner.*
Dhare Agasyalingam of Vizianagram .. .. *Creditor.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court for being adjudged an insolvent and that his petition stands posted to 25th April 1919. All creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date either in person or by pleader.

E. PURUSHOTTAM PANTULU,
District Munsif.

Chicacole, 26th March 1919

No. 49 of 1918 (No. 13 of 1918 on the file of the Principal District Munsif's Court, Chingleput) in the Court of the Official Receiver, Chingleput.

C. A. Jambulinga Modaliyar, residing in Kathin Chari, Madurantakam taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*
Parthasarathi Pillai, etc. .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given that under section 18 (7) of Act III of 1907, the abovenamed petitioner was adjudicated an insolvent on 10th March 1919. All his creditors are required to prove their claims as soon as possible by delivering by registered post to the Official Receiver, Chingleput, an affidavit in Form No. 8 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules.

No. 50 of 1918 (No. 15 of 1919 on the file of the Principal District Munsif's Court, Chingleput) in the Court of the Official Receiver, Chingleput.

K. Seshadri Ayyangar, son of Govinda Acharyar, residing in Anjoor, Chingleput taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*
Anwar Sheroff Sahib, etc. .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given that under section 18 (7) of Act III of 1907, the abovenamed petitioner was adjudicated an insolvent on 24th March 1919. All his creditors are required to prove their claims

as soon as possible by delivering by registered post to the Official Receiver, Chingleput, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules.

P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR,
Official Receiver.

Chingleput, 24th March 1919.

No. 2 of 1918 in the Court of the District Munsif, Avanigadda.

Kanaparti Venkat Ramudu .. .. *Petitioner.*
Kolli Venkataratnam and ten others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given that, under section 16 (7) of Act III of 1907, the abovenamed petitioner was adjudged an insolvent on 5th March 1919. All his creditors are requested to prove their claims as soon as possible by delivering by registered post to the Official Receiver, Kistna, affidavits in form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules.

T. R. NARASIMHAMURTI SASTRI,
District Munsif.

Masulipatam, 24th March 1919.

No. 2 of 1919 in the Court of the District Munsif, Penukonda.

Kristam Subbiah, son of Pedda Narayanappa, Vysya, trader, residing at Udumulakurti, Kadiri taluk .. .. *Petitioner*
Desireth Pedda Konda Reddi and four others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court for being adjudged an insolvent and that his petition stands posted to 23rd April 1919.

No. 3 of 1919 in the Court of the District Munsif, Penukonda.

Bandla Ramaswami, son of Narasappa, Balija, cooli, residing at Ravulacheruvu, Dharmavaram taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*
Allam Vasappa and three others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court for being adjudged an insolvent and that his petition stands posted to 23rd April 1919.

C. KUMARACHARAVARTHI AYYANGAR,
District Munsif.

Penukonda, 28th March 1919.

No. 4 of 1919 in the Court of the District Munsif, Shiyali.

Appasamy Sambaroyan .. .. *Petitioner (Debtor).*
Pakirisami Sambaroyan and ten others .. .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given under section 12 (2) of Act III of 1907 that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this court to be declared an insolvent and that the petition is posted to 3rd May 1919 for hearing.

P. M. SRINIVASA AYYANGAR,
Acting District Munsif.

Shiyali, 24th March 1919.

No. 1 of 1919 in the Court of the Additional District Munsif, Tinnevelly.

V. Krishnaswami Reddiyar .. .. *Petitioner.*
Sundaralingam Pillai, M. Subbaraya Reddiyar, R. Gurava Reddiyar, K. Ramaswami Reddiyar, Subrahmanya Ayyar, Gurava Reddiyar, Venkatachala Reddiyar, Ramakrishna Reddiyar and Ramaswami Reddiyar .. .. *Counter-petitioners.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioner has applied for being declared an insolvent and that the said application is posted for hearing to 17th June 1919.

T. N. KRISHNAMURTI VAJAPAYAR,
District Munsif.

Tinnevelly, 26th March 1919.

No. 27 of 1918 in the Court of the District Munsif, Tiruvannamalai.

Vasudeva Reddi, son of Gopal Reddi of Vazhuthalangaram, Tiruvannamalai taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*
Pachaiappa Pillai and nine others .. .. *Respondents.*

Under section 16 (7) of the Provincial Insolvency Act III of 1907, it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made by this court on 10th March 1919. The creditors of the said insolvent should prove their claims as soon as possible by delivering or sending by post in registered letters to the Official Receiver at North Arcot at Chittoor (so as to reach him on or before 10th April 1919) in Form No. III of the Provincial Insolvency Rules.

A. SUNDARESA SASTRI,
Acting District Munsif.

Tiruvannamalai, 24th March 1919.

No. 10 of 1918 in the Court of the Additional District Munsif, Erode.

Rama Boyan, son of Ammasai Boyan, at Kuvamanthur, Gobichetti-palaiyam taluk .. .. *Petitioner (Insolvent).*
A. L. S. P. P. L. Agent Mothayya Chettiyar and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given under section 16 (7) of Act III of 1907 that the debtor above named has been adjudged insolvent by an order of the Official Receiver, dated the 14th day of February 1919, on the application of the abovenamed debtor; that all the creditors of the abovenamed debtor should prove their debts as soon as possible before 23rd June 1919, and that a claim may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered letter to the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the appendix to the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 15 of 1918 in the Court of the Additional District Munsif, Coimbatore.

Ramayya Kavandan, son of Avinashi Kavandan, at Bodithimmapalaiyam, Avinashi taluk .. .. *Petitioner (Insolvent).*
Ponni Nayakan and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given under section 16 (7) of Act III of 1907 that the debtor above named has been adjudged insolvent by an order of the Official Receiver, dated the 8th day of March 1919, on the application of the abovenamed debtor; that all the creditors of the abovenamed debtor should prove their debts as soon as possible before 23rd June 1919, and that a claim may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered letter to the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the appendix to the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 19 of 1918 in the Court of the Additional District Munsif, Coimbatore.

Kaliyappa Kavandan, son of Sukkiramanayya Kavandan, at Tekkumarapalaiyam, Pollachi taluk .. .. *Petitioner (Insolvent).*
Subbaraya Kavandan and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given under section 16 (7) of Act III of 1907 that the debtor above named has been adjudged insolvent by an order of the Official Receiver, dated the 26th day of February 1919, on the application of the abovenamed debtor; that all the creditors of the abovenamed debtor should prove their debts as soon as possible before 24th June 1919, and that a claim may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered letter to the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the appendix to the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

No. 3 of 1919 in the Court of the Principal District Munsif, Coimbatore.

Muniyappa Kavandan, son of Venkataramma Kavandan, at Uppilipalaiyam, Coimbatore .. .. *Petitioner (Debtor).*

Notice is hereby given under section 12 (2) of Act III of 1907 that the abovementioned insolvency petition will be heard by the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, at 11 a.m. on 16th April 1919.

No. 4 of 1919 in the Court of the Subordinate Judge, Coimbatore.

Karuppa Kavandan, son of Vaiyapuri Kavandan, at Kottaipalaiyam, Coimbatore taluk .. .. *Petitioner (Debtor).*

Notice is hereby given under section 12 (2) of Act III of 1907 that the abovementioned insolvency petition will be heard by the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, at 11 a.m. on 16th April 1919.

No. 5 of 1919 in the Court of the District Judge, Coimbatore.

Uchappa Kavandan, son of Aitanna Kavandan at Thukkanaickampalaiyam, Gobichettipalaiyam .. .. *Petitioner (Debtor).*

Notice is hereby given under section 12 (2) of Act III of 1907 that the abovementioned insolvency petition will be heard by the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, at 11 a.m. on 24th June 1919.

K. RAGHAVENDRA RAO,
Official Receiver.
Coimbatore, 21st March 1919.

No. 15 of 1919 (No. 8 of 1919 on the file of the District Court, Cuddapah) in the Court of the Official Receiver, Cuddapah.

Yadati Subbayya, residing at Gudavhotoor, Gooty taluk .. *Petitioner (Debtor).*
Pagatarayu Thimma Reddi and others .. .. .. *Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given under section 12, clause (2) of Act III of 1907 that the abovenamed petitioner (debtor) has applied to the Cuddapah District Court to be adjudicated an insolvent and that his petition having been transferred to this court for disposal it is posted to the 17th day of April 1919.

M. W. ELLIOT,
Official Receiver.
Cuddapah, 19th March 1919.

No. 60 of 1918 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Nagu Naicken .. .. *Petitioner.*
G. S. Vythinatha Ayyar and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice under section 16 (7) of the Insolvency Act is hereby given that Nagu Naicken, son of Rama Naicken residing at Kottur, Periyakulam Taluk, the petitioner above named, was adjudged

insolvent by the court on 12th March 1919 and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules.

No. 66 of 1918 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

S. Shanmugam Pillai .. .. *Petitioner.*
P. A. Veerappa Pillai and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice under section 18 (7) of the Insolvency Act is hereby given that S. Shanmugam Pillai, son of Chockalingam Pillai, residing at Periyakulam Thengarai, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this court on 14th March 1919, and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules.

No. 68 of 1918 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Abdul Jabar Sahib .. .. *Petitioner.*
Somasundaram Chetty and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice under section 12 (2) of the Insolvency Act is hereby given that Abdul Jabar Sahib, son of Muhammad Ibrahim Sahib, residing at Kajimar Street, Madura, has applied for being declared insolvent and that the said petition is posted to 24th April 1919. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date either in person or by vakil.

No. 102 of 1918 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Nagasami Nayudu .. .. *Petitioner.*
Chellamier and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice under section 18 (7) of the Insolvency Act is hereby given that Nagasami Nayudu, son of Perumal Nayudu, residing at Naicker New Street, Madura, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this court on 17th March 1919 and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules.

No. 142 of 1918 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Subrahmanya Pillai .. .. *Petitioner.*
Gopalanadan and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice under section 18 (7) of the Insolvency Act is hereby given that Subrahmanya Pillai, son of A. Muniam Pillai, residing at Annappandi, Madura taluk, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this court on 20th March 1919 and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Insolvency Rules.

No. 120 of 1918 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Suppiah Pillai .. .. *Petitioner.*
Narayanan Chettiyar and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 18 (7) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Suppiah Pillai, son of Athirathinam Pillai, residing at West Masi street, Madura, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 6th March 1919 and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, an affidavit in form No. 3.

No. 125 of 1918 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Bolla Ramudu Ayyar .. .. *Petitioner.*
Ramier and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 18 (7) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Bolla Ramudu Ayyar, son of Bolla Thirumalaier, residing at East Vali veedhi, Madura, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 6th March 1919 and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Insolvency Rules.

No. 131 of 1918 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Sivagiri Palanichami Kavundan .. .. *Petitioner.*
V. S. T. Rm. Chidambaram Chetti and others .. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 18 (7) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Sivagiri Palanichami Kavundan, son of Ramaswami Kavundan, residing at Ramanathapuram Pudur, Sinthalavadampatti village, Palni taluk, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 21st March 1919 and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, an affidavit in form No. 3 of the Insolvency Rules.

No. 2 of 1919 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Kumaran Chetti .. .. *Petitioner.*
Rm. Vr. V. Annamalai Chetti and others .. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 12 (2) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Kumaran Chetti, son of Vadivelu Chetti, residing at Bodinayakanpatti, Palni taluk, has applied for being declared insolvent and that the said petition is posted to 10th April 1919. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date either in person or by vakil.

No. 4 of 1919 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Subba Nayudu .. .. *Petitioner.*
Muthukrishna Nayudu and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 12 (2) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Subba Nayudu, son of Rangaswami Nayudu, residing at Kuppapatti, N Lakkottai taluk, has applied for being declared insolvent and that the said petition is posted to 24th April 1919. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date either in person or by vakil.

No. 7 of 1919 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura

R. Subramania Pillai .. .. *Petitioner.*
Kn. Raman Chetti and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 12 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, is hereby given that R. Subramania Pillai, son of Ramasami Pillai, residing at Melapernumal street, Madura, has applied for being declared insolvent and that his petition is posted to 25th April 1919. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear either in person or by vakil.

No. 15 of 1919 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Nachimuthu Kavandan .. .. *Petitioner.*
Molaiandi Chetti and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 12 (2) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Nachimuthu Kavandan, son of Thirumalai Kavandan, residing at Eduvarpatti, Palni taluk, has applied for being declared insolvent and that the said petition is posted to 23rd April 1919. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear either in person or by vakil.

No. 14 of 1919 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

S. Karuthia Pillai and others .. .. *Petitioners.*
Kallamuthu Servai and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice under section 12 (2) of the Insolvency Act is hereby given that S. Karuthia Pillai, son of Saveriar Adaikai Pillai, (2) S. K. Marathas Pillai, son of first petitioner, (3) S. M. Arogyam Pillai, son of Sanamuthu Pillai, all residing at Kunavarpalayam, Madura, has applied for being declared insolvent and that the said petition is posted to 23rd April 1919. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date either in person or by vakil.

No. 15 of 1919 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Abdul Gabar Sahib .. .. *Petitioner.*
Govindaswami Nayudu and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice under section 12 (2) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Abdul Gabar Sahib, son of Ahmad Ibrahim Sahib, residing at Kajimar street, Madura, has applied for being declared insolvent and that the said petition is posted to 25th April 1919. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date either in person or by vakil.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

Madura, 25th March 1919.

No. 47 of 1918 (No. 6 of 1919 on the file of the Additional District Munsif's Court, Tinnevelly) in the Court of the Official Receiver, Tinnevelly.

Sane Mathayya Asari, son of Subrahmanyam Asari, Kalakad, Nanguneri taluk .. .. *Debtor.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovementioned debtor has been adjudged by me an insolvent on 22nd March 1919. Persons alleging themselves to be creditors are hereby required to prove their claim as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post affidavit of proof as per form No. 3 attached to Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1909, accompanied with books, accounts, vouchers and other documents to substantiate their claims after which date I shall proceed to frame schedule for proved debts.

A. SUBRAHMANYA AYYAR,
Official Receiver.

Tinnevelly, 24th March 1919.

SALE NOTICE.

O.S. No. 22 of 1918 (E.P. No. 58 of 1918) in the Honourable Court of the Temporary Subordinate Judge at Vizagapatam.

Sri Sri Viktumadeo Maharajulugaru, Maharaja of Jeypore, &c., &c. .. .. *Plaintiff (Decree-holder)*
Sri Raja Satrucherla Ramachandra Raja Bahadur Garu and others .. .. *Defendants (Judgment-debtors).*

Take notice that the ordinary portion of the zamindari of Lakhmapuram and Peddabadi Hurdas including inams, etc., in it now under the management of the Receiver appointed by the

High Court belonging to the defendants and situated in Parvatipuram, Palkonda and Bobbili taluks, Vizagapatam district, will be brought to sale on the 26th April 1919 at noon in the above execution proceedings by the said court at Vizagapatam.

The following particulars are given for the information of the intending purchasers :—

		Rs	A.	P.
(i)	The amount of sale warrant	3,32,188	4	11
(ii)	The gross annual income from the two estates including the inam lands purchased by the defendants and their ancestors, from all sources is about with forest	35,064	0	0
(iii)	The amount of peshkash payable on the two estates is ..	3,434	10	9
(iv)	The amount of land-cess payable on the two estates is ..	2,071	4	10
(v)	The amount of railway-cess payable on the two estates is ..	249	1	3
(vi)	The amount of jodi, quitrent, landcess and railway cess payable on the inam lands specified in paragraph (ii)—			

	Rs.	A.	P.
Jodi	281	9	0
Quitrent	774	12	3
Land cess	209	0	3
Railway cess	74	15	7
	1,290	4	7

Vizagapatam, 20th March 1919.

T. A. NARASIMHA ACHARIYAR,
Subordinate Judge.

FINANCIAL NOTIFICATION.

STATEMENT OF THE AFFAIRS OF THE BANK OF MADRAS FOR THE WEEK ENDING 29TH MARCH 1919.

LIABILITIES.		Rs.	A.	P.
Capital paid up	..	75,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	..	52,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office .. Rs. 77,46,359 15 2				
Public Deposits at Branches 26,00,780 4 6		3,03,47,140	0	0
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches		10,14,07,702	10	2
Bank Post Bills, etc.		54,282	6	8
Sundries		24,76,114	8	3
Total ..		13,46,13,740	14	8

ASSETS.		Rs.	A.	P.
Government Securities		1,69,25,342	4	3
Other authorised Investments ..		4,58,891	0	0
Loans on Government and other authorised Securities		9,83,86,122	0	3
Accounts of credit on Government and other authorised securities ..		3,81,09,141	11	7
Bills discounted and purchased ..		67,13,768	0	1
Balances with other Banks		22,12,728	10	1
Bullion		3,525	0	4
Dead Stock		10,30,415	0	3
Stamps		20,329	1	11
Sundries		16,67,735	0	9
		9,44,10,906	5	5
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office and Branches *		3,96,02,834	9	3
Total ..		13,40,13,740	14	8

* Includes 14,284 Sovereigns = Rs. 2,13,217-8-0.

(By order of the Directors)

W. F. MACBAIN,
Chief Accountant.

W. B. HUNTER,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans, 8 per cent.

Percentage of Cash to Liabilities payable on demand, 33·42.

Bank of Madras, Madras, 31st March 1919.

MARINE NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

No. 8 of 1919.

The following is republished for information.

Presidency Port Office, Madras,
24th March 1919.

L. B. CLARKE,
for Presidency Port Officer.

11-6

NOTICE TO MARINERS

REFERENCE—NOTICE TO MARINERS—BAY OF BENGAL.

Eastern Green Light.

Notice is hereby given that the light will not be re-exhibited till about the 9th April 1919 instead of the 1st April 1919.

E. J. C. HARDERN, Captain, R.I.M.,
Superintendent, Lighthouses, Burma.

Rangoon, 13th March 1919

No. 9 of 1919.

INDIA—WEST COAST—ARABIAN SEA.

CANNANORE ANCHORAGE.

It is hereby notified for the information of Mariners that in a position 4 cables 124° (S. 56° E. (T)) of the Cannanore Lighthouse, a small dome-shaped buoy painted red has been moored in 2½ fathoms water in Lat. 11° 50' 40" N., Long. 75° 22' 20" E. 20 feet south of a rock carrying 10 feet which lies in the fairway for native craft approaching the inner anchorage.

Vessels should pass to the southward of the buoy.

The buoy will be removed for the monsoon between the 15th May and 15th September in each year.

L. B. CLARKE,
for Presidency Port Officer.

Presidency Port Office, Madras,
24th March 1919.

REPORT OF VESSELS arrived at and departed from the PORT OF MADRAS from the 23rd to the 29th March 1919.

ARRIVALS.

Date.	Arrived or sailed	Vessel's name.	Tons.	Nation.	Commander.	Where from.	Whither bound.	Berth occupied.
1919. March 25	Arrived	S.S. "Arratoon Apcar".	2,921	B	P.W. Rowe	Rangoon.	..	South quay No. 2 berth and south quay.
" 27	Do.	S.S. "Eurydice"	2,308	B	T. Colebern	Singapore	..	South quay.
" 28	Do.	S.S. "Ural"	1,344	B	H. H. D. Sanderson.	Rangoon.	..	No. 6.
" 28	Do.	S.S. "Clan Mackellar."	4,682	B	W. F. West	Glasgow.	..	No. 6 and west quay No. 1.
" 29		S.S. "Clan Alpine"	4,163	B	W. J. Lennox	Calcutta.	..	No. 6.

DEPARTURES.

Date.	Arrived or sailed	Vessel's name.	Tons.	Nation.	Commander.	Where from.	Whither bound.	Berth occupied.
1919 March 23	Sailed	S.S. "City of Edinburgh"	4,650	B	D. Morrison	..	London.	Nos. 6 and 4.
" 23	Do.	Motor Schooner "Pookinay"	1,592	F	H. Rousselet	..	Calcutta.	West quay No. 1.
" 23	Do.	S.S. "Holywell"	2,958	B	W. Smith	..	Do.	No. 2.
" 26	Do.	S.S. "Eurydice"	2,308	B	T. Colebern	..	Singapore	South quay.
" 26	Do.	S.S. "City of Oran"	5,048	B	R. C. Houtersen	..	Calcutta.	No. 3
" 27	Do.	S.S. "Nantai Maru"	1,664	J	S. Nomura	..	Saurabaya	No. 3 and west quay Nos. 2 and 1.
" 29	Do.	S.S. "Chindwara"	3,207	B	D. Mc. G. Mc Donald.	..	London.	East quay Nos. 7 and 4 and west quay No. 5.

B = British ; *F* = French ; *J* = Japanese.

Harbour Office, Madras,
31st March 1919.

H. GARLAND,
Acting Deputy Conservator of the Port.

REVENUE NOTIFICATIONS.

POSSESSION OF MAJUM.

A press note issued by the Commissioner of Excise, Burma, says:—"From recent reports of prosecutions for the possession of *wayun*, it appears not to be generally known that this preparation contains hemp drugs. The possession of hemp drugs in Burma, except under certain restrictions, for veterinary treatment of elephants and other animals, is absolutely prohibited and the possession

of *ganja* or other preparations of hemp drugs except for the purpose renders the possessor liable to a criminal prosecution.

Board of Revenue (Separate Revenue), Madras, 27th March 1919.

K. GRAHAM, *Secretary.*

UNCLAIMED SUMS.

It is hereby notified that an amount of Rs. 8–13–4 being the pay and local allowance due to late M. Venkanna, Forest Guard, Lower Godavari Division, is lying undisbursed with the Range officer, Rajahmundry range. Unless the amount is claimed within three months of the publication of this notice, the amount will be forfeited to Government.

It is hereby notified that an amount of Rs. 20–8–8 being the pay, local and travelling allowances due to K. Veerraju, late acting assistant Range clerk, Rajahmundry range office, is lying undisbursed with the Range officer, Rajahmundry, as the whereabouts of the individual are not known. Unless the amount is claimed within three months of the publication of this notice, the amount will be forfeited to Government.

F. A. SEAGER, *District Forest Officer, Godavari Range.*

Cocanada, 14th March 1919.

CIRCULAR.

INCOME-TAX AND SUPER-TAX CORRESPONDENCE. TO WHOM TO BE ADDRESSED.

[*Reference.*—Notification of the Board of Revenue published at page 1034, Part II, of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 2nd July 1918.]

Some confusion is caused by the fact that there three officers in Madras town who have been invested with the powers of a Collector under the Income-tax Act. Attention is therefore invited to the fact that communications about income-tax and super-tax should be addressed as shown below according to their subject and not merely to "The Income-tax Collector, Madras":—

Address.	Subject.
The Deputy Collector, General duty, Madras town.	Assessment of income not exceeding Rs. 10,000 a year and other matters relating to such incomes.
The Special Income-tax Officer, Madras.	1. Assessment of income exceeding Rs. 10,000 but not exceeding Rs. 50,000 a year and other matters relating to such incomes. 2. Appeals against assessment orders passed by the Deputy Collector, Madras town.
The Collector of Madras.	1. Assessment of incomes exceeding Rs. 50,000 a year and other matters relating to such incomes. 2. All matters relating to super-tax. 3. Appeals against assessment orders passed by the Special Income-tax Officer. 4. Application for exemption from income-tax of the interest on securities held under trust or other legal obligation for religious or charitable purposes. (See No. 1 of the Rules under the Income-tax Act.) 5. All general matters relating to the working of the Income-tax Act.

Madras, 8th March 1919.

A. R. L. TOTTENHAM, *Collector.*

MILITARY NOTIFICATION.

REPORT OF DESERTION.

Report of a deserter or absentee without leave from the 1st Garrison Battalion, Norfolk Regiment, dated at Poona, this 26th day of March 1919.

Number, rank and name, 21122 Sergeant Dawes, Aaron; age, 25 years and 8 months; height, 5 feet 6 inches; colour of complexion, fresh; hair, light brown; eyes, hazel; trade, Grocer's Assistant; date of enlistment, 12th December 1913; place of enlistment, Haywards Heath; parish and county in which born, Ardingly, Sussex; date of desertion or absence, 1st January 1919; place of desertion or absence, Poona; marks, slight stiff toe joints (big toes), four vaccination marks (left arm), three vaccination marks (right arm): known friends to be at Mirat (address not known); under six years' service.

G. D. BORLAND, Capt. & Adjt. for Lieut.-Col., *Commanding 1st Garrison Battalion Norfolk Regiment.*

PUBLIC WORKS NOTIFICATION.

UNCLAIMED SUMS.

The following amounts due to the labourers employed on the Siddapur Tank Project work, Kurnool district, are outstanding in the accounts of this office for a long time. If the amounts are not claimed by the labourers or their legal heirs within three months from the date of this notification, they will be credited to Government.

List of dues to labourers on Siddapur Tank Project.

Serial number and name of coolie.	Father's name.	Amount. Rs.	a.	p.
1. Pamidu	B Venkata	0	8	0
2. Venkaiahu	N Rachanna	0	8	0
3 Achanna	Pakanna	0	12	0
4. Narsanna	Kotanna	3	8	0
5 Ramulu	Venkata	3	8	0
6. Sekanna	Nagenna	0	8	0
7. Ranganna	Ranganna	1	8	0
8. Pedda Nagenna	Pullanna	0	2	0
9. Obalanna	Narsanna	0	8	0
10 Chinnappa	Ramanna	0	8	0
11. Timmulu	Thimmiah	0	8	0
12. Pedda Nagenna	Rangayya	0	0	6
13. Chinni	Chinigulu	0	2	0
14. Nagenna	Venkanna	0	9	0
15. P. Ankamma	Nagenna	0	8	0
16. Venkataiah	Lakkanagulu	0	2	0
17. Kongadi	Ramudu	1	8	0
18. Nagenna	Venkatanna	0	8	0
19. P. Venkatanna	Nagenna	0	2	0
20. Venkatanna	Subbanna	1	2	0
21 Nagulu	Nagulu	0	4	0
22. Achanna	Lingana	3	1	0
23. Sekhi	Sekhigadu	0	8	0
24. Nagenna	Lingenna	0	2	0
25. Kamakka	Ramachandrayya	0	2	0
26. Rajenna	Rajenna	0	8	0
27. Chinni	Sekigadu	0	1	6
28. Subbanna	Penkanna	0	0	6
29. Ankanna	Tingayya	0	1	0
30. Nagenna	Ganganna	0	4	0
31. Venkatigadu	Maruppa	0	2	0
32. Karna Nagenna	Kalanna	0	4	0
33. K. Thimmiah	Bichaiya	0	4	0
34. Pakir Sahib	Nabi Sahib	0	4	0
35. Hasain Sahib	Madar Sahib	0	8	0
36. K. Nagadu	Subbigadu	0	4	0
37. Rachala	Kanakaiahna	0	4	0
38. K. Subbanna	Subbanna	0	2	0
39. Lakmi	Lakshmigadu	0	2	0
40. Sekhi	Sekhigadu	0	2	0
41. Malakka	Ennana	0	8	0
42. Pakiramma	Penjanna	0	8	0
43 Obalamma	Narsanna	0	8	0
44. Chinnamma	Timmakka	0	8	0
45 Timakka	Timmanna	0	8	0
46. Pedda Nagenna	Ramayya	0	2	0
47. Chinni	Chinnigadu	0	8	0
48. Chenna Bangadu	Venkati	0	2	0
49. Naga Sekigadu	Venkati	0	8	0
50 Acharna	Penkanna	0	8	0
51 Sekanna	Nagenna	0	2	0
52 Ranganna	Narsanna	0	2	0
53. Pedda Nagenna	Pullanna	0	8	0
54. Subbanna	Chennayya	0	8	0
55 Sekhanna	Bomayya	0	8	0
56. Margappa	Ever Reddi	0	8	0
57. Penanna	Chennigadu	0	8	0
58 Ramana	Balanna	0	8	0
59 Nagenna	Sekhayya	0	2	0
60. Sekhakka	Lingayya	0	2	0
61. Kotayya	Timmayya	0	4	0
62. Sekenna	Narsingadu	0	4	0
63. Abraham	Mahida	0	8	0
64. Sekhigadu	Karavadu	0	4	0
65. Kachigadu	Kondi	0	4	0
66. Chinni	Chinnangadu	0	2	0
67. Narsigadu	Obin	0	8	0
68 Nachigadu	Chinnayya	0	2	0
69 Sekanna	Chinnayya	0	1	0
70. Chinna Chinni	Kangadi	0	8	0
71. Pedda Sekanna	Bomanna	0	4	0
72. Penanna	Chennayya	0	4	0
73. Sekhanna	Ankanna	0	7	0
74. Yellayya	Linganna	0	8	0
75. Kannagadu	Peyanna	0	4	0
76. Nagadu	Ennangadu	0	2	0
77. Ramana	Obanayya	0	7	0
78 Pedda Nagenna	Gulayya	0	6	0
79 Lingaya	Bangadu	0	7	0
80. Sekhi	Kotigadu	0	1	0
81 Chinnigadu	Machalgadu	0	8	0
82. Pegenna	Venkatayya	0	4	0
83. Ankadu	Ankadu	1	0	0

Serial number and name of coolie.	Father's name.	Amount. Rs.	a.	p.
84. Chini	Sekhigadu	0	4	0
85 Nari	Sekhigadu	0	8	0
86. Lakmi Sai	Narasimha	0	0	6
87. Baku Sai	Tikka	1	1	0
88. Kasanna	Alli Sab	1	8	0
89. Nagi	Bamma	1	8	0
90. Venkati	Ramudu	0	4	0
91 David	Sangadu	0	4	0
92 Nagadu	Mungadu	0	8	0
93 Lankigadu	Pabanna	0	8	0
94. Nagenna	Timmanna	0	7	0
95 Ramudu	Kasingadu	0	8	0
96. Ramudu	Kangadu	0	8	0
97. Pakanna	Chennigadu	0	3	0
98. Khaja Bai	Raj Ahmad	0	10	0
99. Nabi Sab	Hasain Sab	0	4	0
100. Puli	Kangadu	0	8	0
101. Sanjanna	Sangadu	0	8	0
102 Kenanna	Avalayya	0	7	0
103. Ramudu	Koli	0	1	0
104. Chennigadu	Mekigadu	0	8	0
105. Nagenna	Timmanna	0	8	0
106. Timpatigadu	Yengalappa	0	1	0
107 Pedda Nagu	Venkatigadu	0	1	0
108. Puli	Venkatigadu	0	1	0
109. Achi	Kotayya	0	3	0
110. Mala Sekhe	Munigadu	0	4	0
111 Nagi	Chinnigadu	0	1	0
112. Pichi	Kotigadu	0	1	0
113. Nagi	Chanchayya	0	1	0
114. Chinni	Venkatigadu	0	8	0
115. Puli	Sekigadu	0	3	0
116. Palli	Chinnigadu	0	1	0
117 Chinni	Kotigadu	0	8	0
118 Rangadu	Munigadu	0	8	0
119. C. Nagadu	C. Poligadu	0	8	0
120. Lakmi	Pilchigadu	0	2	0
121. Sechi	Venkatigadu	0	1	0
122. Venkatigadu	Yalagappa	0	1	0
123 Peteppa	Nagenna	0	1	0
124 K. Subbakka	Nagenna	0	8	0
125. Venkanna	Venkata	0	8	0
126. Chinnanna	Chinnayya	0	3	0
127. Avalakka	Erenna	0	8	0
128. Obalamma	Narsana	0	3	0
129 Malakka	Ramanna	0	8	0
130 Avalakka	Venkatigadu	0	1	0
131. Sanjimma	Achanna	0	2	0
132 Baligadu	Subbigadu	0	6	0
133. Venkatanna	Ankadu	0	2	0
134. Sunar Achanna	Mangayya	0	8	0
135. K. Ragamma	Ramudu	0	3	0
136. Nagenna	Busadu	0	8	0
137 Ragamma	Sangadu	0	8	0
138 Sekanna	Nagadu	0	8	0
139. G. Koti	Kotigadu	0	8	0
140. Karnanna	Thimma	0	8	0
141. Dora	Chinni	0	8	0
142. Tirupatigadu	Bangadu	0	1	0
143 Ragamma	Chenchanna	0	8	0
144. Tirupatigadu	Karranadu	0	2	0
145. Sangadi	Timmuligadu	0	3	0
146 Timmakanna	Bangadu	0	1	0
147 Chenna Tirupatianna	Bangadu	0	1	0
148 Bangadu	Nagadu	0	8	0
149 Baligadu	Nagadu	0	4	0
150. John	Zachariah	0	4	0
151. Chennagadu	Nagadu	0	2	0
152 Sankadu	Baligadu	0	2	0
153. Chennanna	Tirupatigadu	0	8	0
154. Jingadu	Tirupatigadu	0	8	0
155 Obi	Kangadu	0	8	0
156 Nagi	Chenchigadu	0	8	0
157. Chinchu	Sekhigadu	0	8	0
158. David	Gurevadu	0	8	0
159 Koti	Ramudu	0	8	0
160. Sankudu	Bomayya	0	8	0
161. Ramudu	Pullanna	0	4	0
162 Venkata Dasari	Kotigadu	0	2	0
163. Chennayya	Subbi Reddi	0	8	0
164 Sekhigadu	Lakkanagadu	0	3	0
165. M Hussain Sb	Pedda Sab	0	4	0

Serial number and name of candidate.	Father's name.	Amount. Rs.	a.	p.
166. Ghulam Sab	Hyder Sab	0	4	0
167 Abdul Aziz	Ghouse Sab	0	4	0
168. S. Hasan Sab	Shaik Sab	0	4	0
169. Vada Ramudu	Errana	0	6	0
170. Subbadu	Polagadu	0	6	0
171. Rangadu	Sankada	0	7	0
172 Hussain Sab	Kasim Sab	0	8	0
173. Polagadu	Tammadu	0	8	0
174. Achayya	Ankanna	0	8	0
175. Gurrimadu	Abbalagadu	0	8	0
176. Nagappa	Gurrappa	0	2	0
177. Veeranadham	Tadanigadu	0	8	0
178 Karuppa	Jakka	0	4	0
179. Nagappa	Timmappa	0	2	0
180. K. Ankanna	K. Nagappa	0	2	0
181. Somadu	Ramadu	0	3	0
182. Nagi	Edigadu	0	4	0
183. Ramulamma	Jakka	0	8	0
184. Rosi	Chennagadu	0	2	0
185. C. Nagappa	Ramanna	0	1	0
186. Lakshmi	Kayappa	0	5	5
187. Kasi	Ali Sab	0	2	0
188. C. Baligadu	Kotigadu	0	4	0
189. Nagi	Subbigadu	0	6	0
190. Gali	Venkatigadu	0	4	0
191. Lamr	Venkatigadu	0	2	0
192. Kasi	Ramadu	0	5	0
193. Ramakka	Ramakrishna	0	2	0
194. Obanna	Nagappa	0	0	0
195 Mulakka	Venkayya	0	0	0
196. Mulakka	Ramanna	0	2	0
197 Yellayya	Chenchayya	0	2	0
198. Nagi	Nagadu	0	1	0
199. Pedda Negadu	Polagadu	0	10	0
200. Bommy	Mukaligadu	0	4	0
201. Venkaj	Venkatigadu	0	4	0
202. Rathnamma	Pitchayya	0	14	0
203. Chenji Ankl	Obligadu	0	4	0
204 Sanagadu	Baligadu	0	0	0
205 Sangi.	Hanumanthu	0	1	0
206. Chenn	Nagadu	0	0	0
207. Nagi	Rayappa	0	0	0
208. Palli	Muniyadu	0	4	0
209 Nagappa	Yangamma	0	0	0
210 Rosi	Dongadu	0	4	0
211. Ramigadu	Obi dasi	0	14	0
212. Nagamma	Polayya	0	0	0
213. Zammanna	Hanumigadu	0	1	0
214. Ramigadu	Obigadu	0	0	0
215. Peligadu	Mariakka	0	4	0
216. Baligadu	Negadu	0	4	0
217 Pullayya	Ramanna	0	0	0
218. G. Peddanna	Peddanna	0	0	0
219. Kuli	Kotigadu	0	4	0
220. Mali	Maligadu	0	2	0
221. C. Yangadu	Yangadu	0	4	0
222. PeddapaIK	Sanjigadu	0	4	0
223. Ashi	Venkatigadu	0	2	0
224. Hanumannah	Peddanna	0	3	0
225. Narsa	Obigadu	0	4	0
226. Peligadu	Venkatigadu	0	1	0
227. Palligadu	Negadu	0	4	0
228. Timmakka	Venkayya	0	1	0
229. Ekali	Ramadu	0	4	0
230. Bathala Rai	Venkatigadu	0	4	0
231. Ekali	Ramadu	0	4	0
232. Ecali	Nagadu	0	4	0
233. Peddanagi	Kotigadu	0	4	0
234. Chenagadu	Venkatigadu	0	3	0
235. Subbanna	Peddanna	0	4	0
236. C Venkanna	Venkatigadu	0	2	0
237. Nagappa	Muniyya	0	1	0
238 Subbanna	Jammanna	0	2	0
239. Sydambi	Hussain Sab	0	0	0
240. Sabba.	Marigadu	0	2	0
241. Ramakka	Thimmya	0	4	0
242. Ambigadu	Negadu	0	5	0
243. Vadlai Ramudu	Balanna	0	5	0
244. Nagi	Nagadu	0	2	4
245. Nagappa	Yanadagadu	0	4	0
246. Peligadu	Maligadu	0	0	0
247. Yankanna	Gonkada	0	4	0
248 Jamalappa	Ambanna	0	0	0
249. Nagadu	Ankanna	0	12	0
250. Mari	Timmyya	0	8	0
251. Pedda AnMi	ambigadu	0	8	0
252. Sangamma	Ramudu	0	0	0
253. Ramudu	Rangadu	0	1	0
254. Sankamma	Chennagadu	0	0	0
255. Naganna	Tippanna	0	4	0
256. Ilala Nagadu	Sankigadu	0	0	0
257. Malleyya	Pullayya	0	0	0
258. Rathnamma	Pullayya	0	4	0
259. Ramanna	Yangadu	0	4	0

Serial number and name of candidate.	Father's name.	Amount. Rs.	a.	p.
260. Chennakka	Yapanna	0	4	0
261. Ram	Hussainadu	0	8	0
262 Ketamma	Ramudu	0	2	0
263 Sankada	Baligadu	0	4	0
264 Paligadu	Madigadu	0	4	0
265 Devadanna	Rangadu	0	4	0
266. Rami	Sankada	0	8	0
267 Venkatagadu	Tilka Vadal	0	1	0
268 Ambigadu	Nagadu	0	1	0
269. Nagi	Sankigadu	0	4	0
270 Ambi	Yerigadu	0	2	0
271. Subbi	Chenchigadu	0	2	0
272. Peligadu	Sankadu	1	0	0
273. Venkatigadu	Pakirigadu	1	0	0
274. Paligadu	Maligadu	1	0	0
275. Venkati	Nagadu	0	4	0
276 Hussingadu	Hussenadu	0	8	0
277. Gangamma	Ankayya	0	4	0
278. Golappa	Salayya	0	4	0
279. Golvadu	Papayya	0	4	0
280. Sankigadu	Peddirdu	0	0	0
281. Nagadu	Naganna	0	4	0
282 Sangamma	Sangappa	0	8	0
283. Sankanna	Ali Sab	0	8	0
284. Ramp	Ramudu	0	0	0
285 Ratnamma	Chennigadu	0	8	0
286. Murat Sal	Nayanna	0	8	0
287. Kasim Sab	Rayanna	0	4	0
288. Kamanna	Jambulagadu	0	4	0
289. Tirupalgadu	Kanavadu	0	4	0
290. Chenni Nagadu	Peligadu	0	8	0
291. Kanama	Kuteyya	0	8	0
292 Pulanna	Bangadu	0	8	0
293 Subbanna	Bangadu	0	8	0
294. Bangamma	Mungadu	0	8	0
295 Peddamma	Venkatigadu	0	12	0
296 Chennayya	Lingadu	0	8	0
297. Ida Sab	Naik Khan	0	8	0
298. Mahaba Sab	Budan Sab	0	8	0
299. Chinn	Venkatigadu	0	4	0
300 Chinna Chinni	Kotigadu	0	4	0
301. Achukka	Madelidi	0	2	0
302. Nagamma	Venkatayya	0	2	0
303. Avulayya	Achayya	0	10	0
304 Nambalamma	Dasayya	0	12	0
305. Obalamma	Dasayya	0	8	0
306. Chinn	Venkatigadu	0	2	0
307. Chinni	Kotigadu	0	8	0
308. Chennigadu	Ramanna	0	4	0
309 Peddanni	Ramanna	0	4	0
310. Nanuda	Ramanna	0	4	0
311. Lakshmi Pai	Nalla	0	3	0
312 Rathamma	Ramadu	0	8	0
313 Lakshmi	Rangi	0	2	0
314 Ramanna	Ramadu	0	2	0
315. Nagadu	Ambigadu	0	8	0
316 C Baligadu	Pulligadu	0	8	0
317 Ambigadu	Ankadu	0	4	0
318. Marigadu	Ankadu	0	4	0
319 Mangamma	Enni Reddi	0	4	0
320. S. Nagi	Nagadu	0	1	0
321. Venkati	Baligadu	0	2	0
322. Y. Ramakka	Ramadu	0	4	0
323. Lingama	Tirupati	0	4	0
324. Mary	Abraham	0	4	0
325. Pedda Pell	Kenayya	0	8	0
326. P Ramakka	Venkati	0	8	0
327. Pell	Ramudu	0	2	0
328. Nagi	Kotayya	0	2	0
329. Saligadu	Chenchigadu	0	8	0
330. Samuel	Thikadu	0	8	0
331. Sardigadu	Ambigadu	0	8	0
332 Yenigadu	Pavurigadu	0	8	0
333. Somadu	Ankadu	0	4	0
334 Venkaligadu	Chenchigadu	0	8	0
335. Nagappa	Lachigadu	0	8	0
336. Mulakka	Muladu	0	8	0
337. Yellanna	Ramayya	0	4	0
338. B. Nagamma	Ankadu	0	0	0
339. Subba Ramakka	Seshayya	0	2	0
340. Subbadu	Peddanna	0	8	0
341. P. Nagappa	Yenigadapa	0	8	0
342. Chellamudu	Nagadu	0	0	0
343. Venkati	Ramudu	0	10	0
344. Nayalamma	Venkati	0	4	0
345. Anabakka	Unnangadu	0	1	0
346. John	Venkati	0	8	0
347. Yeravadu	Venkata	0	4	0
348. Gopalavadu	Timmadu	0	14	0
349. Pullaiah	Ankayya	0	7	0
350. Nagamma	Avulayya	0	4	0
351. D. Pallamma	Ankayya	0	2	0
352 Pulgadu	Maligadu	0	0	0
353 Hanumanthu	Pinjarappa	0	6	0

Serial number and name of section.	Father's name.	Amount. Rs. A. P.	Serial number and name of section.	Father's name.	Amount. Rs. A. P.
354. Pasanna	.. Bhimanna	.. 0 2 0	363. Ayyanna	.. Sanjivanna	.. 0 10 0
355. Mallegadda	.. Pothanna	.. 0 0 0	364. Yellanna	.. Rayappa	.. 0 4 0
356. Pangadi	.. Hanumanthu	.. 0 0 0	365. Venkatigadu	.. Pichuvadu	.. 0 4 0
357. Bhimanna	.. Nagappa	.. 0 0 0	366. Ankamma	.. Ankanna	.. 0 1 0
358. Timmayya	.. Nagayya	.. 0 2 0	367. G. Gildanna	.. Anjanappa	.. 0 2 0
359. Kalagadu	.. T. Nagadu	.. 0 4 0		Total	.. 101 9 1
360. Kanji	.. Mangadu	.. 0 2 0			
361. Nagenna	.. Kamadu	.. 0 0 0			
362. Chinnana	.. Nagappa	.. 0 12 0			

A. S. LAURIE,
Executive Engineer Kurnool Division.

Kurnool, 27th March 1919.

OFFICIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

TENDERS FOR THE BINDING OF REGISTRATION RECORDS.

Tenders are invited for binding the registration records of the Registration offices in the district of Vizagapatam. They will be received up to 10th April 1919 and none will be received after that date.

2. Every tender should be superscribed "Tender for binding the registration records of Vizagapatam district" and should be addressed to the Registrar of Vizagapatam.

3. The successful tenderer will be required to execute the necessary agreement on a date to be fixed and if he fails to do so within that date his tender will be rejected.

4. The work should be executed before the end of February 1920 and should not be sublet.

5. Leather to be used should be of the finest quality and straw boards, and not country boards, should be used for corners.

6. The contract is subject to the approval of the Superintendent, Government Press, Madras. Bills for the charges will be paid after they are verified and approved by the said officer whose decision will be final.

7. Rexine will, if required, be supplied departmentally at the cost of the binder.

8. The undersigned reserves the right of rejecting any tender without giving any reason.

9

Nature of work.	Style of binding.
(i) Rebinding of Register books 1, 2, 3 and 5.	With full leather or rexine, royal size.
(ii) Re-stitching of the above books ..	
(iii) Binding of original indexes, about 50 volumes.	With calico; with back and corners of leather or rexine foolscap size.
(iv) Other miscellaneous records ..	With half calico and marbla, foolscap size.
(v) Re stitching of old index volumes ..	

V. VENKATASESHAYYA,
Acting Registrar.

Vizagapatam, 28th March 1919.

TENDERS FOR CONSTRUCTING A COMBINED OFFICE FOR THE DEPUTY TAHSILDAR AND SUB-REGISTRAR AT MANGALAGIRI, GUNTUR DISTRICT.

Sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned at his office up to 5 o'clock on 20th April 1919 for constructing a combined office for the Deputy Tahsildar and Sub-Registrar at Mangalagiri, Guntur district, estimate Rs. 67,800.

2. Tenders should be addressed to the Executive Engineer, Guntur division, and should be superscribed "Tender for constructing a combined office for the Deputy Tahsildar and Sub-Registrar at Mangalagiri, Guntur district."

3. Each tender should be accompanied by an earnest money of Rs. 500 in cash or currency notes which will be returned to the tenderers whose tenders are not accepted.

4. The Executive Engineer will reserve to himself the right of rejecting all or any of the tenders without assigning any reasons for so doing.

5. As soon as the acceptance of the tender is notified, the successful tenderer will be required to deposit a further sum of Rs. 200 which, with the earnest money received, will be held as security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. The successful tenderer will also be required to sign an agreement in the proper departmental form for the due fulfilment of the contract.

7. Failure to comply with conditions 5 and 6 above will entail forfeiture of the earnest money.

8. The contract must not be sublet.

9. Other conditions of contract and the contract documents can be seen at any time between 11 a.m. and 5 p.m. in the Executive Engineer's office, from which blank forms of tender can also be obtained.

SCHEDULE

Quantity.		Description of work.	Per
		Items common to main building, cook room and latrine.	
53,340 c. ft.	..	Earthwork, excavating foundations	1,000 c. ft.
5,598	..	Sand filling with clean sand	100 "
7,768	.. ..	Concrete broken stone in lime mortar	100 "
19,185	.. ..	Random rubble in lime mortar for foundations and basement	100 "
21,726	.. ..	Random rubble in lime mortar for superstructure	100 "
540	.. ..	Cuttings in lime mortar	1 "
1,644	.. ..	Ground moulded brick in lime mortar	100 "
882	.. ..	Arch work: Ground moulded brick in lime mortar	100 "
4,234 sq. ft.	..	Flooring with Cuddapah slabs 1½" thick over 9" sand (sand taken separately and pointed with cement) excluding cost and conveyance of cement.	100 sq. ft.
3,304 "	..	Plastering with cement ½" thick	100 "
		Main building.	
7,824 c. ft.	..	Filling in basement with earth	1,000 c. ft.
1,680 "	..	Filling with gravel in the courtyard	100 "
396 sq. ft.	..	Stone course work in lime mortar	Sq. ft.
280 "	..	Weathering course	"
3,476 sq. ft.	..	Roofing with Mangalore tiles over flat tiles, set in mortar, including teak rafters, etc., complete, excluding cost and conveyance of Mangalore tiles and teak rafters.	100 sq. ft.
267 "	..	Ridge tilings—labour only	Rg. ft.
940 "	..	Best terraced roofing with bricks on edge 3" of well beaten brick concrete, three courses of flat tiles with top and bottom plastered.	100 sq. ft.
1,12d "	..	Semi-circular corked roof complete	100 "
33,500 "	..	Plastering with lime mortar two coats (first coat being 1" thick 1 : 3 and the second coat ½" thick 1 : 2, and whitewashing two coats.	100 "
3,200 "	..	Painting two coats of lime white—labour only	100 "
4,561 "	..	Painting three coats of oil paint—labour only	100 "
		Shed for materials	
		Centrings for arches	
		Date stone	
		Cook room.	
2,464 sq. ft	..	Best tiled roofing with Mangalore tiles including teak rafters—labour only.	100 sq. ft.
1,852 "	..	Plastering with lime mortar one coat and whitewashing two coats ..	100 "
148 "	..	Painting doors, windows and wood work exposed to weather with two coats of chocolate paint—labour only.	100 "
344 "	..	Wood filling two coats to wood work not exposed to weather—labour only..	100 "
		Fixing grate complete	L.S.

C. V. STEPHENS,
Executive Engineer, Guntur Division.

Guntur, 19th March 1919.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF STATIONERY ARTICLES, ETC.

SEALED tenders for the supply of all or any of the undermentioned articles of Indian manufacture during the official year 1919-20 will be received by the Superintendent of Stationery up to 12 noon on Tuesday the 15th April 1919.

Description.		Probable quantity required for 1920 years.
1. Ink, black, registration, in stone quart bottles containing 40 oz. each ..	Jars.	4,000
2. Penknives, desk	Doz.	300
3. Scissors, large	"	10
4. Do small	"	15
5. Nails for packing, Europe, assorted	Lb.	1,120
6. Gum	"	18,000
7. Black ink powder each packet to yield 12 ounces of liquid ink	Doz.	10,000
8 Scarlet ink powder each packet to yield 40 ounces of liquid ink	Packets	2,000
9 Glue	Lb.	2,000
10. Postal scales	Nos.	20
11. Ounce weights A	Sets.	24
12. Tola weights B	"	20
13. Blue drill	Yds	400
14. Spare half tola weights	Nos.	400
A. Set—Ounces 8, 4, 2 1.		
B. Set—Tolas 50, 10, 5, 2, 1, ½, ¼.		

GENERAL CONDITIONS.

Tenders must be superscribed "Tenders for Stationery articles, etc." and must specify the rates at which the tenderers undertake to supply the articles at the Stationery Office, Madras. They should be accompanied by a deposit of 5 per cent on the value of the tender. The deposit must be remitted into the Bank of Madras and the Bank's receipt attached to the tender. No money will be accepted.

2. Samples of articles to be supplied must invariably accompany the tender; they must be distinctly described and marked with the name of the tenderer on labels attached to them. Standard samples of articles may be inspected at the Stationery office.

3. *Items* 1, 7 *and* 8.—Ink powders and registration ink tendered must be of the finest quality. Two quart bottles of registration ink and six packets in each of items 7 and 8 must accompany the tender as samples. The supplies made by the successful tenderer will also be tested by the Chemical Examiner with the accepted samples before they are accepted.

4. An examination fee of Rs. 10 should accompany each sample of ink .

5. Should a tenderer withdraw his tender before settlement, his tender deposit will be forfeited to Government.

6. The successful tenderer will be required to deposit as security 10 per cent of the value of his tender, together with the necessary stamp duty and to sign a contract bond (the form of which can be seen at the Stationery Office) within fifteen days from the date on which he is informed that his tender is accepted; otherwise his deposit of 5 per cent will be forfeited and his tender will be considered as cancelled.

7. The actual quantities required will be intimated to the contractor from time to time and must be delivered at the cost and risk of the contractor at the Stationery Office, Madras, punctually on the dates fixed in the orders issued, failing which the terms of the contract bond will be strictly enforced.

8. The Superintendent of Stationery reserves to himself the right of rejecting any tender without assigning any reason for so doing.

9. Forms of tender and any further information can be obtained on application to the Stationery Office on any office day between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

A. R. LOFTUS-TOTTENHAM,
Superintendent of Stationery.

Madras, 15th March 1919.

TENDERS FOR INSTRUMENTS.

SEALED tenders are invited for the supply of instruments of the following descriptions :—

1.	Gunter's chains iron	100 links (66 feet) with brass handles, and indices at each 10 links (gauge No. 8 and 10 arrows).
2.	Cross staves (iron rod)	*Head* to be of well seasoned teakwood 4" × 4" × 2½" with grooves ¾" deep and fitted at bottom with a square iron plate 2" × 2" × ⅛" by 4 screws. *Staff* of iron 4 feet, 6 inches long and ¾ inch diameter. Pointed end screwed riveted to the square iron plate.
3.	Cross staves (male bamboo *or* solid.)	*Head* to be of well seasoned teakwood 4"×4"×2"; grooves ½ inch deep. *Staff* of male bamboo shod with a 6 inch iron socket well screwed on and with end pointed. The bamboo should be 1½ inches in diameter 5 feet long.
4.	Offset pole ..	10 links, male bamboo 1½ inches in diameter shod at both ends with riveted iron ferules.
5.	Drawing board ..	Of well seasoned teak wood 1 foot 6 inches broad and ½ inch thick underpropped by 2 battens each 1" × 1½". Both ends of the board to be grooved and fitted with cross pieces—length of board 2 feet 4 inches.
6.	Flat ruler ..	Of 'Nuka' wood, fine grained size 1 foot by 1½ inches by ¼ inch both edges bevelled.

2. The tenders should be accompanied by samples and be submitted not later than the 15th April 1919.

3. Specimens open for inspection and further particulars obtainable at the Survey Office, Chepauk, Madras.

4. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

W. A. HASTED,
Director of Survey.

Madras, 20th March 1919.

AUCTION OF MOTOR LAUNCH ACCESSORIES.

THE following accessories belonging to the motor launch will be sold by public auction by the Inspector, Madras Depot, at his office near Salt Cottars at 10 a.m. on 1st May 1919.

2. All the articles will be put up to auction in one lot or in several convenient lots at the discretion of the auctioning officer.

3. Intending bidders will have to deposit a sum of Rs. 25 before they are allowed to bid.

4. The selling officer accepts no responsibility as to the working condition or otherwise of the articles offered for sale. The articles may be inspected on any working day between 8 a.m. to 12 noon at the office of the Salt Inspector, Madras Depot.

5. The lot or lots sold will be knocked down to the highest bidder who must be prepared to pay the full bid at the close of the auction failing which they will be resold at his risk

6. The deposits of unsuccessful bidders will be repaid at the close of the auction.

7. The sale is subject to confirmation by the Assistant Commissioner, Salt and Abkari Revenue, Chingleput subdivision, who is at liberty to accept the highest or any bid.

5. The successful bidders should remove their lots within three days of receipt by them of the order confirming the sale, failing which the Assistant Commissioner has discretion to order a resale or to extend the time up to a further limit of one week on proper grounds.

List of motor launch accessories.

Water cooler and siphon	..	..	1
Engine cylinder	..	..	1
Pistons with rod and ring	..	..	2
Crank shaft	..	..	1
Crank case broken	..	..	1
Fly wheel	..	..	1
Carburetor	..	..	1
Carburetor connexion	..	..	1
Magneto	..	..	1
Magneto eccentric rod	..	..	1
Sparking plug and connecting wire	..	..	2
Magneto wheel	..	..	1
Magneto chain	..	..	1
Brass brackets	..	..	2
Tank and oil conveying tubes	..	..	1
Starting clutches in two pieces	..	..	1
Steering wheel and rope	..	..	1
One set of six interesting maps	..	..	1
One water circulation tube with funnel	..	..	1
One exhaust pipe	..	..	1
One hub with horn	..	..	1
One C A V. lighting dynamo	..	..	1
One small bundle of electric wire	..	..	1
One brass driving pully for the dynamo	..	..	1
One set of four electric light bulbs	..	..	1
One starting handle with pinion and two bearings	..	..	1
One strainer for the water pump	..	..	1
One festive rectangular	..	..	1
One festive round	..	..	1
Two spare pistons for the engine	..	..	2
Gear box with revolving handle (in two halves)	..	..	1
Differential axle and	..	..	1
Clutch with rod	..	..	1
Differential pinion and case	..	..	1
Jacks	..	..	2
One collar	..	..	1
One bearing complete	..	..	1
One petrol tank	..	..	1
Small stands for kits	..	..	2
Three drums of Fuseine petrol	..	..	3

M. VENKATARAMA AYYAR,
Assistant Commissioner, Chingleput Subdivision.

Madras, 19th March 1919.

TENDERS FOR THE BINDING OF REGISTRATION RECORDS.

TENDERS are invited for binding the undermentioned registration records of the Madras-Chingleput district:—

	Style of binding.
(1) Original Indexes I and II	Calico with back and corners of rexine or leather
(2) File book I	Binder's cloth with rexine back.
(3) Book I	Full rexine or leather
(4) Deposition books	Half calico and marble.

N.B.—Straw boards and not country paste boards should be used for covers.

2. Every tender should be superscribed as follows:—"Tender for binding the registration records of the Madras-Chingleput district." It should be addressed to the Registrar of Madras-Chingleput, Madras, and should reach him on or before the 1st May 1919. It should specify the rates at which the tenderer is prepared to undertake the several items of work.

3. Each tender will be accompanied with a deposit of Rs. 10. The deposits of unsuccessful tenderers will be refunded as soon as possible after the result of the tenders has been decided with the approval of the Superintendent of the Government Press.

4. The successful tenderer will be required to execute the necessary agreement on the date to be fixed by the undersigned. If he fails to do so within that date his tender will be rejected and his deposit forfeited.

5. The work should commence immediately after the execution of the agreement and be completed before the end of December 1919. It should not be sublet.

6. Intending tenderers may apply to the undersigned for any further information required as regards the nature of binding, etc.

7. Payment for the work done will be made only after the bill is checked and passed by the Superintendent, Government Press, whose decision will be final.

8. The undersigned reserves the right of rejecting any tender without assigning any reason.

MR. SIRCATHULLA CHIDA,
Registrar.

Madras, 14th March 1919.

AUCTION FOR SUPPLY OF ARTICLES OF DIET, ETC.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Superintendent, Central Jail, Salem, will hold a public auction at the Central Jail, Salem, at 2 p.m. on Friday the 4th April 1919 for the supply of the following articles required for the jail for the year 1919–20.

2. Intending bidders should deposit Rs. 50 as earnest money. The deposit of the successful bidders will be retained by the Superintendent, Central Jail, Salem, until the supplies are made, and those of unsuccessful bidders will be returned immediately after the auction is over. Bidders are at liberty to bid for whatever quantity they may wish to supply up to quantity required.

3. Successful bidders will be required to deposit at once a sum equal to 10 per cent of the value of the articles bid or tendered for and to execute a bond within 7 days of the date of the acceptance of the rates, failing which their deposits will be confiscated. In case of failure to undertake the supply, the bidders will also be liable to pay the difference between the price accepted and that ultimately obtained.

4. Samples of articles of diet can be seen at the time of auction.

5. Sealed tenders will also be received by the Superintendent, Central Jail, Salem, up to 2 p.m. on Friday the 4th April 1919 from those that are unable to attend the auction. Tenders should be superscribed "Tender for the supply of rations and oil-cake articles to the Central Jail, Salem." No tender will be considered unless accompanied by Rs. 50 earnest money. Tenders will be opened at the time of auction.

6. The Superintendent reserves to himself the right of rejecting any or all bids without assigning any reason for so doing.

7. No advance of cash will be made to the contractor but payments for articles supplied will be made promptly.

8. The contract is subject to confirmation by the Inspector-General of Prisons.

9. The contract should not be sublet.

10. Further information can be had from the undersigned.

11. The quantities given in the schedule are only approximate and the contractor will be required to supply more or less according to the Superintendent's written orders.

List of articles required	Probable quantity.
Ragi, wastage not to exceed 10 per cent in cleaning and grinding	198,000 lb.
Rice, cheaper quality northern country, wastage not to exceed 5 per cent	75,000 ,,
Gingelly seed, Black, wastage not to exceed 10 per cent and outturn not to be less than 45 per cent	42,000 ,,
Chillies, new and dry	2,000 ,,
Coriander, new and dry	1,050 ,,
Turmeric, new and dry	2,250 ,,
Old tamarind, free from stones, fibre, etc.	6,000 ,,
New tamarind, free from stones, fibre, etc.	4,000 ,,
Fire-wood, dry, in small billets of 2 to 3 feet (jungle-wood), mangrove will not be accepted	60 tons.
Onions, fresh and large	7,200 lb.
Cows' milk (cows milked at Jail), specific gravity not below 1026°	360 pints monthly.
Soya grain, 4 feet long, to be supplied as required, quality should be firm and dry, wastage not to exceed 25 per cent	3,000 lb.
Kerosene oil, tuik	600 ,, monthly.
Kerosene oil, monkey head	10 tins monthly.
Wood charcoal	4,500 lb.
Aloe fibre	150 ,,
Coconut nuttays (green) to be supplied monthly	3,000
Do. (dry)	100,000
Rattan	600 lb.
Block tin sheets 8" × 24"	50
Do. 20" × 15"	100
Empty dal-wood boxes	15 monthly.
Jaggery, palmyra, good and dry	30 maunds
Coal to be supplied when required	21 tons.
Dark blue yarn 10s	20 bales of 250 lb. each.

Central Jail, Salem,
18th March 1919.

A. J. IVATTS,
Superintendent.

RECOVERY OF WRECKS.

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 76 of Act VII of 1880, that the undermentioned property has been salvaged within the limits of the Port of Madras, and claimants should submit their claim within a week's time from the date of the circular and remove the articles claimed within the close of the month on payment of the salvage charges. Should they fail, the articles will be sold in the following month by the Engineer, Port Trust, Madras.

Description of articles.	Mark.	Date of recovery	Place of recovery.
Two iron rods 30' (double-headed)	Nil	20th March 1919 ..	Madras harbour.
One flat iron bar	"	24th March 1919 ..	
Six coir rope skeins	"	" ..	
One galvanised iron wire rope piece	"	" ..	
One teakwood mortling	"	25th March 1919 ..	
Six flat iron bars	"	" ..	
Two square iron bars	"	" ..	
One square iron bar 3/4	"	" ..	
One round iron bar	"	" ..	
One pot sleeper M S M.R.	"	" ..	
One cast iron pipe 2½' × 6'	"	" ..	
Seven fat bricks	"	" ..	
Two cotton lattings 8' and 9'	A diamond with "I. d" in the centre, "S." and "T." on the left and right above, "A." and "D." on the left and right below with "No. 73" underneath	26th March 1919 ..	

Tamil 1880-ஆவதுசட்டம் 7-வது பிரிவின் 78-வது செலவாயுத்தக்கப்பட்டிருக்கிறது மேலும் இதன் பேரில் கீழ்க்கண்ட ஆஸ்தி சம்பவித்திருக்கிறபடியால் இதன் சொந்தக்காரர்கள் ஒரு வாரத்திற்குள் இதை உரிமை கோரவேண்டியது. அவர்கள் சரக்குகளை மாதத்திற்குள் எடுத்துக்கொள்ளவேண்டியது. இல்லாவிட்டால் அடுத்த மாதத்தில் சென்னை துறைமுக பொறியாளரால் பகிரங்கமாக விற்கப்படும்.

சாமான்களின் விவரம்.	குறி.	அடையப்பட்ட தேதி மற்றும்.	அடையப்பட்ட இடம்.
2 இருகலப்பை இருப்பு தெரில், 30' ..	பூச்சியம்	1919-ம்ஆண்டு மார்ச்சில்	
1 தட்டை இருப்பு கட்டை	Ditto	Ditto 20th.	
6 தேங்காய் மட்டை	Ditto	Ditto 20th.	
1 வாய்ந்திய இருப்புக்கம்பி துண்டு ..	Ditto	Ditto 24th.	
1 தேக்குமர கலசம்	Ditto	Ditto 24th.	
5 தட்டை இருப்பு கட்டைகள்	Ditto	Ditto 25th.	
2 சதுர இருப்பு கட்டைகள்	Ditto	Ditto 25th.	பாம்பன் துறைமுக அதிகாரி வசம்.
1 சதுர இருப்பு கம்பி	Ditto	Ditto 25th.	
1 உருள இருப்பு கம்பி	Ditto	Ditto 25th.	
1 சவிக்கட்டை, M S M R	Ditto	Ditto 25th.	
1 இருப்பு துண்டு, 9½' × 4" .. .	Ditto	Ditto 25th.	
7 கட்டைகள்துண்டு	Ditto	Ditto 25th.	
2 மரத்தினால் கட்டை	மதுரையில் 10 வது இடத்து வெளியீட்டில் Rule 8 இன் A of the Indian Treasure Trove Rules இன் Form No. 73.	Ditto 26th.	

Harbour Offices, Madras,
31st March 1919.

H. GARLAND,
Acting Deputy Conservator of the Port,
for Receiver of Wrecks for the Port of Madras.

Notice is hereby given, under section 78 of Act of 1860, the undermentioned property has been saved within the limits of the port of Pamban and all claims thereto must be prepared and proved within six months from date of this notification before the Port Officer, Pamban :—

Description.	Date of recovery.	Place of recovery.
Two pieces of teakwood measuring 7' 4" × 1' × 8" each.	23rd February 1919.	From the sea on the north side of Karunada Island.

இதனால் 1860 ம்ஆண்டுச்சட்ட 7-வது பிரிவின் 78-வது செய்தியபடிக்கு கொடுக்கப்பட்டிருக்கிற பாம்பன் துறைமுக எல்லைக்குட்பட்ட கடலில் கண்டெடுக்கப்பட்ட இதைக்கிய பிரிந்த தொழுவையர்கள் தங்களுடைய பாத்தியதைகளை இந்த விளம்பரம் தெரிவிக்கும் 6 (ஆறு) மாதத்திற்குள்ளாக துறைமுக அதிகாரி முன்பு ருஜுபடுத்தவேண்டியது.

சாமான்கள் விவரம்.	அகப்பட்ட தேதி.	அகப்பட்ட இடம்.
7 அடி 4 அங்குல நீளம் 1 அங்குல பருமன் உள்ள அகலுள்ள தேக்கு மரத்துண்டுகள் இரண்டு.	1919-ம்ஆண்டு பிப்ரவரி மீ 23உ.	குருசடை தீவுக்கு வடக்கு கடலில்.

Pamban, 13th March 1919.

W. J. SWAN,
Port Officer.

The following property is lying unclaimed in Komaravanipeta Machilesam seashore, hamlet of Kotcherla, in Chipurupalli taluk, Vizagapatam district. Any person or persons claiming the same should appear before the Divisional Magistrate, Vizianagram, and establish his or their claims. If he or they fail to do so the property will be sold in public auction and the sale-proceeds credited to Government :—

Description of property—one beam (mariyatu), length 5 yards 1 foot, 1 inch, breadth 1 yard 1 foot 1 inch, found at Komaravanipeta Machilesam seashore by Kari Somayya, etc.

ఈ క్రింద వర్ణనంచేయబడిన ఆస్తి వాళ్ళపట్నం జిల్లా, చీపురుపల్లి తాలూకా లంకలపాలెం మచ్చిలేశం పరిధిలోనుండేది. దానిని దాని హక్కుదారు వెలివేయడంవల్ల ప్రభుత్వానికిచెందేట్లు చేశాము. దానిపై హక్కుగల ఏ వ్యక్తియైనా లేక ఏ వ్యక్తులయినా దిలయిజిస్ట్రేటుకు సమర్పించి తమ్మ్యాదారులను సమర్థించుకోవడానికి ఆరు నెలలు వ్యవధి ఇవ్వబడ్డది. అలాగు జరుగనట్లయితే ఆస్తి బహిరంగ వేలంలోవ్వాలా అమ్మబడి వచ్చిన సొమ్ము ప్రభుత్వపు ఖాతాలో చేరుతుంది :—

కొత్తగా వర్ణనంచేయబడిన మచ్చిలేశం చెక్క సంబంధంలేని కొయ్యముక్కలయొక్క కర్ర
ఇది కోమయ్య వగయిరాలవాళ్ళ చిక్కుబడ్డది.

మందాల కర్ర, 5 x. 1 అ. 9 అంగుళాలు పొడవు వున్న మొత్తం, 1 x. 1 అ. 1 అంగుళం.

The following property in lying unclaimed in Kuppili seashore in Chipurupalli taluk, Vizagapatam district. Any person or persons claiming the same should appear before the Divisional Magistrate, Vizianagram, and establish his or their claims. If he or they fail to do so the property will be sold in public auction and the sale-proceeds credited to Government.—

Description of property—teakwood, length 12 feet, breadth 6 feet, found at Kuppili seashore by the village officers.

ఈ క్రింద వివరించబడిన ఆస్తి విశాఖపట్నం జిల్లా, చిపురుపల్లి తాలూకా యందూ కప్పిలి గ్రామమున వున్న సముద్రపు ఒడ్డున దొరికినది. కనుక దాని మీద్దాన్ని పొందుటకుగాను ఇదివరకు ఎవరు కష్టపడి వచ్చినా వారు విజయనగరం దివిజన్ మెజిస్ట్రేటుగారి వద్ద తమ హక్కులను స్థాపించుకొనవలసినది. లేని యెడల ఆ వస్తువును బహిరంగముగా వేలము పాడుటకు మరియు ఆ వేలము సొమ్మును ప్రభుత్వమువారి ఖాతాలో జమచేయుటకు ఏర్పాటు చేయబడును. ఆ వస్తువు వివరము క్రింద ఇవ్వబడినది :—

కప్పిలి గ్రామసముద్రపు ఒడ్డున గ్రామాధికారులచేత దొరికినది. కప్పిలి గ్రామస్థుల చేత పరిశీలింపబడినది.

టేకు కర్ర. 12 అడుగుల పొడవు, 6 అడుగుల వెడల్పు.

A. SAMUEL,
Divisional Magistrate.

Vizianagram, 8th March 1919

ప్రకటన నెం. 1.

ఇండియా ప్రభుత్వమువారిచేత, యీ క్రింద ప్రకటనలోనిచ్చిన పేర్కొన్న బాణసంచా తయారుచేయుటకు, అమ్ముటకు, రవాణా చేయుటకు, దిగుమతి చేసుకొనుటకు సంబంధించిన నియమములు యీ ప్రకటనలో ఇవ్వబడినవి. ఈ నియమములు ఉల్లంఘించిన వారు ఇండియా ప్రభుత్వమువారి చేత నిర్ణయించబడిన జరిమానాలకు పాత్రులగుదురు. ఈ నియమములు ఉల్లంఘించిన వారు ఇండియా ప్రభుత్వమువారి చేత నిర్ణయించబడిన జరిమానాలకు పాత్రులగుదురు. ఈ నియమములు ఉల్లంఘించిన వారు ఇండియా ప్రభుత్వమువారి చేత నిర్ణయించబడిన జరిమానాలకు పాత్రులగుదురు.

ఎల్. కాంప్టన్,
చీఫ్ ఇన్స్పెక్టర్.

మద్రాసు, 1919 వ సంవత్సరం 11 వ తేదీ.

FOR SALE IN THE OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INSPECTOR OF EXPLOSIVES WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

The Indian Explosives Rules, 1914, which include the rules for the manufacture, possession, sale, transport and importation of explosives issued by the Government of India. Re. 1 per copy.

Rules for the transport and importation of explosives at the port of Madras. As. 4 per copy.

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE

AT THE GOVERNMENT BRANCH PRESS, 166 MOUNT ROAD, MADRAS, S.C., AND BY AGENTS.

[*A Catalogue of all Madras Government Publications available for sale may be obtained gratis from the Government Press, Mint Buildings, or at Mount Road Branch, Madras.*]

[*The amounts within parentheses are for packing and postage.*]

List of Gazetted Officers in the Madras Police Department, corrected up to 1st March 1919.—Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 4 (6 p.).

Board's Standing Orders. Fiftieth and Fifty-first lists of corrections to Volume I. Each Pies 6 (3 p.). Forty-fourth list. Anna 1 (6 p.). Forty-fifth list Pies 6 (3 p.).

Madras Registration Manual, Part II. Nineteenth list of corrections. Anna 1 (6 p.). Twentieth list As. 1-6 (6 p.) Part I. Tenth and Eleventh list of corrections. Each Pies 6 (3 p.).

Classified List of Forest Officers in the Madras Presidency (with Coorg), corrected up to 1st March 1919. Imperial 8vo. Paper cover Anna 1 (6 p.).

Madras Treasury Manual, Vols I and II. Eighty-ninth lists of corrections. Pies 6 (3 p.).

Special Funds Code. Ninth list of corrections. Pies 6 (3 p.).

Monthly List of Civil Servants in the Madras Presidency, corrected up to 1st March 1919 Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 3 (1 a.).

Agricultural Calender for 1919-20, English, Royal 8vo. Paper cover. A. 1 (3 p.).

Village Officers' Manual, Tamil, 1919 edition. Royal 8vo, Board. Re. 1-8 (3 as. 6 p.).

Half-yearly List of Subordinate officers of the Madras Police, corrected up to January 1919. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 6 (1 a.).

Questions and Answers at the Meetings of the Council of the Governor of Fort St. George, Vol. X (July 1917 to June 1918) with Index Board, Re. 2 (5 as. 9 p.)

Madras Civil Medical Code. Tenth list of corrections. As. 2 (3 p.).

Madras Supplement to the Civil Service Regulations, Addenda and Corrigenda No. II. English. As. 2 (3 p.) No III. A. 1 (3 p.).

Agricultural Bulletin No 76. Exhibit of food and industrial products made from local Agricultural produce, 1918. Royal 8vo. Wrapper. As. 2 (3 p.).

NEEDLEWORK SYLLABUS FOR EUROPEAN SCHOOLS. Revised 1919. Price 6 (9 p.).
INDIAN MUNITIONS BOARD. Results of working the Government Tannery at Dharavi, Bombay, during 1917-18. Imperial 8vo. Paper cover, 1919. A. 1 (6 p.)
MANUAL OF INSTRUCTIONS FOR CONDUCTING RESETTLEMENTS. Correction slip No. 1 of 1918 and 2 of 1919. Each. Price 6 (6 p.).
CLASSIFIED LIST AND DISTRIBUTION RETURN OF ESTABLISHMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, Corrected up to 31st December 1918. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Re. 1-8 (3 a.)
FINAL ELECTORAL ROLLS FOR ELECTIONS TO THE IMPERIAL AND MADRAS LEGISLATIVE COUNCILS. (25th March 1919.) Stitched. Rs. 2-9 (b a.).
INDIA ACT XVI OF 1919. Provincial Collection of taxes, English, Royal 8vo. A. 1-3 (3 p.)
INDIA ACT XVII OF 1919. Indian Non-ferrous Metal Industry. Tamil, Telugu, Malayalam and Kanarese. Foolscap folio. Each. Price 6 (9 p.). English Royal 8vo. As. 2-9 (4 p.)
INDIA ACT XVIII OF 1919. Indian Army (Suspension of Sentences). English, Royal 8vo. As. 1-3 (3 p.).
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INDIA ACT XXI OF 1919. Indian defence force (Foreign Service) Amendment, English, Royal 8vo. As. 1-3 (3 p.).
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ORDINANCE III OF 1918. Indian Paper Currency (Amendment). Foolscap folio. Tamil, Telugu Urdu, Malayalam and Uriya. Each Price 6 (6 p.). English Royal 8vo. Annas 2 (3 p.).
MADRAS ACT I OF 1919. Kodaikanalam Devaswom Act, English. Foolscap folio. Price 3 (9 p.). 8vo. As 1-3 (3 p.)
MADRAS ACT II OF 1919. Madras Port Trust Amendment, English. Foolscap folio. Price 3(3 p.)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

NEW LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE

BY THE SUPERINTENDENT OF GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA, 8 HASTINGS STREET, CALCUTTA.

[*A General Catalogue of all Government Publications may be obtained gratis from the Government Central Press, Calcutta.*]

LEGISLATION AND ORDERS RELATING TO THE WAR. SIXTH EDITION (corrected up to 18th May 1918) Royal 8vo. Board. Re. 1 (3 a.).
PROCEEDINGS OF THE WAR CONFERENCE HELD AT DELHI, 27TH TO 29TH APRIL 1918. Foolscap 4to. Paper cover. As. 4 (2 as).

VACANCIES.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of a clerk on Rs. 20 plus Rs 6 war allowance in the District Police office, Ramnad, at Madura. The appointment is at present temporary for one year, and is likely to be extended for further period or made permanent after one year. Preference will be given to the candidates who possess a good knowledge of English and who have had previous experience of District Police Office work.

E. B. LOVELUCK,
District Superintendent of Police, Ramnad.

Madura, 10th March 1919.

APPLICATIONS are invited from Telugu-knowing candidates who have passed or studied up to school final class for sub. *pro tem* appointments as classifiers and clerks vacant in this party. Pay Rs. 20 and 25 according to qualifications. Applicants should state their age, qualifications and previous service, if any, in the Settlement or other departments.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of a sub. *pro tem*, typist of this office—salary according to qualifications as follows :—

		Rs.
Candidates holding a certificate of Elementary Type-writing test	..	20—1—25
Do. Intermediate Type-writing test	..	25—1—30
Do. Advanced Typewriting test	..	30—1—50

Men with a knowledge of shorthand will be preferred.

J. VENKATANARAYANA,
Special Settlement Officer.

Bellary, 10th March 1919.

II-9

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Superintendent of Archæology, Travancore. The appointment carries a pay of Rs. (250) two hundred and fifty per mensem, and will be for a period of three years. Travelling allowance and leave will be regulated by the Travancore Service Regulations. Applicants should be graduates of a recognized University and should possess a good knowledge of Sanskrit and either Malayalam or Tamil. Those who have had practical experience of archæological and epigraphical work will be preferred. The applications should contain full information regarding age, qualifications, etc., and should be accompanied by copies of testimonials, as well as of the candidate's publications, if any. Applications should reach the undersigned not later than the 1st May 1919, and the selected candidate should be ready to join duty within one month after receiving intimation of his appointment.

R. MAHADEVA AYYAR,
Chief Secretary to Government.

Trivandrum, 19th March 1919.

APPLICATIONS are invited from Secondary School-leaving Certificate holders for clerk's posts on Rs. 20 in Cuddapah Registrar's office with chances of confirmation if their work is found satisfactory. A knowledge of Telugu is essential.

A. ANNAJI RAO,
Registrar.

Cuddapah, 12th March 1919.

APPLICATIONS are invited from duly qualified candidates for a draughtsman's place on Rs. 30—2—50 which will fall vacant on or after 1st May 1919. The post is likely to become permanently vacant and the candidate if proved fit, will have a fair chance of confirmation. Applications should reach the undersigned before 15th April 1919. Copies of testimonials, if any, should also be appended. No candidate who has neither undergone a course of two years in the College of Engineering nor who has obtained a complete group certificate for draughtsman's post need apply. Preference will be given to candidates who have had experience in forest offices.

F. R. MADAN,
District Forest Officer, West Kurnool.

Kurnool, 15th March 1919.

APPLICATIONS are invited from School Final candidates, whose vernacular is Telugu, for the posts of scoring clerks in the district. Specimen of handwriting in English and Telugu should be submitted along with the applications together with a copy of the marks obtained in each of the subjects in A, B and C groups.

Applications should reach this office before the 15th April 1919.

GHULAM MUHI-UD-DIN SAHIB,
Registrar.

Chittoor, 17th March 1919.

APPLICATIONS are invited from non-Brahman School Final candidates for the posts of temporary clerks, to start with, in the head office of the No. III Party, Trichinopoly, and Branch offices in field in the Kallakurchi taluk of the South Arcot district.

2. The application should clearly state (1) full name, (2) father's name, (3) age, (4) caste, (5) vernacular of the applicant and (6) if the applicant is prepared to take field posts if offered.

3. The applications should be addressed to the undersigned by name and reach him not later than the 20th April 1919.

K. S. GOPALA AYYAR,
Assistant Director in charge of No. III Survey Party.

Trichinopoly, 18th March 1919.

APPLICATIONS are invited from candidates holding completed Secondary School-leaving Certificates and able to read and write Tamil and Kanarese with facility for employment as third-grade amin on Rs. 19 with a war allowance of Rs. 4-8-0 per mensem.

T. BHAGAVANTAM GUPTA,
District Munsif.

Kollegal, 18th March 1919.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Inspector of Factories, Madras, carrying a salary of Rs. 400—20—700 per mensem. Applicants should report their full name, age, educational qualifications, knowledge of Indian languages, present appointment and pay and also past experience of factory work with testimonials. Applications should reach the Secretary to the Commissioner of Salt, Abkari and Separate Revenue, Madras, not later than the 15th April.

E. GRAHAM,
Secretary.

Board of Revenue (Separate Revenue),
Madras, 20th March 1919.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of temporary storekeeper for the Divi Pumping Station and Subdivisional Stores on a monthly salary of Rs. 25.

2. Candidates should be qualified under the examination rules and be conversant with the nomenclature and accounting of general engineering stores, tools and plant; one possessing previous departmental experience and a knowledge of engine-house stores and tools would be preferred.

3. The appointee will be required to also carry out the duties of time and cashkeeper for the Pumping Station and Repair shop work, and to attend to the clerical duties of the Pumping station. He will be required to live on the Pumping station premises at Pulagadda, Divi Island; unfurnished quarters will be provided free.

4. A security of Rs. 100 in cash should be deposited.

5. Applications should reach the undersigned before the 15th April 1919.

R. NARASIMHAM AYYANGAR,
Executive Engineer, Kistna Central Division.

Bezwada, 23rd March 1919.

APPLICATIONS are invited from qualified candidates for the post of Sub-Inspector of Police. Applicants should be of good social position and standing and be able to produce proof of good character. They must not be under 21 nor over 25 years of age, nor less than 5 feet 6 inches in height and 32 inches round the chest. Appointments are subject to the production of a medical certificate of physical fitness which is granted free of cost on the requisition of a District Superintendent of Police.

NOTE.—Candidates should have obtained at least a completed S.S.L.C or have the minimum educational qualification required under the Public Service notification. *Preference will be given to candidates with better qualification.*

2. The promotion of head constables to the grade of Sub-Inspector is restricted to a very small proportion and Sub-Inspectors of proved character, conduct and capacity are eligible for promotion to the rank of Inspector and also to the rank of Deputy Superintendent of Police in the Provincial service on pay ranging from Rs 250 to Rs 450, eventually rising to a maximum of Rs. 600 if placed in charge of districts.

3. The pay of Sub-Inspectors runs from Rs. 50 to Rs. 100 with an allowance of Rs. 15 or Rs. 5 per mensem according as a horse or a cycle is maintained. They are entitled to liberal halting and travelling allowances.

4. Selected candidates will undergo a year's training at the Provincial Police Training School, Vellore, during which period they are granted an allowance of Rs. 25 per mensem in the case of Indians and Rs. 40 in the case of Europeans and Eurasians to cover expenses. This period of service qualifies for pension.

5. Application should be made before the 15th June to the District Superintendents of Police of the district to which the applicant belongs. Permanent residents of Madras should present their applications to the Commissioner of Police, Madras, and residents of Native States to the Superintendents of Police of the British districts nearest to them. Applications from those desirous of serving in the Government Railway Police should be sent to the Superintendents of Government Railway Police at Madras and Trichinopoly. Forms of application are available in all District Police offices, and in the City Police office. Candidates should fill in the forms correctly and completely.

6. Candidates must satisfy the selecting officers that they are acquainted with the language or languages they profess to know.

7. Candidates will be required to appear before a committee on a date and at a place which will be communicated to them by the officers to whom they have presented their applications. Candidates nominated by the committe may also be required to appear before the Inspector-General.

J. T. W. FILSON,
Asst. Inspector-General of Police.

Chief Office of the Inspector-General of Police,
Madras, 25th March 1919.

WANTED applications for the post of Accountant in the office of the Deputy Director of Agriculture, Planting districts, Coimbatore, on a salary of Rs. 30-2-40 per mensem. The post is at present temporary for five years. The candidate should be qualified under the examination rules and should also have passed the Account test. Applications should reach the undersigned before the 16th April 1919.

G. A. D. STUART,
Director of Agriculture.

Madras, 28th March 1919.

PRIVATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

On or after 11th July 1919, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.

M. VENKATACHALAM.

Station 7th March 1919.

On or after the 22nd April 1919, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.

C. R. VIJAYARAGHAVACHARI.

Trichinopoly, 17th March 1919.

On or after 22nd April 1919, I intend moving the High Court, Madras, to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.

G. SUNDARESA SASTRI.

Pudukkottai, 19th March 1919.

On or after 18th July 1919, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.

Coimbatore, 26th March 1919. N. NANJAPPAH.

I, K. Ranganayakulu shall be hereafter known as "K. R. Naik."

Bellary, 20th March 1919. K. RANGANAYAKULU.

NOTICE.

I, CYRIL STRACHAN heretofore called and known by the name of Cyril Schultz, residing at Munnar Estate, Munnar P.O., South India, and formerly at the Grove, Gravesend, Kent, hereby give public notice that by a Deed Poll dated the 22nd day of March 1919, duly executed by myself and attested I formally and absolutely renounced and abandoned the said surname of Schultz and declared that I had assumed and adopted and intended thenceforth upon all occasions whatsoever to use and subscribe the name of Cyril Strachan instead of Cyril Schultz and so as to be at all times thereafter called known and described by the name of Cyril Strachan.

Dated the 22nd day of March 1919. CYRIL STRACHAN.

English papers please copy.

THE INDIAN PATRIOT, LIMITED

(IN LIQUIDATION)

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the creditors of the above company will be held under section 209 of the Indian Companies Act, VII of 1913 at Guru Vilas, No. 5, Cope Venkatachala Ayyar street, Georgetown, Madras, on Sunday, the 6th April at 4 p.m.

Madras, 29th March 1919. S. GURUSWAMI CHETTI, *Liquidator.*

ESTATE OF CHARLES EDWARD MURRAY AYNSLEY (DECEASED).

Notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having claims or demands against the Estate of Charles Edward Murray Aynsley, late of the Junior Constitutional Club in the County of Middlesex and of Oughterard in the County of Galway, Ireland, who died on or about the 24th day of April 1918, are required to send particulars in writing of their claims or demands to the undersigned, the Administrator of the estate of the said Charles Edward Murray Aynsley deceased, on or before the 15th day of April 1919 at the undermentioned address after which date the said Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which he shall then have had notice and the said Administrator will not be liable for the assets of the said Charles Edward Murray Aynsley deceased or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands he shall not then have had notice.

The Cota Cadoo Estate, Mercara, Coorg, 11th March 1919. C. G. MACLEAN, *Administrator of the Estate.*

LOST.

THE Allotment Letter No. $\frac{1218 M}{F. I.}$ of the 5½ per cent War Bonds of 1920 for Rs. 500 originally issued in the name of Subbia Goundar, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above allotment letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the advertiser—SUBBIA GOUNDAR.

Residence—Puthur, Dharapuram taluk, Coimbatore district, Madras Presidency.

Dharapuram, 24th February 1919.

LOST, STOLEN OR DESTROYED.

THE Government Promissory Note No. F 001503 of the 5½ per cent loan of 1921 for Rs. 500 originally standing in the name of the Accountant-General, Madras, and last endorsed to J. Venkataswami Nayudu Garu, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, stolen, or destroyed, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Berhampur, 1st March 1919. J. VENKATASWAMI NAYUDU, *Retired District Surgeon.*

INSOLVENCY PETITION.

No. 28 OF 1919 IN THE COURT OF THE OFFICIAL RECEIVER, TRICHINOPOLY.

SRINIVASA AYYAR, son of Ramaswami Ayyar, Kashmiryapuram village, Kulittalai taluk, has filed the Insolvency Petition No. 28 of 1919 in the Trichinopoly Official Receiver's office and it is posted to 26th April 1919 for disposal.

Trichinopoly, 29th March 1919. N. RAMANATHA AYYAR, *Pleader.*

METEOROLOGICAL RESULTS.

FROM THE MADRAS OBSERVATORY REGISTER.

	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Temperature. Corrected daily means. Dry.	Wet.	Observed extremes. Max.	Min	Maximum solar heat in vacuo.	Humidity	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Daily velocity.	Depth of rain.	Cloudy sky.	Bright sunshine.	General weather.
1919 March.	Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Cts.		Miles.	Inches.	Cts.	Hrs.	
24th Mon. ..	29·805	81·3	75·4	88·3	73·3	143·6	78	S.S. by E.	193	..	8	6·2	Fine
25th Tues. ..	·893	81·6	75·6	89·6	74·6	143·8	74	S.E. by S.	197	..	3	6·3	Do.
26th Wed. ..	·904	80·5	73·3	87·1	72·9	141·0	70	S.S.	195	..	3	9·2	Do.
27th Thurs. ..	·951	80·9	72·1	88·8	72·4	142·6	67	S.E. by E.	208	..	2	10·0	Do.
28th Fri. ..	·923	80·7	74·2	87·9	71·6	135·3	72	b.E.	114	..	5	6·4	Do.
29th Sat. ..	·841	81·9	75·1	88·6	72·4	139·4	74	S.E.	118	..	5	8·2	Do.
30th Sun. ..	·903	81·7	75·7	85·1	73·1	136·6	78	S.E. by S.	120	..	0	9·3	Do.

The Standard Barometer and Thermometers are read at 8 a.m., 10 a.m., 4 p.m. and 8 p.m., and the daily means are obtained by the application of hourly corrections, deduced from twenty years' observations. The cistern of the Barometer is twenty-two feet above the level of the sea, and the receiver of the rain-gauge is two feet from the ground. The wind, rain and general weather registered are for the current civil day—from midnight to midnight.

The total quantity of rain collected since January 1st is 2·33 inches, the average due for the same period being 1·50 inches.

Madras Observatory, 31st March 1919.

R. LL. JONES,
Deputy Director.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

SUPPLEMENT TO PART II

OF

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

No. 13.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 1, 1919. [Price, 6 pies.

SEASON REPORT FOR FEBRUARY 1919.

Statement showing the average fall of rain in each district during the month of February 1919, and also the total fall from 1st April 1918, up to the month, compared with the corresponding figures of the preceding year and with the averages of the forty-five years ending 1914.

Districts.	Averages for forty-five years.			1917-1918.			1918-1919.		
	In the month.		From 1st April to the month.	In the month.		From 1st April to the month.	In the month.		From 1st April to the month.
	Rainy days.	Rainfall.		Rainy days.	Rainfall.		Rainy days.	Rainfall.	
1	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	no.	inches.	inches.	no.	inches.	inches.	no.	inches.	inches.
Circars—									
1. Ganjam	1·1	0·80	42 17	..	..	65·60	5	2·72	44·88
2. Vizagapatam { Agency / Littoral	0·7	0·34	27 28	..	..	54 66	4	2·10	56·78
	0·8	0 46	40·18	..	..	42·25	3	1·34	93 13
3 Godavari	0·8	0·35	34 02	..	0·03	57·37	..	0·16	80·70
4 Kistna	0·6	0·72	35·18	1	0·32	53 92	..	..	56 24
5. Guntur	0·6	0·13	31 66	..	0·20	44·27	..	..	30·87
Ceded—									
6. Kurnool	0·2	0·16	25·89	..	..	31 96	..	..	20·75
7. Bellary	0·1	0·09	22·49	..	..	28 24	..	..	17·72
8. Anantapur	0·1	0·07	22·01	..	..	26 95	..	..	19 03
9. Cuddapah	0·3	0 10	27 57	..	0·06	33 22	..	..	25·06
Carnatic—									
10. Nellore	0·3	0·22	35 67	..	0·15	49 66	..	..	41 76
11. Madras	0·6	0·31	48 51	5	2·33	36 84	..	..	65 16
12. Chingleput	0·4	0·42	48·21	2	1·06	53 17	..	..	45·65
13. South Arcot	0·7	0 49	48·21	1	0·81	48 97	..	..	41·35
Central—									
14. Chittoor	0·8	0 21	32 70	1	0·25	35·06	..	..	27·64
15 North Arcot	0·8	0·37	37·43	1	0·22	33 47	..	..	27·34
16. Salem †	0·5	0·28	33·03	..	0 03	32 15	..	..	‡ 31·16
17. Coimbatore †	0·6	0 13	25·65	..	..	28 39	..	..	24·65
18 Tanjore	0·8	0·30	51 98	..	0 08	52 73	..	..	39·64
South—									
19. Trichy †	0·6	0·06	43·85	1	0·17	44·20	..	0·01	29 84
20. Madura †	0·7	0 49	32 91	..	..	29 78	..	0·01	‡ 27 15
21 Ramnad	0·6	0 09	23 24	1	0·11	30 54	..	0·04	24·12
22. Tinnevelly	1·4	0·95	36 22	1	0 20	28 21	..	0 28	31·8
West Coast—									
23. Malabar	0·4	0·27	113 97	..	0·02	93 57	..	0·06	98·91
24. South Kanara	0·1	0·04	145 14	..	0·24	180 68	..	..	190·4
Hills—									
25. The Nilgiris	1·4	1·18	57 66	1	0·49	60·18	..	* 0·22	65·91

a * Averages are for forty years ending 1909.

† Excluding Kollidam.

‡ Excluding Kodaikanal.

R. LL. JONES,
Meteorologist, Madras.

21st March 1919.

II-(1) 1

Section II.—Statement showing the extent of cultivation (Government and minor inam) for the month of February 1919.

Districts.	In the month.				Up to the month.				Up to the month in the previous year.				Average of the five previous years including last year for the corresponding period.			
	First crop on land registered as.		Second crop on land registered as.		First crop on land registered as.		Second crop on land registered as.		First crop on land registered as.		Second crop on land registered as.		First crop on land registered as.		Second crop on land registered as.	
	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Ceded—	acs.	acs.	acs.	acs.	acs.	acs.	acs.	acs.	acs.	acs.	acs.	acs.	acs.	acs.	acs.	acs.
Bellary	234	160	1,179	7,940	176,495	269,373	13,024	61,591	893,947	903,208	19,953	50,185	269,223	222,546	19,941	59,825
Kistna	208	930	3,128	15,824	98,926	79,150	48,838	59,450	99,704	88,916	69,840	97,451	99,451	86,158	61,837	44,872
Godavari	318	1,880	4,641	18,147	218,098	229,751	48,102	66,865	285,731	291,966	72,166	48,642	324,866	218,960	81,180	84,797
Kistna	8,687	4,701	5,008	61,419	991,744	478,978	75,003	92,250	889,964	600,424	78,170	65,486	915,927	548,764	79,424	87,776
Guntur	4,347	960	6,183	6,377	1,540,736	281,561	100,678	145,287	1,092,339	947,892	141,781	121,648	1,792,949	538,141	142,939	136,952
Total	13,844	8,451	19,134	108,047	2,443,180	1,384,731	286,654	368,153	3,260,280	2,490,846	382,240	383,310	3,384,577	1,415,659	355,120	353,822
Peishcash—																
Kurnool	3,918	841	7,000	4,210	1,012,040	44,866	28,305	10,280	1,744,661	48,141	34,102		1,000,000	51,926	35,541	12,452
Nellore	1,865	617	180	480	1,038,618	81,897	9,111	2,491	1,064,472	88,122	13,918		2,946,827	40,268	20,744	7,595
Anantapur	6,896	2,202	4,295	9,016	1,126,242	64,128	26,693	24,701	1,712,427	127,326	61,162	36,588	1,797,142	115,119	28,467	23,826
Cuddapah	34,000	7,918	9,097	8,891	818,146	70,872	37,922	60,923	851,228	89,118	49,432	30,149	880,209	66,827	42,184	29,153
Total	27,179	10,582	19,157	16,903	3,997,331	250,913	99,711	98,887	6,502,380	396,707	129,619	1,00,330	6,078,177	273,007	126,218	82,795
Carnatic—																
Madras	30,761	34,728	9,977	17,170	454,149	921,024	34,299	38,180	541,033	912,878	48,126	97,844	659,045	848,799	49,463	26,822
Chingleput	4,594	18,979	7,161	35,038	601,818	324,140	16,239	35,899	747,979	364,321	28,977	90,166	934,472	341,004	21,238	29,850
South Arcot	19,838	14,396	14,566	10,138	331,870	318,504	72,020	99,555	921,619	911,657	99,429	56,780	969,209	3,0,,,,0	91,836	99,150
Total	54,194	68,103	29,703	40,346	1,011,561	953,741	122,707	180,399	2,266,131	937,864	176,444	187,073	1,763,012	926,377	163,332	179,903
Ceded—																
Chittoor	8,248	4,466	4,231	2,482	282,231	62,826	17,647	92,434	324,631	70,147	21,795	31,430	341,891	78,980	18,464	21,020
North Arcot	15,934	7,899	17,304	9,686	811,753	237,265	99,811	63,502	558,259	263,540	102,091	84,384	677,240	255,456	87,179	82,164
Salem	6,396	1,832	3,660	3,422	248,706	49,319	106,123	82,957	276,988	53,355	122,786	29,609	1,015,800	42,167	127,283	29,312
Coimbatore	5,276	337	8,431	8,240	1,896,080	91,034	224,728	93,570	1,504,410	69,753	228,209	23,664	1,969,814	35,,,0	235,288	28,182
Trichinopoly	19,825	9,931	9,866	5,925	995,870	107,264	40,186	89 382	1,063,465	100,123	97,413	30,682	1,074,901	100,813	69,473	28,417
Total	59,194	24,716	37,867	28,856	4,024,731	617,709	588,609	189,344	4,827,670	607,920	532,573	228,749	5,033,246	607,432	569,379	329,095
Ceded—																
Tanjore	7,060	19,169	5,745	2,791	267,926	670,650	13,170	52,958	282,649	770,164	17,893	53,444	293,891	780,995	18,368	58,457
Madura	2,172	3,901	2,272	1,801	760,796	208,149	50,923	60,593	794,138	188,840	63,002	60,090	818,201	180,230	56,859	57,561
Ramnad	1,783	410	3,562	907	700,474	37,938	9,057	7,564	243,132	39,117	13,008	9,907	232,964	36,618	14,967	7,966
Tinnevelly	19,379	3,708	13,011	6,202	554,142	194,919	143,488	103,296	548,099	178,401	47,067	101,017	529,346	164,784	28,656	27,907
Total	31,369	26,888	27,310	11,811	1,843 693	1,090,981	156,293	224,409	1,878,008	1,176,462	141,810	227,564	1,872,668	1,188,626	117,237	910,391
West Coast—																
Kalahar	11	1,042		344	725,854	408 421	10,481	259,810	631,767	511,284	17,878	201,347	614,832	583,665	21,423	246,932
South Kanara	..	176	6,014	7,617	99,926	446,826	8,895	197,661	58,393	462,144	236	200,361	67,837	464,813	181	198,439
Total	41	1,218	6,014	7,961	825,810	903,436	22,366	457,461	894,910	973,928	18,130	462,198	672,229	990,061	21,604	454,944
Hyderabad—																
The Nilgiris	..	..	..	..	70,764	6,252	6,044	..	58,716	6,772	6,128	..	68,073	6,720	3,356	..
Grand Total	1,44,294	122,138	283,466	219,976	19,747,761	6,080,769	1,167,884	1,453,729	19,410,096	6,836,418	1,364,272	1,539,736	19,977,898	5,373,668	1,389,186	1,625,801

Section III.—Statement showing the average prices of the principal food-grains and salt for the month of February 1919.

Group.	Districts.	Number of Imperial Seers or 80 Tolas per Rupee.					
		Rice, second sort.			Ragi.		
		In the previous month.	In the month.	Average.*	In the previous month.	In the month.	Average.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1. Circars	1. Ganjam	9·3	9·1	9·3	11·0	9·0	12·6
	2. Vizagapatam	9·7	9·6	9·4	11·4	10·0	17·0
	3. Godavari	9·4	9·0	9·8	10·2	9·7	14·9
	4. Kistna	7·1	7·0	6·6	9·4	8·4	10·8
	5. Guntur	8·0	8·0	8·7	8·8	8·6	..
	6. Kurnool	8·1	8·0	8·7	8·0	8·1	..
2. Deccan	7. Bellary	4·0	5·3	7·0	6·0	5·6	..
	8. Anantapur	6·0	4·0	6·4	9·0	8·0	13·0
	9. Cuddapah	5·0	4·0	6·1	8·0	7·4	15·0
	10. Nellore	8·2	8·6	8·7	8·4	7·2	15·0
3. Carnatic	11. Chingleput	6·6	6·1	8·0	8·0	8·1	13·0
	12. Madras	8·6	8·2	7·6	7·7	6·6	12·2
	13. South Arcot	4·0	4·0	5·6	7·6	8·1	13·8
	14. Chittoor	5·2	4·6	7·0	7·0	6·6	15·0
4. Central	15. North Arcot	4·0	4·3	6·6	7·1	6·0	14·7
	16. Salem	4·5	4·1	6·2	7·2	6·0	16·2
	17. Coimbatore	6·0	6·4	6·0	7·4	6·5	14·6
	18. Trichinopoly	4·9	4·7	6·6	6·0	6·1	15·7
5. South	19. Tanjore	6·0	6·4	5·5	7·0	6·8	14·0
	20. Madura	4·0	4·5	6·7	6·7	7·0	16·0
	21. Ramnad	4·0	6·0	6·4	9·0	9·1	14·0
	22. Tinnevelly	4·1	4·0	6·7	8·0	8·0	15·5
6. West Coast	23. Malabar	6·0	6·1	6·6	..	..	..
	24. South Kanara	6·7	6·7	6·0	..	..	..
7. Hills	25. The Nilgiris	4·3	4·7	7·0	7·2	6·1	13·4

Group.	Districts.	Number of Imperial Seers or 80 Tolas per Rupee—cont.								
		Cholam.			Cumbu.			Salt.		
		In the previous month.	In the month.	Average.*	In the previous month.	In the month.	Average.*	In the previous month.	In the month.	Average.†
1	2	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
1	1. Ganjam	..	..	..	..	..	..	12·0	14·5	16·2
	2. Vizagapatam	..	..	..	10·1	9·6	15·9	16·6	16·0	16·0
	3. Godavari	‡ 16·6	‡ 9·4	15·2	12·2	11·2	..	15·0	14·0	16·1
	4. Kistna	9·6	9·6	14·3	9·3	9·3	..	11·6	10·7	14·0
	5. Guntur	8·1	7·7	14·4	7·1	6·6	15·2	10·7	10·6	16·0
	6. Kurnool	‡ 7·8	‡ 7·8	15·2	6·6	6·8	16·1	10·7	12·6	16·6
2	7. Bellary	‡ 6·6	‡ 6·4	16·6	..	..	..	16·1	10·6	13·0
	8. Anantapur	‡ 8·4	‡ 7·7	16·7	7·6	7·6	17·3	12·6	15·1	19·7
	9. Cuddapah	‡ 8·6	‡ 7·6	16·6	7·6	6·5	16·6	10·1	10·2	12·6
	10. Nellore	8·6	7·1	14·3	6·6	6·6	14·7	10·3	10·3	16·1
3	11. Chingleput	..	..	..	..	..	..	17·2	17·3	15·6
	12. Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..	17·3	17·2	20·7
	13. South Arcot	..	..	..	7·1	5·9	14·6	16·7	16·5	16·3
	14. Chittoor	..	..	..	6·1	7·0	16·6	13·6	13·6	14·6
	15. North Arcot	..	..	..	6·7	6·1	16·7	13·3	14·3	14·1
4	16. Salem	‡ 6·1	‡ 6·7	16·3	6·1	6·1	17·1	12·6	13·6	20·3
	17. Coimbatore	6·1	6·7	14·3	6·6	6·6	13·1	12·7	13·6	16·7
	18. Trichinopoly	§ 8·2	§ 7·1	16·6	7·6	7·6	13·6	13·7	14·6	13·6
	19. Tanjore	..	..	..	6·6	6·6	..	16·7	16·6	20·7
5	20. Madura	§ 8·6	§ 7·2	13·6	7·1	6·4	12·6	13·6	13·6	20·4
	21. Ramnad	7·6	7·6	16·7	6·2	6·6	11·6	10·4	14·6	15·6
	22. Tinnevelly	6·4	7·0	13·6	7·3	7·1	11·6	16·2	16·3	17·4
6	23. Malabar	..	..	..	..	..	..	14·1	20·1	24·3
	24. South Kanara	..	..	..	..	..	..	13·6	15·6	15·6
7	25. The Nilgiris	..	..	..	..	..	..	6·6	6·6	11·7

* Of the fifteen years ending 1917-18. † Of the three years ending 1917-18. ‡ Average of white and yellow cholam.
§ Includes white cholam. ‖ Includes red cholam.

Remarks.—As compared with the previous month, the price of rice was stationary in two districts rose in eighteen and fell in five; ragi was stationary in one district and rose in twenty two; cholam was stationary in one district, rose in nine and fell in four; cumbu was stationary in four districts, rose in thirteen and fell in one; salt was stationary in two districts, rose in six and fell in seventeen.

Board of Revenue (Revenue Settlement),
Madras, 28th March 1919.

P. NARAYANA MENON,
Acting Secretary.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

SUPPLEMENT TO PART II
OF
THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

No. 13.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 1, 1919 [Price, 4 pies.

ABSTRACT OF SEASON REPORTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING 29TH MARCH 1919.

DISTRICT REPORTS

GANJAM.

Water-supply insufficient in parts. Rusellkonda 13·65. Surada 4·60. Sowing of gingelly and greengram as second crop on wet lands and of all seeds on dry lands proceeding in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvested sugarcane, gingelly, greengram; outturn poor to fair. Pasture scarce in one taluk; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available except in one taluk. Grain-stocks insufficient in two taluks. Prospects fair South, bad North.

VIZAGAPATAM.

Water-supply generally insufficient. Sowing of paddy and sugarcane commencing and transplantation of summer paddy proceeding in parts. Agricultural operations backward when compared with those of a normal year. Standing crops thriving. Harvested gingelly, ragi, cotton, chillies, sugarcane, greengram; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks generally inadequate. Prospects uncertain.

GODAVARI.

Water-supply insufficient in two taluks and five divisions. Godavari 0·43 foot below anicut. Discharge inadequate. Ploughing, transplantation of sugarcane, manuring and weeding in progress in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvested castor; outturn poor; cotton, fair; sugarcane, poor to normal; chillies, tobacco, fair to normal; cholam, normal. Pasture sufficient except in three taluks and two divisions; fodder available except in one taluk and one division. Condition of cattle indifferent. Employment generally available. Grain-stocks generally sufficient. Prospects poor.

KISTNA.

Water-supply sufficient. Kistna level with crest. Agricultural operations nil. Standing crops fair. Harvested sugarcane, chillies, tobacco, gingelly, cotton, ragi; outturn fair. Pasture generally scarce; fodder available except in parts of one taluk. Condition of cattle good. Employment available except in parts of one taluk. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

GUNTUR.

Water-supply sufficient. Transplantation of second crop paddy under tanks in progress in one taluk. Standing crops fair. Harvested turmeric, tobacco, redgram, bengalgram, cotton, chillies, ragi, castor, outturn fair. Pasture scanty except in three taluks; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient except in one taluk. Prospects uncertain and discouraging.

KURNOOL.

Water-supply generally insufficient. Tungabhadra 5·8 feet below anicut crest. Discharge 119 cusecs. Agricultural operations nil. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy and cotton; outturn fair to normal. Pasture nil in four taluks and scanty elsewhere; fodder generally available except in parts of one taluk. Condition of cattle generally good, but rinderpest prevails in parts of two taluks. Employment available. Grain-stocks generally sufficient but rice insufficient in two taluks and parts of another. Prospects fair.

BANGANAPALLE.

Water-supply sufficient. Agricultural operations nil. Standing crops fair. Harvest nil. Pasture sufficient; fodder getting scarce. Condition of cattle good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

BELLARY.

Water-supply insufficient in four taluks. Ploughing; sowing of second crop paddy and transplantation of sugarcane and weeding in progress in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvested white cholam, cotton, sugarcane and horsegram; outturn fair. Pasture scarce; fodder available except in one taluk. Condition of cattle generally good, but rinderpest prevails in two taluks. Employment available except in parts of one taluk. Grain-stocks sufficient except in two taluks and in parts of another. Prospects fair except in parts of two taluks.

SANDUR.

Water-supply sufficient. Weeding for betel proceeding. Standing crops good. Harvest nil. Pasture nil; fodder available. Condition of cattle good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

ANANTAPUR.

Water-supply generally insufficient except under some tanks. Ploughing; sowing of summer paddy and korra, transplantation of sugarcane and weeding of second-crop paddy under wells in progress. Standing crops fair. Harvested cholam, cotton, groundnut, gingelly, horsegram, bengalgram, redgram, korra, ragi; outturn fair. Pasture scarce; fodder available except in one taluk. Condition of cattle generally good, but rinderpest prevails in two taluks. Employment available except in parts of one taluk. Grain-stocks sufficient except in two taluks and in parts of another. Prospects fair except in parts of two taluks.

and tanks proceeding in parts. Standing crops poor to fair. Harvested paddy, ragi, turmeric; cutturs fair; cholam, bad to fair; sugarcane, cotton, bengalgram and wheat, poor to fair; castor and horsegram, bad. Pasture scarce; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good, but rinderpest prevails in parts of one taluk, and disease (unspecified) in parts of three others. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects not discouraging.

CUDDAPAH.

Water-supply insufficient in parts. Ploughing; sowing of paddy, ragi, korra, cholam, gingelly and indigo under wells and transplantation and weeding of ragi, paddy and korra proceeding in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvested ragi, korra, turmeric, cholam, horsegram, cotton, castor, kesavu, pulses, chillies and onions; cutturs fair. Pasture scanty; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks generally sufficient, but insufficient in one taluk. Prospects generally fair.

NELLORE.

Water-supply generally sufficient. No flow over the Nellore and Sangam anicuts. Supply at the Sangam anicut and the Kanigiri reservoir adequate Nellore anicut inadequate. Ploughing, sowing of paddy, cholam and cumbu, and transplantation and weeding in progress in parts. Standing crops fair to good. Harvested paddy, cholam and oil-seeds; cutturs bad to normal; ragi, fair to normal; cotton, bad to fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good but foot-and-mouth disease prevails in one village. Employment available. Grain-stocks generally sufficient. Prospects good.

CHINGLEPUT.

Water-supply generally sufficient. Ploughing; sowing of paddy, ragi and cholam under wells, transplantation of ragi and weeding for paddy, ragi and groundnut in progress in parts. Standing crops generally fair, but withering in parts of three taluks for want of water. Harvested paddy and ragi; cutturs fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available except in parts of one taluk. Condition of cattle generally good but cattle disease (unspecified) prevails in three taluks. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient, but ragi not available in two taluks. Prospects fair except in one taluk.

MADRAS.

[Not received.]

SOUTH ARCOT.

Water-supply generally insufficient. Ploughing; sowing of groundnut and cholam and gingelly, transplantation of paddy and ragi in progress in parts. Agricultural operations are backward as compared with a normal year. Standing crops fair, but paddy withering in parts of three taluks. Harvested paddy, sugarcane, gingelly, cholam, ragi, varagu, groundnut and cadjan; cutturs poor to normal. Pasture sufficient except in parts of two taluks; fodder available. Condition of cattle good, but rinderpest prevails in parts of four taluks. Employment available. Grain-stocks generally sufficient except in two taluks and part of another. Prospects generally fair.

CHITTOOR.

Water-supply insufficient except in four divisions. Ploughing, sowing, transplantation and weeding of second crop paddy, ragi, cholam, chillies and tobacco, commencing, proceeding or concluding in parts. Standing crops fair to good. Harvested paddy, ragi, cholam, horsegram, groundnut, sugarcane, and red-gram; cutturs poor to normal. Pasture scanty except in three divisions; fodder available only in one taluk and one division. Rinderpest prevails among cattle in two taluks and one division. Employment available except in one taluk and one division. Grain-stocks sufficient except in one taluk and one division. Prospects bad in the western half of the district and generally fair elsewhere.

NORTH ARCOT.

Water-supply generally insufficient. Ploughing, sowing of cholam and gingelly as second crop on wet and dry lands under wells and transplantation of paddy and ragi under wells proceeding in parts. Standing crops generally fair. Harvested paddy, sugarcane, castor, cutturs fair; ragi, cholam, poor. Pasture getting scarce; fodder available in limited quantities. Condition of cattle generally fair, but rinderpest prevails in parts of one taluk and one division. Employment available, except in parts of one division. Grain-stocks sufficient except in parts. Prospects not hopeful.

SALEM.

Water-supply insufficient. Ploughing for cholam and transplantation of ragi and sugarcane under wells proceeding. Standing crops fair. Harvested cholam, ragi, sugarcane, tobacco and gingelly; cutturs poor to fair. Pasture scanty; fodder available. Rinderpest prevails among cattle in parts of three taluks. Employment generally available. Grain-stocks fairly sufficient. Prospects bad.

COIMBATORE.

Water-supply insufficient except under some channels. Depth of water in the Cauvery at Erode not reported. Ploughing, sowing of cholam in garden lands and of paddy in wet lands and planting of betel in wet lands proceeding in parts. Standing crops generally fair. Harvested pulses; cutturs poor; cholam, poor to fair; plantains, fair; cotton, castor, chillies and varagu, poor to normal; paddy, ragi; sugarcane and tobacco, fair to normal; onions and turmeric, normal. Pasture sufficient except in parts; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good, but rinderpest prevails in one village. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient except in four taluks. Prospects normal.

TRICHINOPOLY.

Water-supply sufficient except in parts of five taluks. No flow over the Grand Anicut. Ploughing; sowing of cholam and transplantation of paddy under wells proceeding in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy, cholam, cotton, sugarcane, ragi, cumbu, varagu, horsegram; cutturs fair to normal. Pasture generally sufficient except in parts of four taluks; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

TANJORE.

Water-supply insufficient in parts. Height of water over the crest of the northern and southern branches of the lower anicut 1·4 feet and nil respectively. Sowing and transplantation of paddy proceeding; cultivation of gingelly, tobacco, ragi, sugarcane proceeding or commencing in parts. Transplantation late and slow. Standing crops generally fair; paddy withering or indifferent in parts of two taluks. Harvested paddy, ragi, gingelly, groundnut; cutturs bad to fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good; but rinderpest prevails in parts of three taluks. Employment generally available. Grain-stocks generally sufficient. Prospects not very encouraging in parts.

PUDUKKOTTAI.

Water-supply insufficient. Cultivation of ragi and cholam proceeding in parts. Standing crops withering in parts. Harvested paddy; outturn poor to fair; cholam, poor. Pasture nil except in parts; fodder scarce. Condition of cattle good. Employment available. Grain-stocks available. Prospects poor.

MADURA.

Water-supply insufficient in parts of four taluks and two divisions. Average discharge through the Periyar main canal 632 cusecs. Ploughing; sowing of second crop paddy, of cholam and ragi on dry and garden lands under wells, transplantation of second crop paddy, cholam and weeding of white cholam, ragi and cotton proceeding in parts. Standing crops generally fair, but withering in parts of one taluk. Harvested paddy and cholam, outturn fair. Pasture insufficient in two taluks; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good, but anthrax prevails in parts of one taluk and rinderpest in parts of two others. Employment available. Grain-stocks insufficient in parts. Prospects fair.

RAMNAD.

Water-supply sufficient except in parts. Ploughing; sowing of paddy, ragi, cholam, cotton and gingelly on garden lands under wells and transplantation of second crop paddy, cholam and cumbu and weeding of wet crops proceeding or concluding in parts. Standing crops generally fair, but withering in parts of one division. Harvested paddy, ragi, cholam, vali, horsegram, karanai, sugarcane, cumbu, varagu and cotton; outturn poor to fair. Pasture sufficient except in one division; fodder generally available. Condition of cattle generally good, but rinderpest prevails in parts of one taluk. Employment available. Grain stocks generally insufficient. Prospects fair.

TINNEVELLY.

Water supply sufficient except in parts of three taluks. No flow over Srivaikuntam anicut. Discharge adequate. Sowing of gingelly on wet and dry lands and transplantation of second crop paddy proceeding in parts. Agricultural operations below normal in one taluk. Standing crops good. Harvested paddy; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good, but rinderpest prevails in parts of six taluks. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient except in four taluks. Prospects fair.

MALABAR.

Water-supply sufficient. Ploughing; sowing and transplantation of summer paddy concluding in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvest nil. Pasture sufficient except in one taluk, fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

SOUTH KANARA.

Water-supply sufficient except in one taluk and two divisions. Ploughing; sowing of third rice crop concluding in parts. Standing crops generally fair. Harvested paddy; outturn fair to normal. Pasture scanty in two taluks and one division; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment generally available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

TRAVANCORE.

Water-supply and pasturage sufficient. Harvests over. Condition of cattle good.

COORG.

Water-supply sufficient. Standing crops fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle good.

THE NILGIRIS.

Water-supply sufficient. Ploughing and pruning proceeding. Standing crops fair. Harvested tea and coffee, outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle fair, but rinderpest prevails in two divisions. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient, but ragi insufficient. Prospects fair.

SEASON TELEGRAM TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT, SIMLA

Week ending 29th March 1919.—Rainfall light Godavari, Nellore, Ramnad, Tinnevelly and Travancore; nil elsewhere. Standing crops fair generally, but withering in limited areas in Chingleput, South Arcot, Tanjore, Madura and Ramnad. Harvests of paddy, sugarcane and dry crops limited; outturn sometimes fair, but poor in parts of eleven districts. Late sowings of paddy and dry crops proceeding under wells and tanks to a small extent. Condition of cattle good generally. Water insufficient except in Kistna, Guntur, Nellore, Chingleput, Malabar and the Hills. Pasture sufficient except in parts of eighteen districts. Fodder insufficient in parts of six districts. Prices fairly steady. Prospects fair generally, but bad in parts of Vizagapatam, Kistna, Bellary, Chittoor, North Arcot and Salem.

Special Report for Ganjam.—Relief works nineteen Goomsur nine Udayagiri in progress. Kondhs and Panos mostly affected. People resorting freely to works. No marked foreign influx. Condition of people generally fair. Public health fair, though smallpox and cholera prevail in parts. Some emaciation among labouring classes, especially children. Relief measures adequate. Distribution of clothes provided by private subscriptions. Suspensions and remissions of revenue being granted and State loans advanced. Price of rice Goomsur 4·8 seers, Udayagiri 5·0 seers. Numbers on works 7,066; gratuitous relief 6,983;—total 14,049

P. NARAYANA MENON,

Asstn., Secretary.

BOARD OF REVENUE
(R.S., SUR., L. RDS. & AGRI.),
MADRAS, *1st April 1919.*

RAINFALL AND PRICES OF THE STAPLE FOOD-GRAINS FOR THE WEEK ENDING 29TH MARCH 1919.

District.		Rainfall in inches.				Prices of Grains for 80 rupees per cwt.											
		In the week.		Up to the end of the week (since 1st April)		Rice.			Ragi.			Cholam.			Cumbu.		
		In 0	Average of 26 years ending 1914.	1918.	Average of 26 years ending 1914.	Average for March.	Last week.	This week.	Average for March.	Last week.	This week.	Average for March.	Last week.	This week.	Average for March.	Last week.	This week.
Circars	Ganjam	..	0·1	46·6	47·4	0·3	0·6	4·8	16·8	7·5	7·2	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Vizagapatam (A. L.)	..	0·2	41·5	56·2	0·5	0·0	4·9	17·1	(a) 8·2	9·5	..	(a) 8·1	8·1	16·5	8·2	8·1
	Godavari	0·2	0·1	61·9	41·1	0·7	0·0	6·1	16·6	8·0	8·6	16·2	7·6	7·5	..	10·0	10·0
	Kistna	..	1·0	20·7	33·3	0·2	0·6	5·6	16·7	8·0	8·0	14·0	7·7	7·8	..	9·3	8·5
	Guntur	..	0·1	26·4	31·5	0·6	0·8	5·7	..	9·3	9·6	14·8	7·1	6·7	15·0	8·2	6·0
Deccan	Kurnool	..	0·1	21·1	24·0	0·6	4·2	4·2	..	7·5	7·3	16·1	(a) 6·8	6·7	14·1	6·7	4·7
	Bangalapalle	..	† ..	12·0	† 23·7	..	4·0	4·0	..	..	..	..	7·0	7·0	..	7·0	7·0
	Bellary	..	0·1	16·6	22·7	7·9	4·3	4·3	..	6·0	6·7	16·5	5·2	5·2	..	..	..
	Raidrug	..	† ..	20·9	† 11·6	..	4·1	4·1†	..	..	..	..	7·2	7·2	..	7·5	7·5
	Anantapur	..	..	19·1	21·4	0·7	4·6	4·6	16·1	7·3	7·4	15·1	6·6	6·6	16·6	6·7	6·7
	Cuddapah	..	..	21·7	28·1	0·1	4·6	4·6	16·3	7·2	7·4	15·6	6·6	6·9	15·3	6·0	6·0
Carnatic	Nellore	0·3	..	43·2	33·4	0·6	5·3	5·0	15·5	7·6	7·2	14·4	5·8	5·4	14·6	6·4	6·2
	Chingleput	..	..	46·3	42·4	9·1	6·2	4·3	13·0	6·1	6·1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Madras	..	0·1	67·5	46·6	7·5	4·4	..	13·6	6·2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	South Arcot	..	..	41·6	45·3	8·9	4·7	4·7	13·9	6·2	6·1	..	..	..	12·4	5·6	5·7
Central	Chittoor	..	0·2	27·6	32·6	9·4	4·9	4·9	15·9	6·6	6·6	..	..	..	14·9	6·4	6·4
	North Arcot	..	0·1	30·6	40·2	9·2	4·5	4·5	14·8	6·9	6·9	..	..	..	13·5	5·6	5·6
	Salem ..	..	0·1	26·6	33·1	8·2	4·6	4·3	16·2	6·1	6·1	13·6	5·1	5·1	14·4	4·6	4·6
	Coimbatore	..	0·2	25·5	26·6	7·9	4·4	4·4	14·6	6·5	6·6	13·6	5·4	5·4	12·6	5·6	5·8
	Trichinopoly	..	0·1	28·6	31·9	8·5	4·3	4·2	15·7	7·3	7·3	16·8	6·2	6·3	14·1	6·6	6·6
South	Tanjore	..	0·1	40·4	48·1	8·5	4·6	4·7	14·6	(a) 6·0	6·0	..	..	..	..	6·6	6·6
	Pudukkottai	..	0·1	26·0	31·7	..	(c) 4·6	4·6	..	(a) 7·1	7·6	..	7·0	7·0	..	7·1	7·9
	Madura	..	0·2	28·4	20·4	8·0	4·6	4·5	15·3	7·2	8·0	16·0*	7·0	6·7	13·6	5·8	5·6
	Ramnad	0·2	0·2	27·9	30·3	8·5	4·5	4·5	14·*	8·5	8·5	13·6	7·6	7·2	12·8	7·5	7·2
	Tinnevelly	0·1	0·4	26·5	27·8	9·0	4·6	4·8	15·1	7·0	7·2	13·6	6·4	7·8	11·9	7·4	7·6
West Coast	Malabar	..	0·5	100·9	117·6	8·6	4·7	4·7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	South Kanara	..	0·1	120·8	142·3	9·6	6·2	6·6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Travancore	0·2	0·6	52·2	69·1	..	5·8	5·6	..	11·4	11·4	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Coohin	..	† 0·7	87·5	† 113·1	..	9·4·9	4·7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hills	The Nilgiris	..	0·6	63·0	74·4	7·0	4·3	..	16·4	6·7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

A. = Agency; L. = Littoral. * Average of the 10 years ending 1917-18. † Average of 16 years. (a) Revised figures.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

Reg No. 1—M

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

Published by Authority.

No. 7.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 1, 1919. [Price, 1 a. 3 p.

Part III.—Proceedings of the Imperial Legislature.

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SUPPLEMENT—
Bill No. 5 of 1919.—The Poisons Bill, with Statement of Objects and Reasons.—(Kannada) and (Urdu).

Bills introduced in the Indian Legislative Council, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council, and Bills published under Rule 23.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Report of the Select Committee on the Bill to provide for the amendment of the Indian Penal Code and the Code of Criminal Procedure was presented to the Indian Legislature Council on the 5th March, 1919 :—

We, the undersigned, Members of the Select Committee to which the Bill to provide for the amendment of the Indian Penal Code and the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, was referred, have considered the Bill in it have now the honour to submit this our Report, with the Bill as amended by us annexed thereto.

2. At the outset of our deliberations the Hon'ble Mr. Patel announced his intention of not signing any Report which the Committee might make and withdrew from the proceedings. The Hon'ble Pandit M. M. Malaviya and the Hon'ble Mr. Khaparde, who attended the first meeting of the Committee, absented themselves on the second day.

3. The detailed amendments which we have made in the Bill are referred to in the following remarks.

4. Clause 2 of the Bill, as referred to us, purported to introduce a new section 124 B into the Indian Penal Code. It was based on rule 25-A of the Defence of India Consolidation Rules, 1915. Though this rule has been in force since the 25th September 1916, we understand that it has rarely been put into operation; and, taking into consideration the apprehensions of non-official Members, we are of opinion that the clause might be omitted without seriously damaging the efficacy of the Bill. We have, therefore, deleted it and as consequential amendments have omitted clause 7 and the schedule to the Bill, and have renumbered clauses 3 to 6.

5. We have not amended clause 3 of the Bill, which now becomes clause 2. It was suggested that the preliminary inquiry to be provided for by the new section 196-B of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, should be carried out by the Magistrate himself or by a Police-officer not below the rank of a Deputy Superintendent. We think that any such modification of the proposed section would unduly restrict the power which it confers, and we have therefore made no alteration.

6. *Clause 4 (new clause 3).*—We have substituted the words "properly and reasonably incidental" for the words "properly incidental" in the proposed addition to section 453 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898. We think the amendment explains itself. We think also that an incidental promise should not be excepted from the operation of section 343 of the Code, unless it has been disclosed to the presiding Judge or Magistrate before the accused person is put into the witness-box. At the same time, it would obviously in many cases destroy the value of the protection promised if the nature of the promise were made public, and we have therefore provided that the Court shall not disclose any of the terms of the promise to the dalcase unless, in its opinion, it is necessary to do so in the interests of justice.

7. *Clause 5 (new clause 4).*—We think it should be made clear that evidence of a previous conviction or of association with a person who has been convicted of an offence against the State should only be relevant for the purpose of proving criminal intention, and we have made a small amendment to this effect. We have also made an amendment in clause (*b*) which attempts to give effect to the recommendation of the Rowlatt Committee that evidence of association "of an intimidating kind" only should be admissible. The proviso to the new section 510-A of the Criminal Procedure Code, 1898, required seven days' notice before the commencement of the trial. In this respect the Bill did not conform to the recommendation of the Rowlatt Committee, and we have substituted the words "before such evidence is tendered" for the words "before the commencement of the trial".

8. *Clause 6 (new clause 5).*—We have altered the drafting of the last few lines of the proposed section 565-A (1), and we have omitted words at the end of clause (*c*) of sub-section (4) which, we think, was unnecessarily widely drawn.

9. We do not consider that the amendments which we have made in the Bill materially alter its provisions. At the same time, in view of the fact that the Bill purports to make permanent additions to, and permanent amendments in, the criminal law, and that these amendments are not a matter of great urgency, we think that the Bill as amended should be republished.

10. The publication ordered has been made as follows:—

In English.

Gazette.	Date.
Gazette of India	18th January 1919.
Fort St. George Gazette	28th January 1919.
Bombay Government Gazette	30th January 1919.
Calcutta Gazette	22nd January 1919.
United Provinces Gazette	25th January 1919.
Punjab Government Gazette	24th January 1919.
Burma Gazette	1st February 1919.
Bihar and Orissa Gazette	29th January 1919.
Central Provinces Gazette	25th January 1919.
Assam Gazette	28th January 1919.
Coorg District Gazette	1st February 1919.
Sind Official Gazette	30th January 1919.
North-West Frontier Province Gazette	26th January 1919.

W. H. VINCENT.
G. R. LOWNDES.
MD. SHAFI.*
V. SRINIVASAN.*
SYED NAWAB ALI.
C. A. KINCAID
S. N. BANERJEA.*
P. J. PAGAN.
J. H. DuBOULAY.
T. EMERSON.
PIERCE MOORE.
H. MONCRIEFF SMITH.

The 6th March 1919.

* Subject to minutes of dissent printed below.

Minute of Dissent.

We recognise that with the deletion of the original clause 2 which made the possession of seditious documents, under certain circumstances, an offence under the Indian Penal Code, the more objectionable feature of the Bill has been removed. We also agree that the amendments made in Committee in the remaining clauses constitute an improvement on the original Bill. The acceptance of our proposal to republish the Bill as modified makes it unnecessary for us, at this stage, to recapitulate our objections, which still remain, regarding the principles underlying the Bill. Reserving to ourselves the right of urging these at the proper stage, we record our considered opinion that the preliminary inquiry contemplated in the present clause 2 should be held either by the Magistrate himself or, under his direction, by a Police-officer not below the rank of a Deputy Superintendent. We are, further, of opinion that the enactment of the proposed section 565-A is unnecessary and recommend its deletion. In any case, persons convicted under section 124-A, Indian Penal Code, should be excluded from its scope. The opinion of the High Courts should be obtained on the Bill as now amended.

SURENDRA NATH BANERJEA.
V. S. SRINIVASAN.
M. MUHAMMAD SHAFI.

The 7th March 1919.

BILL No. 1 OF 1919.

[AS AMENDED BY THE SELECT COMMITTEE.]

[Words printed in italics indicate the amendments suggested by the Select Committee.]

A Bill to provide for the amendment of the Indian Penal Code and the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Indian Penal Code and the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, in order to deal more effectively with certain acts dangerous to the State; It is hereby enacted as follows:— XLV of 1860. V of 1898.

Short title. 1. This Act may be called the Indian Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 1919.

Insertion of new section 196-B in Act V of 1898. 2. After section 196-A of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, (hereinafter referred to as the said Code), the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

"196-B. In the case of any offence referred to in section 196 or 196-A, the District Magistrate or the Chief Presidency Magistrate may, notwithstanding anything contained in those sections or in any other part of this Code, order a preliminary inquiry by a police-officer not below the rank of an Inspector, in which case such police-officer shall have the powers referred to in section 155 (3)."

Preliminary inquiry in certain cases.

Amendment of section 343, Act V of 1898. 3. To section 343 of the said Code, the following *Explanation* shall be added, namely:—

"*Explanation.*—A promise of protection to an accused person against criminal force or any promise properly *and reasonably* incidental to a promise of such protection, shall not be deemed to be the use of inducement within the meaning of this section:

Provided that the presiding Judge or Magistrate has been informed, of the terms of any such promise before the accused person is examined as a witness.

Where the presiding Judge or Magistrate has been so informed, he shall not disclose to the defence the terms of any such promise except to such extent as he may consider it necessary so to do in the interests of justice."

Insertion of new section 510-A in Act V of 1898. 4. After section 510 of the said Code, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Evidence of previous conviction and association with previous convicts to be relevant for certain purposes at a trial for offences under Chapter VI, Act XLV of 1860.

"510-A. On the trial of an offence under Chapter VI of the Indian Penal Code, the following facts shall be relevant *for the purpose of proving criminal intention*, namely:— XLV of 1860

(a) that the person accused has previously been convicted of an offence under that Chapter, and

(b) that such person has associated *in such circumstances as afford reasonable grounds for believing that the association was for the purpose of committing an offence under that Chapter* with any person who has been convicted of an offence under that Chapter:

Provided that such facts shall nevertheless not be *proved* under the provisions of this section, unless written notice of the intention to call evidence thereof has been served on the accused at least seven days before *such evidence is tendered*, together with reasonable particulars of the conviction or association intended to be proved."

Insertion of new section 565-A in Act V of 1898. 5. After section 565 of the said Code, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Security on conviction of an offence under Chapter VI of Act XLV of 1860.

"565-A. (1) When any person is convicted of an offence punishable under Chapter VI of the Indian Penal Code, the Court may, if it thinks fit, at the time of passing sentence on such person, order him, on his release after the expiration of such sentence, to execute a bond with sureties *undertaking, for such period not exceeding two years as may be specified in the order, that he will not commit, or attempt or conspire to commit, or abet the commission of, any offence under the said Chapter.* XLV of 1860.

(2) An order under sub-section (1) may also be made by an Appellate Court, or by the High Court when exercising its powers of revision.

(3) If the Court makes an order under sub-section (2), it shall further direct that, until the person who is the subject of the order furnishes the required security, such person shall notify to the Local Government or to such officer as the Local Government may by general or special order appoint in this behalf, his residence and any change of residence after release for the period for which security is required.

(4) Where any person is under an obligation to notify, in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (3), his residence and any change of residence after release, the Local Government may by order in writing direct that such person—

(a) shall not enter, reside or remain in any area specified in the order,

(b) shall reside or remain in any area in British India so specified, and

(c) shall abstain from addressing public meetings for the furtherance or discussion of any subject likely to cause disturbance *of the public tranquility*.

XLV of 1860. (5) Any person refusing or neglecting to comply with any direction under sub section (3) or any order under sub-section (4), shall be punishable as if he had committed an offence under section 176 of the Indian Penal Code.

(6) If the conviction is set aside on appeal or otherwise, all orders made under the provisions of this section shall become void

X of 1911. *Explanation.*—In this section the expression "public meeting" has the same meaning as is assigned to it by section 3 of the Prevention of Seditious Meetings Act, 1911."

H. M. SMITH,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India, Legislative Dept.

The following Bill was introduced in the Indian Legislative Council on the 12th March, 1919 :—

No. 12 of 1919.

A Bill to extend the operation of the Indian Defence Force Act, 1917.

WHEREAS it is expedient to extend the operation of the Indian Defence Force Act, 1917; It is III of 1917.
hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title. 1. This Act may be called the Indian Defence Force (Amendment) Act, 1919.

Amendment of section 1, Act III of 1917. 2. In sub-section (3) of section 1 of the Indian Defence Force Act, 1917, for III of 1917.
the words "six months" the words "one year" shall be substituted.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

SECTION 1 (3) of the Indian Defence Force Act, 1917 (III of 1917), prescribes that the Act "shall remain in force during the continuance of the present war and for a period of six months thereafter." The question of the constitution, organization and training of the force which will be required to replace the Indian Defence Force under *post-bellum* conditions is under consideration, but, in view of the complexity of the subject, and the necessity for consulting fully all interests concerned, it is improbable that the new scheme can be brought into force before the period of operation of the Indian Defence Force Act expires. Meanwhile, it is considered necessary, during the period of demobilisation, that there should be a force in India which can be called up in the event of emergency without interfering with the process of demobilisation of the regular army. It is, therefore, proposed to extend the period of operation of the Indian Defence Force Act, 1917, by a further period of six months, thus making the Act operative for a period of twelve months after the war.

DELHI,
The 27th February 1919.

C. C. MONRO,
General,
Commander-in-Chief in India.

H. M. SMITH,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India, Legislative Dept.

The following Report of the Select Committee on the Bill to impose a duty on excess profits arising out of certain businesses was presented to the Indian Legislative Council on the 12th March 1919 :—

Paper No. I. From the First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General in Baluchistan, dated the 9th January 1919, from the Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara, dated the 22nd January 1919, and enclosures, from the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, dated the 24th January 1919, and enclosures, from the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces, dated the 27th January 1919 and enclosure.

Paper No. II. From the Government of Bihar and Orissa, dated the 28th January 1919; from the Government of United Provinces, dated the 29th January 1919, and enclosures; from the Registrar, High Court, Calcutta, dated the 29th January 1919.

Paper No. III. From the Government of Madras, dated the 27th January 1919, and enclosures, from the Government of Punjab, dated the 31st January 1919, and enclosure.

Paper No. IV. From the Chief Commissioner, Coorg, dated the 28th January 1919; from the Chief Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province, dated the 30th January 1919, and enclosures, from the Chief Commissioner, Assam, dated the 30th January 1919; from the Government of Bengal, dated the 31st January 1919, and enclosures.

Paper No. V. From the Government of Burma, dated the 30th January 1919, and enclosures.

Paper No. VI. From the Government of Bombay, dated the 4th February 1919, and enclosures.

Paper No. VII. From the Government of Bombay, dated the 13th February 1919, and enclosure.

Paper No. VIII. From the Government of Bengal, dated the 17th February 1919, and enclosure.

Paper No. IX. From the Government of Bombay, dated the 21st February 1919, and enclosure.

We, the undersigned, Members of the Select Committee to which the Bill to impose a duty on excess profits arising out of certain businesses was referred, have considered the Bill and the papers noted in the margin, and have now the honour to submit this our Report, with the Bill as amended by us annexed thereto.

2. We have found the subject with which we have been directed to deal one of great complexity; as the papers show the opinions received have been voluminous. We have had the advantage of hearing the evidence of several gentlemen, who attended our proceedings on two occasions. These were Sir Robert Aitken and Mr. Gillum of Bombay, Mr. Thomas Smith of Cawnpore, Mr. Grant-Govan of Delhi and Mr. Ram Chandriar of Madras, and we desire to take this opportunity of expressing our obligations to these gentlemen for the valuable assistance they have given us. We have had to deal with a considerable volume of criticism, which to a large extent has been of a destructive character. In so far as the criticisms were directed against the main principles of the Bill, we considered that it was outside our province to deal with them. The main objects which we have kept in view will appear from the following paragraphs of our Report.

3. It has been urged with regard to almost every operative clause of the Bill that it would in practice work inequitably. On the other hand, we have realized that every extra refinement introduced into the Bill with the object of removing these inequalities must necessarily tend to complicate the duties of the assessing authorities, and we recognise that the Bill, as amended by us, adds considerably to the already very large responsibilities of these authorities. We think, however, that an equitable incidence is one of the first essentials of taxation. The main object of the numerous amendments, which we have made, has been to reduce the number of hard cases to a minimum.

4. The details of these amendments will be dealt with in connexion with the clauses in which they have been embodied. Generally speaking, we have attempted to achieve our object by introducing a system of options with regard to the profits of the accounting period, the selection of the standard period and the computation of the profits of the standard period. It will be seen that, in regard to the standard period, the options which we have proposed are very wide, and we feel that we have gone as far as possible in this direction. It is inevitable that a certain number of hard cases should remain, but we think that the machinery set up in clauses 7 to 9 of the Bill should adequately provide for these.

5. Before we detail the amendments which we have made, we may here refer to two matters in respect of which we are told that there has been considerable misunderstanding as to the intentions of the Bill. The first is the absence of a duration clause making it clear that the operation of the Bill is confined to one year. With regard to this it should be hardly necessary to mention that the definition of "accounting period" read with clause 4 must make it clear to the intelligent reader that the profits of one year, and one year only, are being taxed. The second is in reference to the periods adopted for the ascertainment of standard profits. With regard to this it is enough to say that under the provisions of Act II of 1886, which was the law in force during the standard periods, the profits assessed in any year were the profits of the preceding year; that is to say the profits assessed in 1914, as defined in clause 3, were not the profits of the year in which war broke out, but the profits of the year ending on the 31st of March, 1914, or an earlier date. The amendments, which we have made in the Bill, save in so far as they are mere matters of drafting, are dealt with in the following remarks.

6. *Clause 5.*—It was urged upon us that inasmuch as hostilities ceased half-way through the financial year beginning on the 1st of April, 1918, certain companies who closed their accounts before the end of the calendar year 1918 might possibly be severely handicapped in comparison with those whose accounting year corresponds with the financial year. To meet this difficulty we have adopted a suggestion of our colleague Mr. Ironside that businesses which have closed their accounts on any date previous to the 31st of March 1918, should have the option of carrying their accounts forward to the 31st of March 1919, and of calculating the profits of the accounting period as a proportion of the profits of the total period; that is to say, a business which closed its accounts on the 30th of June, 1918, might carry its accounts forward to the 31st of March 1919, and take the profits of the accounting period to be 12-21ths of the total profits of the period from the 1st of July 1917 to the 31st of March 1919. For reasons of drafting we were unable to embody this suggestion in the definition of "accounting period." The option is provided for in clause 5 of the Bill as amended. A

question has been raised in several quarters as to whether a composition for income-tax agreed upon in respect of the accounting period should be taken as the basis of assessment for that period. We think that this should not be done and the explanation which we have added to clause 5 requires that, notwithstanding the existence of a composition, the profits of the accounting period shall be actually ascertained.

7. *Clause 6.*—It was suggested to us, however, to provide that where a composition was in force in respect of the period for which standard profits are to be ascertained that composition should, at the option of the business liable to pay the duty, be taken as a basis for determining the standard profits. We have provided for this in sub-clause (2) and its proviso. We have, however, gone much further than this. In the first place, we have provided that every business shall have the option of adopting the standard percentages whether the profits of the business have been assessed or not, and we have provided a power to prescribe by rule a percentage higher than 10 per cent in certain cases. Finally, we have given a very wide choice as to the selection of the standard period. In the first place, the profits assessed in the years 1913 and 1914, that is to say, the profits of two pre-war years may be selected as the standard profits. This, we think, will meet the case of those businesses which actually deteriorated after the outbreak of the war. Secondly, if the profits have been assessed in the years 1913 and 1914 and in any two only of the years 1915, 1916 and 1917 the standard profits may be taken to be the average of the assessed profits in the four years. Finally, if the profits have been assessed in all five years the standard profits may be taken as the average of the assessed profits of the two pre-war years and any two of the first three years of the war which the assessee may select.

Clause 6 as originally drafted ignored any income arising in the standard period from interest on securities held by a business. We think this was an oversight, which we have provided for in our redraft.

8. *Clause 7.*—The Bill as introduced provided that where the capital of a business had increased or decreased during the accounting period, the profits of that period should be reduced or increased by ten per cent of the difference. In the first place, we think this arbitrary rate might work inequitably. Secondly, we anticipate that there would be some difficulty in interpreting sub-clause (3) of this clause as it stood, since the Bill gave no indication as to how the average amount of capital employed during any period was to be ascertained. We have therefore made considerable modifications in this clause, which we have entirely remodelled and have inserted in its proper place as a *proviso* to clause 2 (2) (b). We have now provided for an increase or decrease in the standard profits proportionate to the increase or decrease of the capital at the end of the accounting period, as compared with the average of the amounts of capital employed on the last days of the years selected by the assessee as the years for which standard profits are to be ascertained. We think that any increase of capital after the 31st of December, 1914, should not be taken into account, and we have made provision accordingly in sub-clause (4) of clause 6. The original clause 7 has thus entirely disappeared as a separate clause.

9. *Clause 8 (new clause 7).*—We have made it clear that depreciation of assets includes the cost of replacement. The additions which we have made in sub-clauses (*e*) and (*f*) of the Bill as amended are designed to meet possible hard cases. The scope of the application of sub-clause (*g*) (originally sub-clause (*r*)) has been considerably widened.

10. *Clause 9 (new clause 8).*—The Bill gave the Chief Revenue Authority discretion to refuse a reference to a Board of Referees. We have now provided that, at the option of the appellant, his case shall be either disposed of by the Chief Revenue Authority or referred to the Board. It was pointed out to us that the provisions for the constitution of the Board, requiring that one member should be a person having acquaintance with businesses of the nature of that in question, were unsatisfactory, as in the case of some businesses it might be difficult, if not impossible, to obtain a member with the necessary qualification. We have therefore modified this provision. We were much pressed by our non-official colleagues to provide for two non-official members. We have done this, and we have also provided that in special cases the Local Government shall have power to add a fourth member, in which case it shall appoint one of the members to be chairman with a casting vote.

11. We have, in this portion of the Bill, added a new clause which is, in our opinion, of considerable importance. It now appears as clause 9. We have provided a power in the Governor-General in Council to appoint a Board of Special Referees to inquire into the circumstances of classes of businesses in respect of which any person has made out a *prima facie* case that the provisions of the Act would operate unfairly. We may illustrate this by reference to the businesses whose output and sales have been controlled during the war. The Board will, in these cases, always consist of four members, of whom two will be non-officials, and it will act merely in an advisory capacity, the final orders in the case emanating from the Government of India.

12. *Clauses 14 & 15.*—In deference to the views of our non-official colleagues who have relieved persons chargeable to excess profits duty of the obligation to give notice of the fact to the Collector within one month of the commencement of the Act. We have allowed assessees two months instead of one month to comply with the Collector's notice calling for returns.

13. *Clauses 14 and 15.*—We have amended clause 14 so as to give power to prescribe by rule the method of assessment in the case of a change of ownership in the accounting period. We think in this way the instructions to Collectors can be made more explicit than when included in the law itself. A corresponding addition has been made in the rule-making clause of the Bill. We have removed section 29 from the list of the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1918, embodied by reference in this Bill by clause 25.

14. We have introduced two new clauses at the end of the Bill. The first provides that excess profits duty and super tax shall not both be levied in respect of the same business; the greater tax alone will be levied. The last clause of the Bill makes any sum paid as excess profits duty no allowance for income-tax purposes when the final adjustment of the profits of the business is made.

15. We have made an amendment in the proviso to the third item of schedule I to make it clear that the business of a whole-time officer or servant of a firm or company is exempt. The slight alterations made in Schedule II merely adopt the phraseology of the English law.

16. The extensive modifications which we have made in the Bill are almost entirely, in our opinion, in favour of the subject, and we therefore think that the Bill does not require re-publication. We recommend that it be passed as now amended.

17. The publication ordered by the Council has been made as follows :—

In English.

Gazette.	Date.
Gazette of India	14th December 1918.
Fort St George Gazette	14th January 1919
Bombay Government Gazette	2nd January 1919.
Calcutta Gazette	25th December 1918.
United Provinces Gazette	28th December 1918.
Punjab Government Gazette	27th December 1918.
Burma Gazette	4th January 1919
Bihar and Orissa Gazette	1st January 1919.
Central Provinces Gazette	28th December 1918.
Assam Gazette	8th January 1919.
Coorg District Gazette	3rd January 1919.
Sind Gazette	19th December 1918.
North-West Frontier Province Gazette	3rd January 1919.

In the vernaculars.

Province.	Language.	Date.
Madras	Tamil ..	21st January 1919.
	Telugu ..	
	Hindustani ..	28th January 1919.
	Kanarese ..	21st January 1919.
	Malayalam ..	25th January 1919.
Bombay	Marathi ..	23rd January 1919.
	Gujarathi ..	
	Kanarese ..	
United Provinces	Urdu ..	1st February 1919.
Punjab	Urdu ..	31st January 1919.
Burma	Burmese ..	18th January 1919.
Sindh	Sindhi ..	16th January 1919.

JAS. S. MESTON.
G. R. LOWNDES.
C. H. KESTEVEN.
FAZULBHOY CURRIMBHOY.*
S. N. ROY.
H. F. HOWARD.
M. N. HOGG.*
G. M. CHITNAVIS.*
W. A. IRONSIDE.*
W. F. RICE.
H. MONCRIEFF SMITH.

The 13th March 1919.

* Subject to minute of dissent printed below.

Minute of Dissent.

We are of opinion that the Bill should contain provision for a refund by Government of any amount of duty which it may yield in excess of the amount of £9 millions net, which is required. This proposal may be unusual, but we think it is fair and reasonable on the following grounds. Firstly, the levying of an excess profits duty for one year only after hostilities have ceased is in itself an unusual measure. Secondly, the justification for this measure has been definitely stated to be the need of Government to raise a sum of £9 millions sterling for exceptional war expenditure. Thirdly, any estimate of the yield of the Duty must necessarily be very hypothetical and uncertain, and the estimate made by Government is generally believed to be considerably too low. Fourthly, the Honourable Finance Member has stated that the only reason for maintaining the percentage at 50 per cent is his estimate that 51 per cent will only yield the sum required; and that if his estimate had been larger, he would gladly have reduced the percentage. We think, therefore, that it is reasonable to ask that, if the actual yield of the duty should prove to be in excess of his estimate, the percentage should be reduced by a proportionate refund of the excess to those who have paid the duty.

2. We regret that this opportunity has not been taken to abolish the supertax in so far as it applies to the income of firms and companies. The supertax in the United Kingdom is a tax on individual incomes only and its partial extension to the income of firms and companies has been very generally criticised. The reason given for the extension was that an excess profits duty was then considered impracticable, and that the extension of the supertax was a device to take its place. Now that an excess profits duty is to be imposed, the excuse is gone, and the proper course is to limit the supertax to individual incomes. We do not consider that the fact that this would result in certain cases in a remission of taxation is a sufficient reason for rejecting a measure which would be at once just and popular, and we regret that the Report of the Select Committee does not include in a recommendation that the Supertax Act should be amended on these lines.

M. N. HOGG.
W. A. IRONSIDE.
FAZULBHOY CURRIMBHOY.
G. M. CHITNAVIS.

13th March 1919.

BILL No. 25 OF 1918.

[AS AMENDED BY THE SELECT COMMITTEE.]

[Words printed in italics indicate the amendments suggested by the Select Committee.]

A Bill to impose a duty on excess profits arising out of certain businesses.

WHEREAS it is expedient to impose a duty on excess profits arising out of certain businesses; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title and commencement.

1. (*1*) This Act may be called the Excess Profits Duty Act, 191 .

(*2*) It shall come into force on the 1st April 1919

Definitions.

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

"accounting period" means the twelve months ending on the 31st March 1919, or if the accounts of the business have been made up within the said twelve months for the purposes of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918, in respect of a year ending on any date other than the said 31st March, then the year ending on that other date;

XI of 1918.

"business" includes any trade, commerce or manufacture, or any adventure or concern in the nature of trade, commerce or manufacture;

"prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act.

All expressions used or embodied by reference in this Act which are not hereinbefore defined shall have the same meaning as is attributed to them by the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918.

II of 1918.

Application of Act.

3. This Act shall apply to every business (other than the businesses specified in Schedule I) which is, *during any part of the accounting period, either* carried on in British India *by any person* or owned or carried on in any place in India by a person ordinarily resident in British India.

Imposition of excess profits duty.

4. Subject to the provisions of this Act, there shall, *in respect of* any business to which this Act applies, be charged, levied and paid on the amount by which the profits in the accounting period exceed the standard profits, a duty (in this Act referred to as "excess profits duty") of an amount equal to fifty per cent of that excess;

Provided that the amount of the said duty shall not exceed such sum as would reduce the profits in the accounting period *below* thirty thousand rupees.

"Ascertainment of profits in the accounting period.

5. The profits of a business in the accounting period shall, *at the option of the person by whom the excess profits duty in respect of that business is payable to or be deemed to be*,—

VII of 1918.

(*a*) *the taxable income as finally* ascertained for the purposes of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918, or

(*b*) *when the accounting period in respect of the business ends on any date other than the 31st March, 1919, and the accounts of the business are made up for an additional period ending in the said 31st March, a sum which bears the same proportion to the taxable income of the total period (such taxable income being ascertained as nearly as may be in accordance with the provisions of the said Act) as a period of one year bears to the total period*

Explanation.—The profits in the accounting period shall, notwithstanding any composition in force for the purposes of the said Act, be actually ascertained in accordance with the provisions of that Act.

Standard profits.

6. (*1*) The standard profits of a business shall be as follows :—

(*a*) an amount calculated at the rate of 10 per cent or *at such rate not being less than 10 per cent as may be prescribed* on the capital of the business as existing at the end of the accounting period, *in which case* the capital of the business shall, for the purposes of this Act, be ascertained in accordance with the provisions of Schedule II ; *or*

(*b*) *at the option of the person by whom excess profits duty in respect of the business is payable*—

(*i*) *if the profits of the business have been assessed in the years 1913 and 1914 for the purposes of the income-tax law then in force*—*the aggregate of half of the profits so assessed and half of the interest, if any, received in those years on securities forming part of the assets of the business* ; *or*

(*ii*) *if the profits of the business have been assessed for the said purposes in the years 1913 and 1914 and in two only of the three years 1915, 1916 and 1917—the aggregate of one-fourth of the profits so assessed and one-fourth of the interest, if any, received in the same four years on securities forming part of the assets of the business* ; *or*

(*iii*) *if the profits of the business have been assessed for the said purposes in all the five years 1913, 1914, 1915, 1916 and 1917—the aggregate of one-fourth of the profits assessed in the years 1913 and 1914 and in such two of the years 1915, 1916 and 1917 as may be selected by the said person, and one fourth of the interest, if any, received in the same four years on securities forming part of the assets of the business:*

Provided that if the average capital employed in the business in the years adopted for the purpose of determining the standard profits is less or more than the capital so employed at the end of the accounting period there shall be made to or from the standard profits as aforesaid an addition or a deduction, as the case may be, which shall bear to the standard profits the same proportion as such increase or decrease of capital bears to the average capital so employed in the years so adopted.

Explanation.—For the purpose of ascertaining the average capital employed, the capital employed in the business in any year shall be deemed to be the capital so employed at the end of that year.

Provided *further* that if the assessment in any of the said years was made in respect of a period of less than twelve months, that assessment shall, for the purpose of determining the *standard profits*, be proportionately increased.

(*c*) *If a composition for income-tax was in force in any of the years 1913, 1914, 1915, 1916 and 1917, such composition shall be deemed for the purposes of sub-section 1 (b) to have been the assessment and the profits shall be determined in accordance therewith.*

Provided that the person by whom excess profits duty in respect of the business is payable shall, notwithstanding any such composition, be entitled to have an assessment of the profits of the business made for the purpose of ascertaining the standard profits, in the same way as the assessment would have been made if no such composition had been agreed upon.

(3) Each of the years referred to in sub-sections (1) and (2) shall be deemed to be the twelve months commencing with the 1st of April in the year mentioned

(4) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section no increase of capital made after the 31st December 1918, shall be taken into account in any case, and no such increase before that date shall be taken into account when it appears or to the extent to which it appears that the increase was made with intent to evade or has the effect of evading the payment of the excess profits duty

Power to Collector to make allowances for special circumstances.

7. On the application of any person chargeable with excess profits duty alleging that, owing to any of the following circumstances, namely:—

(a) any change in the constitution of a partnership of which he is or was a member,

(b) any postponement or suspension, as a consequence of the present war, of renewals or repairs,

(c) any exceptional depreciation, *or obsolescence (excluding the cost of replacement during the accounting period)* due to the present war of assets employed in the business,

(d) the provision in connexion with the requirements of the present war of plant or machinery which will not be required for the purposes of the business after the termination of the war,

(e) *the fact that the assets of the business consist to any material extent of shares in a company the business of which is itself chargeable to excess profits duty,*

(f) *any liability of the profits of the business to excess profits duty in the United Kingdom, or*

(g) any special circumstances connected with the nature of the business *or the period for which any profits are ascertained or determined,*

the provisions of this Act for the calculation of excess profits duty operate unfairly in his case, the Collector may make such *allowance* as in calculating the amount of the duty as seem to him to be necessary to meet the special circumstances, provided that *any such allowance shall not reduce* the amount of duty payable under the provisions of the Act by more than twenty-five per cent without the previous sanction of the Commissioner.

Application to Chief Revenue-authority.

8. (1) If any person who has applied under section 7 is dissatisfied with the decision of the Collector on *his application*, he may appeal to the Chief Revenue-authority *which* shall, *at the option of such person*, either itself decide such appeal or refer it to a Board of Referees to be appointed by the Local Government. The Board shall hear and consider any appeal so referred and shall communicate their decision to the Chief Revenue-authority.

(2) The Chief Revenue-authority and the Board shall be entitled to take into account any of the circumstances specified in section 7, and to modify the decision of the Collector with reference thereto in such way and to such extent as they may consider just and equitable.

(3) Every Board of Referees appointed under this section shall consist of three *or, in case which the Local Government considers to be of difficulty or importance, of four persons. When the Board consists of four persons the Local Government shall appoint one of the members to be Chairman. In any* case at least *two members of the Board* shall be persons not in the service of Government *and having in the opinion of the Local Government adequate business experience*

(4) In case of a difference of opinion between the members of the Board, the opinion of the majority shall prevail *When the Board consists of four members and the members are equally divided in opinion, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.*

(5) The decision of the Chief Revenue-authority on any appeal under this section, or of the Board where an appeal is referred to them shall notwithstanding any other provision of this Act be final, and shall be deemed to be the basis of assessment in the particular case

Power of Governor General in Council to deal with hardship in case of a class of business.

9. (1) *The Governor General in Council may, on the application of any person alleging that owing to special circumstances to be stated in the application the provisions of this Act for the calculation of excess profits would operate unfairly in the case of any class of business in which such person is engaged, refer such application for the report of a Board of appeal Referees to be appointed in this behalf by the Governor General in Council*

(2) *Every Board appointed under this section shall consist of four persons, of whom at least two shall be persons not in the service of Government. The Governor General in Council shall appoint one member to be Chairman.*

(3) *On receipt of the report of the Board the Governor General in Council shall consider the same and pass thereon such orders as he thinks fit. Any such order may vary the basis or method of assessment in respect of the class of business so referred to and any variation so made shall be deemed to be modifications of this Act in respect of the matters to which they relate, and this Act shall apply accordingly.*

Notice to be given that exemption has been made.

10. Every liquidator of a company which is being wound up at the commencement of this Act, or is wound up after the commencement of this Act, and which is chargeable to excess profits duty, shall before the 31st May 1919, or within two months of the commencement of the winding up, as the case may be, give notice of the fact to the Collector.

Returns for the purposes of this Act

11. The Collector may, for the purposes of this Act, require any person whom he believes to be engaged in any business to which this Act applies, or to have been so engaged during the accounting period or in the year *ending on the 31st March, 1918*, or *on the 31st March* in any year thereafter, to furnish him within *two* months after service upon him of a notice to that effect with such particulars in connexion with the business as the Collector may require.

12. If a person fails, without reasonable cause or excuse, to *give* to the Collector in due time any notice required by section 10 or *to furnish* any particulars referred to in section 11, he shall on conviction by a Magistrate be punishable with fine which may extend to *thirty* rupees for every day during which the default continues.

Penalty.

13. The amount of excess profits duty to be paid in respect of any business shall be assessed by the Collector, who may in any case where he thinks fit allow the duty to be paid in instalments of such amounts payable at such time as he may direct.

Assessment.

14. The duty may be assessed on any person for the time being owning or carrying on the business whether as agent for the owner or otherwise or, where the business has ceased during the accounting period, on the person who owned or so carried on the business immediately before the time at which the business ceased, and where there has been a change of ownership of the business during the accounting period, the Collector *shall make the assessment in the prescribed manner.*

Person liable to be assessed.

VII of 1918.

15. The provisions of sections 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 26, 27 and 46 of Chapters IV and V and of sections 42, 43, 44, 47 and 48 to 52 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918, shall apply, with such modifications, if any, as may be prescribed, as if the said provisions referred to excess profits duty instead of income-tax, and every officer or authority exercising powers under the said provisions may exercise the like powers under this Act in regard to excess profits duty as he or it exercises in regard to income-tax under the said Act:

Application of provisions of Indian Income-tax Act, 1918.

Provided that references in the said provisions to the assessee shall be construed as references to a person by whom excess profits duty is payable.

VII of 1918.

16. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918, or in *any Act repealed thereby*, all information contained in any statement or return made or furnished under the provisions of *any* of the said Acts, or obtained or collected for the purposes of any such Act may be used for the purposes of this Act.

Income-tax papers to be available for the purposes of this Act.

17. (*1*) A person shall not for the purposes of avoiding payment of excess profits duty enter into a fictitious or artificial transaction or carry out any fictitious or artificial operation, and if he has entered into any such transaction or carried out any such operation before the commencement of this Act, shall inform the Collector of the nature of the transaction or operation.

Prohibition of and penalty for fictitious transactions.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section an artificial transaction or operation includes every device of whatever nature adapted for the purposes of presenting the accounts of a business in a misleading form or manner with intent to evade or hamper the effect of evading any obligation imposed by this Act.

(*2*) If any person acts in contravention of, or fails, without reasonable cause or excuse, to comply with, the provisions of sub-section (*1*), he shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees.

18. (*1*) The Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, make rules for carrying into effect the provisions of this Act.

Power to make rules.

(*2*) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for—

(*a*) *the rate to be allowed in respect of any business or class of business for the purposes of section 6 (1)* (*c*);

(*b*) the procedure to be followed by Boards of Referees appointed under this Act;

(*c*) *the basis and method of assessment when there has been a change of ownership*; and

(*d*) the adaptation to excess profits duty of any of the provisions of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918, which are made applicable to that duty by section 15.

VII of 1918.

(*3*) All rules made under this section shall have effect as if enacted in this Act.

19. *Where the profits of* any business in the accounting period are chargeable to excess profits duty under the provisions of this Act and to super-tax under the provisions of the Super-tax Act, 1917, then—

Excess profits duty and super-tax to be mutually chargeable.

VII of 1917.

(*1*) *if the amount chargeable as excess profits duty exceeds that chargeable as super-tax, excess profits duty shall alone be charged, and*

(*2*) *if the amount chargeable as super-tax exceeds that chargeable as excess profits duty, super-tax shall alone be charged,*

and the provisions of this Act and the Super-tax Act, 1917, shall be construed accordingly.

VII of 1917.

20. *The amount of excess profits duty paid in respect of any business shall be allowed as a deduction at the adjustment made in the year ending on the 31st March, 1920, in respect of the profits of that business for the purposes of section 10 of the Income-tax Act, 1918:*

Excess profits duty an allowance for the purposes of the Income-tax Act.

VII of 1918.

Provided that if the amount of excess profits duty payable has not been ascertained at the time when the said adjustment is made, the amount by which the income-tax would have been reduced if effect had been given to the deduction shall be deducted from the amount payable for excess profits duty.

SCHEDULE I.

EXCEPTED BUSINESSES.

(*See section 5.*)

1. *Any business the income from which is agricultural income.*

2. Offices or employments.

3. Any profession the profits of which are dependent mainly on the personal qualifications of the person by whom the profession is carried on, and in which no capital expenditure is required or only capital expenditure of an amount *which* is small when compared with the profits which the person carrying on the profession makes:

Provided that the business of any person taking commissions in respect of any transactions or services rendered, as any agent of any description (not being *a whole-time officer or servant of the business* or a commercial traveller, or an agent whose remuneration consists wholly of a fixed and definite sum not dependent on the amount of business done or any other contingency) shall not be included in this exception.

4. Any business which is liable to pay in respect of the accounting period excess profits duty in the United Kingdom.

5. Any business of which the profits in the accounting period do not exceed thirty thousand rupees.

SCHEDULE II

ASCERTAINMENT OF CAPITAL.

(*See section 6.*)

1. The amount of the capital of a business shall, so far as it does not consist of money, be taken to be—

(*a*) so far as it consists of assets acquired by purchase, the price at which those assets were acquired, subject to any *proper* deduction for depreciation or for unpaid purchase money,

(*b*) so far as it consists of assets being debts due to the business, the nominal amount of those debts subject to any reduction which has been allowed or is allowable in respect of those debts under the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918, and VII of 1918.

(*c*) so far as it consists of any other assets which have not been acquired by purchase, the value of the assets at the time when they became assets of the business, subject to any *proper* deduction for depreciation.

Provided that nothing in this provision shall present accumulated profits (other than those made in the accounting period) employed in the business being treated as capital.

2. Any borrowed money or trade debts shall be deducted in computing the amount of capital for the purposes of this Act.

3. Where any asset has been paid for otherwise than in cash, the cost price of that asset shall be taken to be the value of the consideration at the time the asset was acquired, but where the business has been converted into a company, and more than two-thirds of the shares in the company are held by the person who was the owner of the business, no value shall be attached to those shares, so far as they are represented by good-will or otherwise than by material assets of the company, unless the Collector in special circumstances otherwise directs. Patents and secret processes shall be deemed to be material assets.

H. M. SMITH,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India, Legislative Dept.

Acts of the Indian Legislative Council assented to by the Governor-General.

The following Act of the Indian Legislative Council received the assent of the Governor-General on the 12th March 1919, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. II of 1919.

An Act further to amend the Indian Paper Currency (Amendment) Act, 1917.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Indian Paper Currency (Amendment) Act, 1917 ; It is hereby enacted as follows :— XIX of 1917.

Short title

1. This Act may be called the Indian Paper Currency (Amendment) Act, 1919.

Amendment of section 2, Act XIX of 1917

2. In section 2 of the Indian Paper Currency (Amendment) Act, 1917, for the words "six hundred and sixty millions," the words "eight hundred millions" shall be substituted. XIX of 1917.

Repeal of Act VI of 1918, and Ordinance III of 1918.

3. The Indian Paper Currency (Amendment) Act, 1918, and the Indian Paper Currency (Amendment) Ordinance, 1918, are hereby repealed. VI of 1918. III of 1918.

H. M. SMITH,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India, Legislative Dept.

The following Act of the Indian Legislative Council received the assent of the Governor-General on the 12th March 1919, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. III OF 1919.

An Act to extend the operation of the Motor Spirit (Duties) Act, 1917.

WHEREAS it is expedient to extend the operation of the Motor Spirit (Duties) Act, 1917; It is hereby enacted as follows:— 11 of 1917

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Motor Spirit (Duties) Amendment Act, 1919.

Amendment of section 1, Act 11 of 1917.

2. In section 1 of the Motor Spirit (Duties) Act, 1917, the word "and" at the end of sub-section (2) and the whole of sub-section (3) shall be omitted. 11 of 1917

H. M. SMITH,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India, Legislative Dept.

The following Act of the Indian Legislative Council received the assent of the Governor General on the 12th March, 1919, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. IV OF 1919.

An Act to amend the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918; It is hereby enacted as follows:— VII of 1918.

Short title and commencement.

1. (*1*) This Act may be called the Indian Income-tax (Amendment) Act, 1919.

(*2*) It shall come into force on the first day of April, 1919.

Amendment of section 14, Act VII of 1918.

2. In the proviso to sub-section (*2*) of section 14 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), for the word "one" the word "two" shall be substituted. VII of 1918.

Amendment of section 18, Act VII of 1918.

3. In sub-section (*4*) of section 18 of the said Act, for the figures, brackets and word "17 (*1*), (*2*) or (*3*)", the figures, brackets and word "17 (*1*) or (*2*)" shall be substituted.

Substitution of new Schedule for Schedule I, Act VII of 1918.

4. For Schedule I to the said Act, the following Schedule shall be substituted, namely:—

"SCHEDULE I.

(*See section 14.*)

RATES OF TAX.

	Rate.
I.—When the taxable income is less than Rs. 2,000.	*Nil.*
II.—When the taxable income is Rs. 2,000 or upwards, and	
(*i*) The total income is less than Rs. 5,000 ...	Five pies in the rupee.
(*ii*) The total income is Rs. 5,000 or upwards, but is less than Rs. 10,000	Six pies in the rupee.
(*iii*) The total income is Rs. 10,000 or upwards, but is less than Rs. 25,000.	Nine pies in the rupee.
(*iv*) The total income is Rs. 25,000 or upwards.	One anna in the rupee."

Substitution of new Schedule for Schedule II, Act VII of 1918.

5. For Schedule II to the said Act, the following Schedule shall be substituted, namely:—

"SCHEDULE II.

(*See section 37.*)

RATES OF REFUND.

Amount.	Refund.
1. Less than Rs. 2,000	One anna in the rupee.
2. Rs. 2,000 or upwards, but less than Rs. 5,000.	Seven pies in the rupee.
3. Rs. 5,000 or upwards, but less than Rs. 10,000.	Six pies in the rupee.
4. Rs. 10,000 or upwards, but less than Rs. 25,000.	Three pies in the rupee."

Repeals

6. In the said Act, sub-section (*3*) of section 17, Chapter III, and in section 35 the words, "or in a notice or order under section 30" are hereby repealed:

Provided that such repeal shall not affect the liability of any person to pay any sum due from him or any existing right of refund under the said Act.

H. M. SMITH,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India, Legislative Dept.

(Republished by order of His Excellency the Governor in Council)

H. G. STOKES,
Acting Secretary to Govt., L. & M. (Legislative) Dept.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

ഫോട്ട് സെൻറ് ജോജ്ജ് ഗെസറ്റ്

IV-ാം ഭാഗത്തോടുചേർത്ത സപ്ലിമെൻറ്

SUPPLEMENT TO PART IV OF THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE,

APRIL 1, 1919.

നമ്പർ 9 (1).] മദിരാശി: തിങ്കളാഴ്ച നവംബർ, 1919 ഏപ്രിൽ 1-ാം. [വില, 1 അ.

മദിരാശി ഗവൺമെണ്ട് ബിൽ

BILL OF THE GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

നിയമത്തും ചട്ടത്തും ഉണ്ടാക്കുവാനായുള്ള ഫോട്ട് സെൻറ് ജോജ്ജ് ഗവർണ്മെണ്ടിനെ സഹായിക്കേണ്ട സെലക്ട് കമ്മിറ്റി സമർപ്പിച്ച റിപ്പോർട്ട്.

നിയമത്തും ചട്ടത്തും ഉണ്ടാക്കുവാനുള്ള ഫോട്ട് സെൻറ് ജോർജ് ഗവർണ്മെണ്ടിനെ സഹായിക്കേണ്ട സെലക്ട് കമ്മിറ്റി.

1888 ലെ മദിരാശി ഗ്രാമക്കോട്ട് ആക്ട് ഭേദഗതിചെയ്യുവാനുള്ള ബില്ലിനെപ്പറ്റി ആലോചിപ്പാൻ നിയമിച്ച സെലക്ട് കമ്മിറ്റിക്കാരായ താഴെ ഒപ്പിട്ട ഞങ്ങൾ താഴെ പറയുന്ന റിപ്പോർട്ട് സമർപ്പിക്കുന്നു.

1. മേലധികാരികൾ ഒരു കുടുംബത്തിൽ നിന്നും അധികം കുടുംബങ്ങൾ ഗ്രാമക്കോട്ടിൽ താമസിക്കുന്നതിനു 1917 ആഗസ്റ്റ് 21-ാം തീയതിയിലെ ഉത്തരവ്.
2. ഗവർണ്മെണ്ടിന്റെ, തിരുനൽവേലി ജില്ലയിൽ മാർച്ച് മാസം 1917 ആഗസ്റ്റ് 21-ാം തീയതിയിലെ ഉത്തരവിനെ ഭേദഗതിചെയ്തുകൊണ്ട് 1917 നവംബർ 28-ാം തീയതിയിലെ ഉത്തരവ്.
3. തിരുനൽവേലി ജില്ലയിൽ മാർച്ച് മാസം ഗവർണ്മെണ്ടിന്റെ 1917 ആഗസ്റ്റ് 21-ാം തീയതിയിലെ ഉത്തരവിനെ ഭേദഗതിചെയ്തുകൊണ്ട് 1917 നവംബർ 28-ാം തീയതിയിലെ ഉത്തരവ്.
4. തിരുനൽവേലി ജില്ലയിൽ മാർച്ച് മാസം ഗവർണ്മെണ്ടിന്റെ 1917 ആഗസ്റ്റ് 21-ാം തീയതിയിലെ ഉത്തരവിനെ ഭേദഗതിചെയ്തുകൊണ്ട് 1917 നവംബർ 28-ാം തീയതിയിലെ ഉത്തരവ്.
5. തഞ്ചാവൂർ ജില്ലയിൽ മാർച്ച് മാസം ഗവർണ്മെണ്ടിന്റെ 1917 ആഗസ്റ്റ് 21-ാം തീയതിയിലെ ഉത്തരവിനെ ഭേദഗതിചെയ്തുകൊണ്ട് 1917 നവംബർ 28-ാം തീയതിയിലെ ഉത്തരവ്.
6. കോയമ്പത്തൂർ ജില്ലയിൽ മാർച്ച് മാസം ഗവർണ്മെണ്ടിന്റെ 1917 ആഗസ്റ്റ് 21-ാം തീയതിയിലെ ഉത്തരവിനെ ഭേദഗതിചെയ്തുകൊണ്ട് 1917 നവംബർ 28-ാം തീയതിയിലെ ഉത്തരവ്.
7. തിരുനൽവേലി ജില്ലയിൽ മാർച്ച് മാസം ഗവർണ്മെണ്ടിന്റെ 1917 ആഗസ്റ്റ് 21-ാം തീയതിയിലെ ഉത്തരവിനെ ഭേദഗതിചെയ്തുകൊണ്ട് 1917 നവംബർ 28-ാം തീയതിയിലെ ഉത്തരവ്.

2. (i) ഞങ്ങൾക്ക് പ്രത്യേകമായി അതി പ്രായത്തിന്റെ അത്യുത്സാഹമായ മാർഗ്ഗത്തിൽ വിവരിച്ചു രേഖപ്പെടുത്താം (ii) ബിൽ പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തുവാൻ കല്പിക്കുന്നതും അതിനുൽ അഭിപ്രായം പറയുവാൻ താല്പര്യപ്പെടുന്നതുമായ 1918 മാർച്ച് 17-ാംയതെന്ന ഫോം (ഇഡിഷ്യൽ)വക 133-ാം നമ്പർ ഗവർണ്മെണ്ടിന്റെ കല്പനക്ക മുപടിയായി കിട്ടിയ ഉണ്ടാക്കാനുള്ള അഭിപ്രായങ്ങളുടെ കൂടെ വന്നിച്ചു കഴിഞ്ഞ ഫോട്ട് കൂടി ബില്ലിലെ എല്ലാ വകുപ്പുകളും ഞങ്ങൾ ആലോചിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നു.

3. ബില്ലിൽ ഞങ്ങൾ വരുത്തിയ പ്രധാനപ്പെട്ട ഭേദങ്ങൾ താഴെ പറയുന്നവയാണ് :—

9-ാം വകുപ്പ്.—ഒരു ഗ്രാമക്കോട്ട് സ്ഥാപിച്ചാൽ ഇപ്പോഴുള്ള ഗ്രാമമുൻസീഫിന്റെ ഉദ്യോഗാധികാരം പാടെ ഒഴിച്ചിടുന്നതു യുക്തമെന്നു ഞങ്ങൾ വിചാരിക്കുന്നില്ല. എന്നാൽ ഇതു ഒരുപ്രാവിശ്യത്തെക്കുതാങ്ങണമെന്നു ഒരുവ്യവസ്ഥകൊണ്ടു കാണുന്ന പ്രത്യേക സംഗതികളിൽ അതിനെ ഒഴിച്ചിട്ട പരസ്യപ്പെടുത്തുവാനുള്ള അധികാരം ഞങ്ങൾ കൈക്കൊണ്ടിരിക്കുന്നു.

പഞ്ചായത്തു കോടതികളിലെ അംഗങ്ങളെ നിയമിക്കുന്നതിനുള്ള ക്ലൃപ്ത സന്ദർഭമായ ചട്ടങ്ങൾപ്രകാരം നിലവിലുള്ളതായി ഞങ്ങൾ വിളിയിരിക്കുന്നു. എന്നാൽ അതിനെപ്പറ്റി സർക്കാരായ ഉപയോഗിക്കാതെ ഇതിക്കയും നിയമങ്ങൾ കലക്ടർ ചെയ്യുകയും ചെയ്യുന്നതായ തദ്ദേശ ഭരണപ്രിയം അവസാനിപ്പിച്ചറിവാൻ കലക്ടർ ബാദ്ധ്യസ്ഥനാണെന്നുള്ള ശ്രമണം ഒരു കാര്യമെന്ന ശ്രമപ്പെടുത്തുന്നതിലേക്കായി എഴുതിത്തയ്യിയിരിക്കുന്നു.

അതുപ്രകാരമെന്നെ നിലവിലുള്ള പഞ്ചായത്തു കോടിലെ പ്രസിഡന്റിനെ തെരിഞ്ഞെടുപ്പാൻ അതിനെയെന്നെ അധികാരപ്പെടുത്തുകയോ അല്ലെങ്കിൽ അതിലേക്കു പ്രസിഡന്റിനെ നിയമിപ്പാൻ കലക്ടറോടു ആവശ്യപ്പെടുകയോ ചെയ്യാൻ അധികാരം സിദ്ധിച്ചിരിക്കുകയും കലക്ടർ അങ്ങനെ വല്ല നിയമവും ചെയ്യുന്നതിനു മുമ്പ് പഞ്ചായത്തുകാർ ചെയ്യുന്നതായ വല്ല ശിപാർശിയും അദ്ദേഹത്തിനോടുകൂടിയ ബാദ്ധ്യത അദ്ദേഹത്തിന്മേൽ ഞങ്ങൾ ചുമത്തിയിരിക്കുന്നു.

4. 18-ാം ഖണ്ഡം.—ഒരു ഖണ്ഡത്തിൽ ക്രൂപീകരിച്ചതായ പുതിയ 28 A-ാം ഖണ്ഡത്താൽ ഡിസ്ട്രിക്ട് മുൻസിഫ്മാരുടെ മുമ്പാകെ കൊടുത്തതായ മിച്ചറ സിവിൽ വ്യവഹാരങ്ങളെ ഗ്രാമക്കോടുകളിലേക്കു മാറ്റുവാൻ അവർക്കു സാധിക്കത്തക്കവണ്ണം ഏർപ്പാടു ചെയ്തിരിക്കുന്നു.

5. 18-ാം ഖണ്ഡം.—സിവിൽ നടപടിക്രമത്തെ സംബന്ധിയിൽ ഗ്രാമക്കോടുകളിൽ നിന്നു വക്കീലന്മാരെ കേവലം ഒഴിക്കുവാനായി ഞങ്ങൾ ഏർപ്പാടു ചെയ്തിട്ടുണ്ട്. കക്ഷികളുടെ സമ്മതത്തോടെയെന്നു മതസ്നേഹിതനെയോ ചാർച്ചക്കാരനെയോ പക്ഷകാരനെയോ വേലക്കാരനെയോ പകരം ഹാജരാക്കുവാനായി കക്ഷികളെ അധികാരപ്പെടുത്തുകയും ചെയ്തിരിക്കുന്നു. ക്രിമിനൽ കേസുകളിൽ അതേപ്രകാരമെന്നതിനെ സ്വീകരിക്കുവാനാണു ഞങ്ങൾ അഭിപ്രായപ്പെട്ടിരിക്കുന്നതു. എന്നാൽ ബില്ലിലെ 27-ാം ഖണ്ഡത്തിൽ ചേർത്തിരിക്കുന്ന പുതിയ [76 (6)-ാം] വകുപ്പിനു തനിക്കു ചേരി വാദിപ്പാൻ ഒരു വക്കീലിനെ ആശ്രയിപ്പാൻ കാരണം മുഴുത്തുപ്പെട്ടിരിക്കുന്നതു യുക്തമായിരിക്കുമെന്നു കാണുന്ന സംശയിയിൽ അങ്ങനെ ഒരു ചട്ടം ഉണ്ടാക്കുവാനുള്ള അധികാരം കളയിരുതെന്നു കൈവശം നിർത്തിവെച്ചിട്ടുണ്ട്. ഈ ഏർപ്പാടുകൾ ഹൈക്കോടതിയിലെ പട്ടികയിൽ ഉള്ളവരൊ ഹൈക്കോർട്ട് സ്റ്റാഫിലെ ഗ്രേഡ് ഉള്ളവരൊ ആയ വക്കീൽമാർക്കു എതൊരു കീഴ്ക്കോടതിയിലും പ്രവർത്തിപ്പാൻ അവകാശമുണ്ടെന്നുള്ള 1879 ലെ വക്കീലന്മാരെപ്പറ്റിയ ആക്ട് 4 മുതൽ 9 വരെയുള്ള വകുപ്പുകളിൽ അടങ്ങിയ നിബന്ധനകളിൽ ഒരു ഭേദം വരുത്തുകയാണു ചെയ്യുന്നതു എന്നുള്ള കാരണത്താൽ 1915 ലെ ഇന്ത്യാ ഗവർമ്മെണ്ട് സംബന്ധമായ ആക്ട് 79 (3)-ാം വകുപ്രകാരം ഗവർണർ ജനറലുടെ സമ്മതം മുൻകൂട്ടി ഇവക്കു വാങ്ങേണ്ടിവന്നതെന്നു ഞങ്ങൾക്കു തോന്നിയിട്ടു കിട്ടിയിരിക്കുന്നു.

6. 27-ാം ഖണ്ഡം.—ക്രിമിനൽ വിചാരണാധികാരങ്ങളെപ്പറ്റി പറയുന്നതായ പുതിയ അദ്ധ്യായത്തിൽ ഒരു പഞ്ചായത്തു കോടതിയാൽ വിസ്തരിക്കപ്പെടാവുന്ന കാര്യങ്ങളുടെ അടങ്ങിയ പട്ടികയെ ഞങ്ങൾ കൂട്ടിച്ചേർപ്പിക്കയും പുതുതായി ക്രമപ്പെടുത്തുകയും ചെയ്തിരിക്കുന്നു—എങ്ങനെയെന്നാൽ ഞങ്ങളുടെ അഭിപ്രായത്തിൽ ഒരു പഞ്ചായത്തു കോടതിയിൽ സാധാരണയായി വിസ്തരിക്കപ്പെടാവുന്നതായ കാര്യങ്ങളെ (a) ഭാഗത്തു (b) വരെയുള്ള ഉപ വകുപ്പുകളിൽ കാണിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നു. അതേ സമയത്തെന്നെ അങ്ങനെ വിസ്തരിപ്പാൻ പാടുള്ളതാണെന്നു വേറെ വല്ല സമൻകേസിനെപ്പറ്റിയും പ്രസ്താവിപ്പെടുത്തുവാനുള്ള അധികാരം (c) എന്ന ഉപവകുപ്പിൽ പ്രത്യേകമായി കൈക്കൊണ്ടിരിക്കുകയും ചെയ്യുന്നു.

സാധാരണ നടപടിപ്രകാരം അതതായുള്ള സിവിൽ വിധികൾ നടത്തുന്നതിനുള്ള നിർണ്ണയിച്ചതായ നടപടിപ്രകാരം ഒരു പഞ്ചായത്തു കോടിനു വസൂലാക്കാൻ കഴിയാത്തതായ പിഴകളെ വസൂലാക്കുന്നതിനുള്ള ഉദ്ദേശത്തിലേക്കായി സബ്ഡിവിഷനൽ മജിസ്ട്രേട്ടിനു ആ കാര്യം അയച്ചുകൊടുപ്പാനുള്ള ഏർപ്പാട് അതേവകുപ്പു (3)-ാം ഉപവകുപ്പിൽ ഞങ്ങൾ ചെയ്തിട്ടുണ്ട്; ചിലപ്പോൾ വന്നേക്കുന്ന സംഗതികളിൽ തടവു ശിക്ഷ വിധിപ്പാൻ സബ്ഡിവിഷനൽ മജിസ്ട്രേട്ടിനെ അധികാരപ്പെടുത്തിയിരിക്കുന്നു എങ്കിലും അങ്ങിനെയുള്ള ശിക്ഷ രൊക്കുവരെ മാത്രമേ ആകുവാൻ പാടുള്ളു എന്നും ഞങ്ങൾ പ്രത്യേകിച്ചു കുറിപ്പെടുത്തിയിരിക്കുന്നു.

അതേവകുപ്പ് (5) - ാം ഉപവകുപ്പിൽ വരുത്തായ ക്രിമിനൽ കേസ്സുകളെ അവസാനത്തായിരിക്കുമുമ്പാൻ അധികാരമുള്ള കോടതിൽ വിചാരണ ചെയ്യാനായി അയച്ചു കൊടുപ്പാൻ തന്ന പത്രായത്തു 1 കോടതിനെ പ്രാപ്തിപ്പെടുത്തുവാനായി 1898 ലെ ക്രിമിനൽ നടപടി നിയമത്തിലെ 349 - ാം വകുപ്പിന്റെ സ്വരം തന്നെയും ഉദ്ധരിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നു.

7. അന്വേഷിവരണങ്ങളെ തിരുത്തി നന്നാക്കുകയും ബില്ലിൽ വേണ്ട മാറ്റങ്ങളിലും പ്രാത്തുകിടുള്ള ചട്ടങ്ങൾ ഉണ്ടാക്കുവാനുള്ള 78 - ാം പുതുവകുപ്പിനെപ്പറ്റിയും പല ചോദ്യങ്ങൾ തന്നെയും വരുത്തുകയും ചെയ്തിരിക്കുന്നു. ചട്ടങ്ങൾ ആവശ്യമായിരിക്കുന്ന എറവും ഉപയുക്തമായ കാര്യങ്ങൾ എവയെന്നു കാണിക്കുവാൻ തക്കവണ്ണം ഒരു വകുപ്പിനെ വിസ്തരിക്കിയിരിക്കുന്നു. ഇതിന്റെ ഉദ്ദേശം എന്തെന്നാൽ നിബന്ധനകൾ ബില്ലിലെ ചട്ടങ്ങളിലായി ചേർത്താൽ വേണ്ടുംവണ്ണം അവയെ മാറ്റുവാൻ കഴിയാതെയും വേഗത്തിൽ ഭേദപ്പെടുത്തുവാനൊ ദുർബ്ബലപ്പെടുത്തുവാനൊ പാടില്ലാതെയും വരുന്നതുകയാൽ അങ്ങിനെയുള്ള നിബന്ധനകളെ അപ്പപ്പോൾ ഭേദപ്പെടുത്തുവാനുള്ള അധികം സൌകര്യവും തരവും സമ്പാദിപ്പാനായിട്ടത്രെ.

8. ഞങ്ങൾ ചെയ്തിട്ടുള്ള സാരമായ ഭേദങ്ങളെ വിവരിച്ചു ബില്ലിനെ സംബന്ധിച്ചുള്ള അഭിപ്രായങ്ങൾ എടുക്കുന്നതിനു മുമ്പ് ഭേദപ്പെടുത്തിയ ഖണ്ഡങ്ങളിൽ അതിനെ രണ്ടാമതും പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തേണ്ടതാണെന്നാണ് ഞങ്ങളുടെ പക്ഷം.

ജയനൽ സെഡിഡ്സൻ.
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എ. സുബ്ബരായലു.
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1916 ഡിസംബർ 14-നു.

ഭിന്നാഭിപ്രായത്തെ കാണിക്കുന്ന പ്രബന്ധങ്ങൾ.

ബില്ലിലെ 9 - ാം ഖണ്ഡപ്രകാരം ഏർപ്പെടുത്തിയ പത്രായത്തു കോടതികൾ ഉപയോഗപ്രകാരമായി പ്രവൃത്തി ചെയ്യുന്നതു സാദ്ധ്യമാക്കുവാനും നിലനിറുത്തുവാനുമായി ഡിസ്ട്രിക്ട് സൂപ്രണ്ടിംഗ്മാരുടെ അതേ സമയത്തും സ്ഥലത്തുള്ള ഉദ്യോഗാധികാരം നീക്കം ചെയ്യുന്നതു നന്നായിരിക്കുമെന്നാണ് എന്റെ പക്ഷം. സിവിൽ കോടതികൾ കയറുന്നതിൽ നിന്നു കക്ഷികളെ വിലക്കുന്നതെന്നതാണു 16 - ാം ഖണ്ഡത്തിലെ നിബന്ധനകളുടെ ഉദ്ദേശം എങ്കിലും ആ ഉദ്ദേശത്തിലേക്ക് അവ അനുരൂപമായിട്ടുള്ളതല്ല. ഡിസ്ട്രിക്ട് സൂപ്രണ്ടിംഗ്മാരുടെ അതേ സമയത്തും സ്ഥലത്തുള്ള ഉദ്യോഗാധികാരം സംബന്ധിച്ചുള്ള ചോദ്യവും ഉടനെതന്നെ നീക്കം ചെയ്യാൻ കഴിയുന്നതല്ല. എന്നാൽ പ്രത്യേകമായി തെരിഞ്ഞെടുത്ത ചില പ്രദേശങ്ങളിൽ ഡിസ്ട്രിക്ട് സൂപ്രണ്ടിംഗ്മാരുടെ അധികാരം നീക്കം ചെയ്യാനും അവിടെയുള്ള പത്രായത്തു കോടതികൾക്കുമാത്രം അധികാരം കൊടുപ്പാനും അഭിപ്രായം സഭയിൽ ഗവർണ്മെന്റിനു അധികാരപ്പെടുത്തുന്നതു എതായാലും നന്നായിരിക്കും.

2. സിവിൽ കേസ്സുകളിലാകട്ടെ ക്രിമിനൽ കേസ്സുകളിലാകട്ടെ ഗ്രാമത്തോട്ടുകൂടെ ഉണ്ടാകേ വക്കീലന്മാർ ഹാജരാവാൻ പാടില്ലെന്നു വെക്കുന്നതു ആവശ്യമായിട്ടുള്ളതല്ല എന്നഭിപ്രായത്തക്കുള്ളതല്ല. ഒരു വ്യവഹാരത്തിലെ ഒന്നു കക്ഷിക്കു വേണ്ടി ഹാജരാവാനും വാദിപ്പാനും വല്ല ആളെയും നിശ്ചയിപ്പാൻ അയാളെ അധികാരപ്പെടുത്തുന്ന ഗ്രാമക്കോട്ട് ആക്ട് 24 - ാം വകുപ്പിലെ നിബന്ധനകളെ സിവിൽ കേസ്സുകളെ സംബന്ധിച്ചു ഭേദപ്പെടുത്തിയാൻ തരക്കേടില്ലെന്നായിത്തന്നെ ആലോചനയിൽ എന്റെ അഭിപ്രായം. ആലോചിച്ചിട്ടുള്ള ഭേദം വരുത്തുന്നതിനു മുമ്പു 1915 ലെ ഇന്ത്യാ ഗവർണ്മെന്റ് സംബന്ധമായ

ആക്ട് 79 (2)-ാം വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം ഗവൺമെന്റ് ഉദ്യോഗസ്ഥനായിരുന്നാലുടൻ സമ്മതം ഉൾപ്പെടുത്തി കിട്ടേണ്ടതുണ്ടെന്നു കാണുന്നു. ഗവൺമെന്റ് ഉദ്യോഗസ്ഥനായിരുന്നാലുടൻ സമ്മതം ഉൾപ്പെടുത്തി വാങ്ങിക്കൊണ്ടു വക്കീൽ മുഖേനയോ അല്ലാതെയോ ആക്ടിൽ ഒരു കേസ്വസ്തുതകൾ അവശ്യപ്പെടുത്തുകയുണ്ടായാൽ തന്നെ ഗൌരവമായതും ഒരു മോക്ഷമില്ല തന്നെ കേസ്തന്നെ നീക്കുവാൻ വിചാരിച്ചിരിക്കുന്ന മോക്ഷം. വഴിതടഞ്ഞ് എന്നീ സംഭവങ്ങളിലൊന്നും ഗ്രാമക്കോടതി ഉപയോഗിച്ച് സിവിൽ കേസുകളിൽ ഫലപ്രദമാകുന്നതിനിടയില്ല. ഗ്രാമക്കോടതി ആക്ടിലെ 24-ാം വകുപ്പു കേസ്പ്പെടുത്താതെ വിടുകയാണ്. ക്രിമിനൽ കേസ്സുകളുടെ സംഗതിയിൽ ഒരു വിധം ഇതിലും ബലമായിട്ടുള്ളതാണ്. ഒരു വ്യക്തിയെക്കൊണ്ടു വാഴിപ്പിക്കുവാൻ കഴിയുമെങ്കിൽ മുൻപറഞ്ഞിട്ടുള്ള അവകാശം പൂർണ്ണമായി കൊടുക്കുന്നതു ആപത്തിക്കരവും അയുക്തവും അത്രെ. ആക്ടിലെ 78 (5)-ാം വകുപ്പു നിങ്ങിക്കളയും 78 (7)-ാം വകുപ്പു കേസ്പ്പെടുത്തുകയും ചെയ്യുവാൻ പാടുള്ളതാണ്.

3. സാക്ഷികളുടെ തെളിവു കോടതിക്കാവശ്യമെന്നു തോന്നുന്നില്ലെന്നു ആക്ടിലെ 76 (4)-ാം വകുപ്പിലടങ്ങിയ നിബന്ധനകളുപയോഗിച്ചിട്ടുള്ളതും അന്യായം നടക്കുന്നതിലേക്കു വഴിയാക്കുന്നതും ആകുന്നു. ഒരു പഞ്ചായത്തു കോടതി കാരം സ്ഥാപിച്ചു വിധിച്ചതിൽ നീതിന്യായം സംബന്ധമായി കഠിനമായ തെറ്റുണ്ടായിരിക്കുന്നു എന്നു കണ്ടാൽ അതു വിധി നീക്കിക്കളവാനായി ഡിസ്മിസ്സ് ചെയ്തിരിക്കുന്നു എന്നു സബ് ഡിവിഷനൽ മജിസ്ട്രേട്ടിനോ 76 (6)-ാം വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം അധികാരം കൊടുത്തിട്ടുണ്ട്. സാക്ഷികളുടെ തെളിവിന്റെ സാരം അടങ്ങിയ ഒരു മെമ്മൊറാണ്ടമെങ്കിലും ഉണ്ടായാലല്ലാതെ അവരെ സംശയങ്ങളിൽ ഡിസ്മിസ്സ് ചെയ്തിരിക്കുന്നു എന്നു സബ്ഡിവിഷനൽ മജിസ്ട്രേട്ടിനോ എഴുതുവാൻ സാധിക്കുന്നതല്ല. സമൻസ്കേസ്സുകളിലെ പോലെ സാക്ഷികളുടെ തെളിവിനെ പഞ്ചായത്തു കോടതി ഒരു മെമ്മൊറാണ്ടമായി നിക്കാർക്കുവാൻ എഴുതുണ്ടാക്കുന്നതു അവശ്യമാകുന്നു.

4. ആക്ടിലെ 76 (6) വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം പഞ്ചായത്തു കോടതികൾക്കു കൊടുത്ത അധികാരം മുൻപറഞ്ഞു, ആ കോടതിയെ കൂടിവിചാരിക്കുവാൻ അധികാരം സിദ്ധിച്ചിട്ടുള്ള ശിക്ഷയിൽനിന്നു വ്യത്യാസമായിട്ടുള്ളതായ അതിൽ അധികം കഠിനമായിട്ടുള്ളതായ ആയ ഒരു ശിക്ഷ കഠിനമുള്ള ചുമത്തപ്പെടാവുന്ന ചിട്ടയുള്ളതാണെന്നു കോടതി അഭിപ്രായപ്പെടുന്ന കേസ്സുകൾക്കൊന്നിനെപ്പറ്റിയും അതുകൊണ്ടു നന്നായിരിക്കും. ഏതു സബ്ഡിവിഷനൽ മജിസ്ട്രേട്ടിനു കേസ് അയച്ചിരിക്കുന്നുവോ അദ്ദേഹത്തെ ആ കേസും പഞ്ചായത്തു കോടതിയിലേക്കു തിരിച്ചയയ്ക്കുവാൻ അധികാരപ്പെടുത്തുകയും ചെയ്യാം.

5. ഇന്ത്യൻ ശിക്ഷാ നിയമം 341-ാ, 447-ാ, വകുപ്പുകൾപ്രകാരം ശിക്ഷിക്കാവുന്നതാണെങ്കിലും, 1871 ലെ കാലികം കടക്കുന്നതിനെപ്പറ്റിയ 1-ാം ആക്ട്പ്രകാരമുള്ള കുറ്റങ്ങളിലും, 1882 ലെ മദിരാശി മലകാട് ആക്ട് 21-ാം വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരമുള്ള കുറ്റങ്ങളും ആക്ടിലെ 76 (1)-ാം ഉപവകുപ്പിൻ പ്രയോഗമായി ഉൾപ്പെടുത്താവുന്നതാകുന്ന എന്നാണു എന്റെ അഭിപ്രായം. കാലികടക്കുന്നതിനെപ്പറ്റിയ ആക്ട് പ്രകാരവും മദിരാശി മലകാട് ആക്ടുപ്രകാരവും ഉള്ള കേസ്സുകളിൽ സാരമായവണ്ണം നീതി നടത്തുവാൻ ശ്രമിക്കുമ്പോൾ മജിസ്ട്രേട്ടന്മാരെക്കാളും പഞ്ചായത്തു കോടതികൾക്കാണ് അധികം സൌകര്യമുള്ളത്.

6. ആവലാധികനെ പിൻവലിക്കുവാനും തള്ളിക്കളവാനും കാരണമായി രാജിയാവാനും ആവശ്യമായ മറ്റു കാര്യങ്ങൾക്കും ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവൺമെന്റ് ഉണ്ടാക്കിയിട്ടുള്ള ചട്ടങ്ങളിൽ എഴുതി ചെയ്യുന്നതിനുപകരം ആക്ടിലെ സാരാംശത്തിൽ തന്നെ എഴുതപ്പെടേണ്ടതാണ്. ക്രിമിനൽ നടപടി നിയമത്തിലെ 203, 242 മുതൽ 245 വരെ, 345, 349, 493 എന്നീ വകുപ്പുകളിലെ നിബന്ധനകൾ വേണ്ടപ്പെട്ട കേസ്സുകളോടുകൂടി പഞ്ചായത്തു കോടതികൾ നടത്തുന്ന ക്രിമിനൽകേസ്സുവിസ്താരങ്ങൾക്കു സംബന്ധിപ്പിക്കാവുന്നതാകുന്നു.

7. കുറ്റങ്ങളുടെ ശിക്ഷകളെ സംബന്ധിച്ചു പഞ്ചായത്തു കോടതികളുടെ അധികാരങ്ങൾ വളരെ മുൻപറഞ്ഞുകഴിഞ്ഞു. അതിനു പിഴ കൂട്ടിക്കാം. എന്നാൽ യാതൊരു അവസരങ്ങളിലും നടപ്പാക്കിക്ക കൂട്ടിവാൻ പാടില്ല. ഒരു പഞ്ചായത്തു കോടതിയായ വിധിക്കാവുന്ന കുറ്റങ്ങൾ മാത്രം ഏല്പിക്കുവാൻ പാടുള്ള കുറ്റങ്ങളുണ്ടെന്നു വിചാരിക്കുന്നതിനെന്നു ഏകദേശമുണ്ടു അവശ്യമാകുന്നു.

8. ഗ്രാമൻസഭയിലോ പഞ്ചായത്തു കോടതിലെ അംഗത്തിനോ ആലോചനസഭയിൽ ഗവർണ്മെൻറ് ഉദ്യോഗസ്ഥൻ അല്ലാതിരുന്നപ്പോൾ ഗ്രാമൻസഭയിൽനിന്നു അധികാരപ്പെടുത്തിയ വേറെ വല്ല ആളോടോ അന്യായം ബോധിപ്പിപ്പാൻ സാധിക്കാത്തവണ്ണം അന്യായം കൊടുക്കുന്നതിനെപ്പറ്റി ഗ്രാമോട്ട് ആക്ടിലെ 22-ാം വകുപ്പിലുള്ള നിബന്ധനകളെ കേരപ്പെടുത്തേണ്ടതാകുന്നു.

9. പഞ്ചായത്തു കോട്ടിലെ കക്ഷികളോ അംഗങ്ങളോ കൈക്കൂലിവാങ്ങുകയോ അതിയായപ്രകോപനം കാണിക്കുകയോ തെറ്റായി നടക്കുകയോ ചെയ്തിരിക്കുന്നുവെന്നു തീരുമാനത്തിന്മേൽ ഒരു പഞ്ചായത്തു കോട്ടിന്റെ പ്രസിഡണ്ടിനെയോ ശിക്ഷാവിധിയുടെയോ സംഗതി പോലെ തള്ളിക്കളവാൻ ഒരു ഡിസ്ട്രിക്ട് ഉൻസീഫിന്നോ സബ് ഡിവിഷനൽ ഉദ്യോഗസ്ഥന്നോ സാധിക്കത്തക്കവണ്ണം ആക്ടിലെ 23-ാം, 25 (3)-ാം വകുപ്പുകൾ കേരപ്പെടുത്തുന്നതു ആവശ്യമാകുന്നു.

എ. എസ്. കൃഷ്ണ റാവു.

ഒന്നാമതു കൊണ്ടുവന്നപ്രകാരമുള്ള ബില്ലിലെ നിബന്ധനകൾ അനേകം ഗ്രാമങ്ങളോടു ബന്ധിപ്രയത്നപ്പെടേ വിഷയമാകയും സെലക്ട് കമ്മിറ്റിക്കാർ അവയെ വളരെ കേരപ്പെടുത്തുകയും ചെയ്തിരിക്കുന്നു. എങ്കിലും മുൻപറഞ്ഞ ചില സംഗതികളിൽ എന്റെ കൂടെയുള്ള ഉദ്യോഗസ്ഥന്മാരുടെ അഭിപ്രായത്തെ കവിഞ്ഞുള്ള അഭിപ്രായമാണു എനിക്കുള്ളതു. ആയവയിൽ ഒന്നു ഒരു പഞ്ചായത്തു കോട്ടിന്റെ വിചാരണാധികാരത്തെപ്പറ്റിയാകുന്നു. 7-ാം വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം നിശ്ചയിച്ച യാതൊരു ഗ്രാമൻസഭയിന്റെ കോട്ടും, ഒരു പഞ്ചായത്തു കോട്ടു എപ്പോഴത്തിനകത്തിനിന്നാൽ, അതേപ്രദേശത്തേയ്ക്കു ഉദ്യോഗാധികാരം നടത്തുവാൻ പാടില്ലെന്നു പ്രസ്താവിപ്പാൻ 9-ാം ഖണ്ഡം ആലോചനസഭയിൽ ഗവർണ്മെന്റിനെ അധികാരപ്പെടുത്തുന്നു. ഡിസ്ട്രിക്ട് ഉൻസീഫിന്റെ അതതു സമയത്തെ സ്ഥലത്തുള്ള അധികാരവും എടുത്തുകളവാൻ അതുപ്രകാരം തന്നെ ആലോചനസഭയിൽ ഗവർണ്മെന്റിനെ അധികാരപ്പെടുത്തുന്നതു നന്നായിരിക്കുമെന്നു ഞാൻ വിചാരിക്കുന്നു. സന്ദർഭം നോക്കുമ്പോൾ ഉടനെ തന്നെ ഈ വക വേല വരുത്തുവാൻ കഴിയാതിരിക്കാം. എന്നാൽ ഒരു പഞ്ചായത്തു കോട്ട് ഏർപ്പെടുത്തിയാൽ സിവിൽ വ്യവഹാരങ്ങളുടെ വിചാരണയെ സംബന്ധിച്ചു മറ്റുള്ള എല്ലാ കോട്ടുകളുടെയും അധികാരം കഴിയുന്നേടത്തെല്ലാം പിന്നെവരിച്ചു കളയേണ്ടതാകുന്നു എന്നാണു എന്റെ അഭിപ്രായം. ഇതു സർവ്വസ്വാധകമായ ഒരു ചട്ടമായിരിക്കേണമെന്നല്ല ഞാൻ സൂചിപ്പിക്കുന്നതു, എന്നാൽ കാര്യങ്ങളുടെ അവസ്ഥ ശരിയായിരിക്കുമ്പോഴെല്ലാം നീതിന്യായം നടത്തുന്നതിനു മെച്ചവരുത്തുകയെന്ന ഭയം ഇല്ലാത്തേടത്തെല്ലാം ഡിസ്ട്രിക്ട് ഉൻസീഫിന്റെ ഉദ്യോഗാധികാരം മുകളിലേക്കു ആലോചനസഭയിൽ ഗവർണ്മെന്റിനു കൈമാറ്റം ചെയ്യത്തക്കതാണെന്നു ഞാൻ വിചാരിക്കുന്നു.

ഗ്രാമകോട്ടുകളിൽ വക്കീൽമാർ ഹാജരാകുന്നതിനെ വിരോധിക്കുന്നതിനു ഞാൻ അനുകൂലിയല്ല. മറ്റും ഞാൻ വിചാരിച്ചിരുന്നതു സിവിൽ കേസ്സുകളിൽ അവർ ഹാജരാകുന്നതിനെ മുടക്കിയാൽ നന്നായിരുന്നു. എങ്കിലെന്തായാലും പഞ്ചായത്തു കോടതി മുമ്പാകെ കുറെ പ്രയത്നപ്പെട്ടു തൊഴിക്കു കൊടുപ്പാൻ സംഗതികളിൽ ഒരു വക്കീൽ ഉപാധനം ഇൻറെ ഭാരം വാങ്ങിപ്പാരുള്ള അവകാശം എടുത്തുകളയുന്നതു എനിക്കു സമ്മതമല്ല. വക്കീലന്മാരെ പറഞ്ഞ ആക്ട്പ്രകാരമുള്ള പട്ടികയിൽ ഉൾപ്പെടുത്തിയ വക്കീൽമാർ അധികമായിട്ടൊന്നും ഗ്രാമകോട്ടുകളിൽ വ്യവഹരിക്കുന്നതിനു ഉദ്യോഗിക്കപ്പെടുവാൻ ഇടയുണ്ടെന്നു ഞാൻ വിശ്വസിക്കുന്നില്ല. എങ്കിലും നിയമസംബന്ധമായ ഉടമ്പടി കൂട്ടിക്കുന്നതു ഞാങ്ങിനെയുള്ള ഒരു നിബന്ധന ബില്ലിൽ ഉൾപ്പെടുത്തുവാൻ ഇന്ത്യാഗവർണ്മെന്റിനു സമ്മതമാണെങ്കിലും കൂടി ആശ്ചര്യപ്പെടുന്നുണ്ടു് എന്നാണു അഭിപ്രായം.

8. കാരണത്തെ ചിന്ത വഹിക്കുകയും നീക്കുകയും ചെയ്തിരിക്കുകയും, പ്രതിഷേധം കൊടുക്കുകയും, ചെയ്യുന്നതുമായ നിബന്ധനകളെ ബില്ലിലെ 78-ാം വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം ഉത്തരവുകളെന്നതായി ചട്ടങ്ങളിലേക്കു തള്ളുന്നതു നന്നല്ല. എന്റെ അഭിപ്രായത്തിൽ തക്കതായ നിബന്ധനകൾ ബില്ലിൽ തന്നെ ഏർപ്പെടുത്തേണ്ടതാണു്.

എം. രാമകൃഷ്ണ റാവു.

[മറിച്ചു—1. സെലക്ട് കമ്മിറ്റിക്കാർ ഭേദഗതി ചെയ്തതനുസരിച്ചുള്ള ചിഹ്നങ്ങളിൽ കൊടുത്തിരിക്കുന്നു.
2. മലയിൽ ചേർത്ത മറ്റുവകുപ്പുകൾ ഇതിനകത്ത് തോന്നിയ പ്രകാരമുള്ള പുനഃക്രമീകരണത്തിനു വിധേയമായ രൂപത്തിലാണ് കൊടുത്തിരിക്കുന്നത്.]

[No. 3 of 1917.]
[1917 ലെ 3 - ാം നമ്പർ.]

A BILL TO AMEND THE MADRAS VILLAGE COURTS ACT, 1888.

[*As amended by the Select Committee.*]

1888 ലെ മദിരാശി ഗ്രാമ കോടതി ആക്ട് ഭേദപ്പെടുത്തുവാനുള്ള ഒരു ബിൽ.

[സെലക്ട് കമ്മിറ്റിക്കാർ ഭേദഗതിചെയ്തതനുസരിച്ചുള്ളത്.]

[1888 ലെ മദിരാശി ഗ്രാമ കോടതി ആക്ട്] ഭേദപ്പെടുത്തുന്നതു യുക്തമായിരിക്കയാൽ; ഇതിനാൽ താഴെപറയുന്നപ്രകാരം നിയമിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നു :—

1. ഈ ആക്ടിനു [1919] ലെ മദിരാശി ഗ്രാമകോടതി ആക്ട് (ഭേദപ്പെടുത്തുന്ന ആക്ട്) എന്ന പേരുണ്ടായിരിക്കുന്നതാണ്. [1.]

2. [ഭേദപ്രകാരം വ്യക്തമായി പറഞ്ഞിരുന്നാൽ ഒഴികെ] ഈ ആക്ടിൽ "വകുപ്പ്" "ഉപ വകുപ്പ്" എന്ന വാക്കുകൾക്കു യഥാക്രമം 1888 ലെ മദിരാശി ഗ്രാമ കോടതി ആക്ടിലെ വകുപ്പും ഉപവകുപ്പും എന്നു അർത്ഥമായിരിക്കുന്നതാണ്. [2.]

3. നാലാം വകുപ്പു (1)-ാം ഉപവകുപ്പിൽ "എന്നാൽ" എന്ന വാക്കിനുശേഷം "നടപ്പാക്കുക" എന്നവാക്കുവരെ വിട്ടുകളയേണ്ടതാണ്. [3.]

4. (1) [5-ാം വകുപ്പിൽ "ഗ്രാമ കോടതി," "ഗ്രാമഉൻസിഫ്" എന്നുപയോഗിച്ചിരിക്കുന്ന] അർത്ഥവിവരണോപക്രമ ഖണ്ഡം താഴെപറയുന്ന യഥാക്രമം ചേർക്കേണ്ടതാണ്. അതായിതു :— [4.]

"ഗ്രാമകോടതി" എന്നതിനു 7-ാം വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം നിയമിച്ചിരുന്നതായ ഒരു ഗ്രാമ ഉൻസിഫിന്റെ കോടതി എന്നോ 9-ാം വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം സ്ഥാപിച്ച ഒരു പഞ്ചായത്തു കോടതി എന്നോ അർത്ഥമാകുന്നതാണ്.

"ഗ്രാമ ഉൻസിഫ്" എന്നതിനു ഒരു ആക്ട്പ്രകാരം സ്ഥാപിച്ചിരുന്നതായ ഗ്രാമ ഉൻസിഫ് കോടതിലെ ജഡ്ജി എന്നർത്ഥവും 7, 15 എന്നീ വകുപ്പുകളിലൊഴികെ അതിൽ ഒരു പഞ്ചായത്തിന്റെ പ്രസിഡണ്ടു ഉൾപ്പെടുന്നതും ആകുന്നതാണ്.]

(2) അതേവകുപ്പിൽ ["ഡിസ്ട്രിക്ട് ജഡ്ജി" എന്നും "ഡിസ്ട്രിക്ട് ഉൻസിഫ്" എന്നും ഉള്ളതിനിടയിൽ അർത്ഥവിവരണത്തിനു ചേർക്കേണ്ടതാണ്. അതായിതു :—

"ഡിസ്ട്രിക്ട് ഉൻസിഫ്" എന്നതിനു ഏതു ഡിസ്ട്രിക്ട് ഉൻസിഫിന്റെയും അധികാര അതിരിടക്കുള്ളിലും ഈ ആക്ട് നിലവിലുള്ളിടത്തും ഈ ആക്ടിനു മുമ്പു നിലവിലിരുന്ന ഏതു ഗ്രാമ കോടതിയുടെയും അധികാര അതിരിടക്കുള്ളിൽ ഈ ആക്ട് നിലവിലില്ലെങ്കിൽ, ആ ഗ്രാമ കോടതിയുടെ ഏതു സബോർഡിനേറ്റ് ജഡ്ജിയുടെയും അധികാര അതിരിടക്കുള്ളിൽ ഇതിനുശേഷം ഏതു സബോർഡിനേറ്റ് ജഡ്ജിയുടെയും അധികാര അതിരിടക്കുള്ളിൽ ഇരിക്കുന്നതോ ആ ഡിസ്ട്രിക്ട് ഉൻസിഫ് ജഡ്ജിയെയും, ഡിസ്ട്രിക്ട് ഉൻസിഫായി കരുതപ്പെടുന്നതാണ്.

അതുമുള്ള, വല്ല പ്രമേയത്തേയും ചില്ലറകേസുകൾ [സ്മാൾകോസസ്] വിചാരണ ചെയ്വാനുള്ള അധികാരം ആ ഡിസ്ട്രിക്ട് മുൻസിഫിന്നില്ലെന്നും ഒരു പ്രത്യേക സ്മാൾ കോസ് കോർട്ട് എസ്റ്റാബ്ലിഷ്മെന്റിട്ടതെന്നും വരികിൽ അതിനെയുള്ള കോടതിയിലെ ജഡ്ജിയെ ഡിസ്ട്രിക്ട് മുൻസിഫായി കരുതും.]

(3) അതേ വകുപ്പിന്റെ ടെയിൽ താഴെപറയുന്ന [അർത്ഥവിവരണങ്ങൾ] ചേർക്കപ്പെടും, അതാവിതു :—

"നിൽക്കുന്നു" എന്നതിന്നു "ഒരു ആക്ട് പ്രകാരം ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവർണ്ണരാൽ ഉണ്ടാക്കപ്പെടുന്ന ചട്ടത്താൽ നിൽക്കുന്നു" എന്നർത്ഥമാകുന്നു.

[തന്റെ പേരെഴുതുവാൻ അറിഞ്ഞുകൂടാത്ത ഒരാളെ സംബന്ധിച്ചേടത്തു "ഒപ്പു" എന്നവാക്കിലും അതിന്റെ രൂപഭേദങ്ങളിലും അതേ ഉല്പത്തിയോടുകൂടിയുള്ള പദങ്ങളിലും "അടയാളം" എന്നും അതിന്റെ രൂപഭേദങ്ങളും അതേ ഉല്പത്തിയോടുകൂടിയുള്ള പദങ്ങളും ഉൾപ്പെടുന്നതാകുന്നു.]

[3.] 5. "കണിലധികം ജസ്റ്റിമാരോടുകൂടിയ സഭായോഗം" എന്ന വാക്കുകളും "സഭായോഗം" എന്ന വാക്കും 1888 ലെ മദിരാശി ഗ്രാമകോർട്ട് ആക്ടിൽ എതെല്ലാം രൂപഭേദങ്ങളോടുകൂടി എവിടെയെല്ലാം വന്നുവൊ അവിടെയെല്ലാം അവ പ്രകാരം പ്രസ്തുതകോർട്ട് എന്നവാക്കിനും ആവക രൂപഭേദങ്ങളോടുകൂടി ചേർക്കണം.

[4.] 6. [6-ാം വകുപ്പിൽ അവസാനത്തെ വാചകം നീക്കിക്കളയണം.]

[5.] 7. [7-ാം വകുപ്പിൽ "ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവർണർ അതാതു സമയം നിയമിക്കുന്ന ചട്ടങ്ങൾക്കനുസരിച്ചു ഡിസ്ട്രിക്ട്" എന്ന വാക്കുകൾക്കു പകരം "നിൽക്കുന്നിടത്തു" എന്ന ചേർക്കപ്പെടും.]

[6.] 8. (1) [8-ാം വകുപ്പിൽ "ഗ്രാമ മുൻസിഫിനെ" എന്നും "അപ്രകാരമുള്ളതോ" എന്നും ഉള്ള വാക്കുകൾക്കു പകരം "യോ പല്ലായത്തു കോട്ടിലെ ന്യായത്തെയോ" എന്ന വാക്കുകൾ ചേർക്കപ്പെടുകയും പിന്നെ വാക്യത്തിന്റെ അവസാനഭാഗത്തു ഗ്രാമ മുൻസിഫിന്റെ" എന്നതിന്നു പകരം "ഗ്രാമ കോർട്ടിന്റെ" എന്നു ചേർക്കപ്പെടുകയും ചെയ്യും.]

(2) [അതേ വകുപ്പ് രണ്ടാമത്തെ വാക്യത്തിൽ ഒരു ഗ്രാമ മുൻസിഫിനെ "താലൂക്കിലെങ്കിലും സ്ഥിരമായൊ നിൽക്കുന്ന" എന്ന വാക്കുകൾക്കു പകരം "താലൂക്കിലെങ്കിലും സ്ഥിരമായൊ നിൽക്കാനുള്ള" എന്നവാക്കുകൾ ചേർക്കപ്പെടും.]

[7.] 9. [9-ാം വകുപ്പിനു പകരം] താഴെപറയുന്ന വകുപ്പ് ചേർക്കപ്പെടും അതാവിതു :—

"9. (1) വല്ല ഗ്രാമത്തിന്നൊ ഗ്രാമങ്ങളുടെ കൂട്ടത്തിന്നൊ ഒരു ഗ്രാമത്തിന്റെ ഒരു ഭാഗത്തിന്നൊ ഇതിന്നു വഴിയെ നിയമിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നപ്രകാരം ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവർണർ ഡിസ്ട്രിക്ട് ഗസറ്റിൽ പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തിയ കല്പനയാൽ ഒരു ചല്ലായത്തു കോട്ട് സ്ഥാപിക്കാം. [അപ്രകാരം തന്നെ അങ്ങിനെയുള്ള പ്രദേശത്തിൽ വല്ല ഭാഗത്തും 7-ാം വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം നിശ്ചയിച്ചതായ യാതൊരു ഗ്രാമമുൻസിഫിന്റെ കോടതിയും അധികാരം നടത്തുന്നതെന്നും ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവർണർ ശ്രദ്ധാവിടാം.

(2) അങ്ങിനെ സ്ഥാപിച്ച എതൊരു കോട്ടിന്റെയും അംഗങ്ങളുടെ സംഖ്യ കലക്ടർ നിശ്ചയപ്പെടുത്തും. എന്നാൽ അങ്ങിനെയുള്ള സംഖ്യ അഞ്ചിൽ കുറയുകയൊ പതിനഞ്ചിൽ കൂടുകയൊ ചെയ്കയുമില്ല.

(3) ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവർണർ ഉണ്ടാക്കാവുന്ന ചട്ടങ്ങൾക്കനുസരണമായി ചല്ലായത്തു കോട്ടിലെ അംഗങ്ങൾ (i) ഇവരുടെ കലക്ടർ നിശ്ചയിച്ചവരൊ (ii) കുറെ അങ്ങനെ നിശ്ചയിച്ചും കുറെ തെരിഞ്ഞെടുപ്പ് മൂലം നിശ്ചയിച്ചും വരികണം വരൊ (iii) ഇവരുടെ തെരിഞ്ഞെടുപ്പ് മൂലം നിശ്ചയിച്ചവരൊ ആയിരിക്കണം.

എന്നാൽ അങ്ങിനെയുള്ള നിശ്ചയം വല്ലതും ചെയ്യുന്നതിന്നു മുമ്പെ നിൽക്കുപെട്ടുപോയ തദ്ദേശ ജനാഭിപ്രായം അനിവാര്യമായി കലക്ടർ പ്രവൃത്തി നടത്തേണ്ടതുമാകുന്നു.

(4) കുടിയോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവർണർ ഉദ്യോഗാവൃന്ന ചട്ടങ്ങൾക്കു അനുസൃതമായി ഒരു പഞ്ചായത്തു കോട്ടിലെ അംഗം ഉണ്ടാകുമ്പോഴേക്കു ഉദ്യോഗത്തിലിരിക്കും.

(5) ഒരു പഞ്ചായത്തു കോട്ടിന്റെ പ്രസിഡെണ്ടിനെ തെരിഞ്ഞെടുപ്പാൻ അതി നെത്തന്നെ കുടിയോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവർണർ അധികാരപ്പെടുത്തുന്നതായാൽ ഒഴികെ കോട്ടിന്റെ പ്രസിഡെണ്ടായിരിപ്പാൻ അംഗങ്ങളിൽ ഒരാളെ കലക്ടർ നിശ്ചയിക്കണം.

എന്നാൽ അങ്ങിനെയുള്ള വല്ല നിശ്ചയവും ചെയ്യുന്നതിനു മുമ്പായി കോട്ടിന്റെ അംഗസംഖ്യ ചെയ്തായ വല്ല ശിപാർശിയും അദ്ദേഹം കുടിയോചിക്കണം.

പ്രസിഡെണ്ട് ഹാജരില്ലാത്തതു ഹാജനായി കോട്ടായി കൂടിയ അംഗങ്ങൾ ആ അവസരത്തിലെ കൃത്യങ്ങൾക്കായി തമ്മിലുള്ള ഇടയിലുള്ള ഒരു പ്രസിഡെണ്ടിനെ തെരിഞ്ഞെടുക്കണം.

(6) പഞ്ചായത്തു കോട്ടിന്റെ അംഗങ്ങൾ കൊണ്ടാൽ കൂടാത്ത പോലെയായാൽ വിചാരണ നടത്താം. ഹാജരുള്ളവരിൽ, ക്രിമിനൽ നടപടിച്ചട്ടത്തിന്റെ തിഴ്വ് ആ കോട്ടിന്റെ തീർപ്പായിരിക്കുകയും ചെയ്യും;

എന്നാൽ വോട്ടുകൾ രണ്ടു ഭാഗത്തും സമമായിരിക്കുന്ന സംഗതിയിൽ കാര്യം തിരുമാനപ്പെടുത്തുന്നതിലേക്കായി പ്രസിഡെണ്ടിനു വിശേഷാൽ ഒരു വോട്ടുകൂടി ഉണ്ടായിരിക്കുന്നതാണു".]

(7) ഡിസ്ട്രിക് ഗസറിൽ പരസ്യപ്പെടുത്തിയ കല്പനയാൽ കുടിയോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവർണർ ഏതു പഞ്ചായത്തുകോട്ടിനെയും എടുത്തു കളയാം. [6.]

10. 13-ാം വകുപ്പിൽ "ഇരുപത്തുറുപ്പികയിൽ" എന്ന വാക്കുകൾക്കു പകരം "മൂന്നു റുപ്പികയിൽ" എന്ന വാക്കുകൾ ചേർക്കപ്പെടും. [9.]

11. 15-ാം വകുപ്പിൽ "ഏതു ഗ്രാമൻസിവ" കോട്ടിന്റെ" എന്ന വാക്കുകൾക്കും "ഗ്രാമൻസിവ് കോട്ടിൻ" എന്ന വാക്കുകൾക്കും പകരം "ഏതു ഗ്രാമ കോട്ടിന്റെ" എന്ന വാക്കുകളും "ഗ്രാമ കോട്ടിൻ" എന്ന വാക്കുകളും യഥാക്രമം ചേർക്കയും വേണം.

12. [15-ാം വകുപ്പിന്റെ പിന്നാലെ താഴെ പറയുന്ന വകുപ്പു ചേർക്കണം. [പുതിയ ഖണ്ഡം ചേർത്തു:—

"15-A. 7-ാം വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം നിശ്ചയിച്ചതായ ഒരു ഗ്രാമൻസിവിന്റെ കോടതിയിൽ കൊടുത്തതായ വല്ല വ്യവഹാരത്തിലും വിചാരണാധികാരമുള്ള ഒരു പഞ്ചായത്തു കോട്ട് വിസ്തരിക്കുന്നതിനു വിധ്വരം ഇടയുന്നതിനു മുമ്പായി അന്യായക്കാരനോ പ്രതിയോ അപേക്ഷിക്കുന്നതായാൽ ഉടനെ അപ്രകാരം വിചാരണ ചെയ്തു തീർക്കണം.]

13. 16-ാം വകുപ്പിൽ "ഗ്രാൻസിവിന്റെ കോട്ടിൽ" എന്ന് വാക്കുകൾക്കുപകരം [14.] "ഗ്രാമ കോട്ടിൽ" എന്ന വാക്കുകൾ ചേർക്കയും ഭരണത്തെ ദേഭഗപ്പെടുത്തിയ വകുപ്പിനു (1)-ാം ഉപവകുപ്പായി നമ്പർ ഇടുകയും താഴെപറയുന്നതു (2)-ാം ഉപവകുപ്പായി ചേർക്കയും വേണം. അതാവിതു:—

"(2) ഒരു പഞ്ചായത്തു കോട്ടിലെ വല്ല അംഗവും ആയക കോട്ട് ഉപാധ്യക്ഷയുടെ വല്ല വ്യവഹാരത്തിലൊ അന്യായത്തിലോ ഒരു കക്ഷിയായിരിക്കുകയൊ അതിൽ തന്റെ സ്വന്ത കാര്യം സംബന്ധിച്ചിരിക്കുകയൊ ചെയ്യുമ്പോൾ ആ വ്യവഹാരമൊ അന്യായമൊ വിചാരണ ചെയ്യുന്ന സമയത്തു ആയാം കോട്ടിൽനിന്നു മാറി നില്ക്കുണ്ടതും ആയതു തീർപ്പുപ്പെടുത്തുന്നതിൽ യാതൊരുവിധവും ചെയ്തു കൂടാത്തതും ആകുന്നു."

14. [19-ാം വകുപ്പിൽ "13 ഉം 15 ഉം വകുപ്പുകൾപ്രകാരം" എന്ന വാക്കുകൾ [പുതിയ ഖണ്ഡം നിക്കിക്കുന്നു.]

15. 20-ാം വകുപ്പിലെ [കൂടാതെ] നീക്കിക്കളയണം.

[11]

[മദിരാശി ചട്ടണ സിവിൽ കോടതി നിയമം, 1873 ലെ 7, 14-ാം വകുപ്പ് 1-ാം ഉപവകുപ്പിന്റെ ഭേദഗതിക്കായി.]

16. [20-ാം വകുപ്പിനെത്തുടർന്നു താഴെപറയുന്ന വകുപ്പു ചേർക്കപ്പെടും, അതായിതു :—

[പുതിയ.]

20-A (1) ഒരു ഗ്രാമ മോട്ടിൽ ഡിസ്ട്രിക്ടുമുൻസിഫിന്റെ കോടതിയുടെ അധികാരപരിധിക്കുള്ളിൽ കൊടുക്കുന്നതിനുള്ള ഗ്രാമ കോട്ടിലേക്കു മാറ്റുന്നതിനു വിരോധമായ മതിയായ കാരണങ്ങൾ ഉണ്ടായിരുന്നാൽ ഒഴികെ അദ്ദേഹം അതിനെ ഗ്രാമകോട്ടിലേക്കു മാറ്റാവുന്നതാണ്.]

(2) ഒരു ഗ്രാമ കോട്ട് ഡിസ്ട്രിക്ടുമുൻസിഫ് ഒരു അന്യായം ഒരു ഡിസ്ട്രിക്ട് മുൻസിഫ് വിസ്തരിക്കുകയും ആ വ്യവഹാരം ഗ്രാമകോട്ടിൽ കൊടുക്കേണ്ടതായിരുന്നതെന്നു അഭിപ്രായപ്പെടുകയും ചെയ്യുന്നതായാൽ ഉയിച്ച ഒരു അന്യായക്കാരനും യാതൊരു മിലുംകൊടുക്കുന്നതല്ല. ഉയിച്ച പ്രതിക്കു വക്കീലും കക്ഷിയും തമ്മിൽ എന്നപോലെയുള്ള തരയാളുടെ മിലവു തന്നെവഴിച്ചു കൊടുക്കേണ്ടതുമാകുന്നു.]

[17.]

17. 21-ാം വകുപ്പിനെ [21-ാം വകുപ്പ് (1)-ാം ഉപവകുപ്പായി നമ്പർ ഇടുകയും താഴെപറയുന്നു (2)-ാം ഉപവകുപ്പായി ചേർക്കുകയും ചെയ്യണം, അതായിതു :—]

1895 ലെ മദിരാശി സ്മാൾകോസ് കോട്ട് ആക്ട് 9-ാം വകുപ്പോടു ഭേദഗതിക്കായി.]

" (2) [(1)-ാം ഉപവകുപ്പിപ്രകാരമുള്ള വല്ല ഹരജിയും തീർപ്പുപുടുത്തുന്നതുവരെ ഗ്രാമകോട്ടിലെ നടപടി പ്രവൃത്തികം നിത്തിവെക്കുവാനായി ഡിസ്ട്രിക്ട് മുൻസിഫ് കല്പിക്കാം "

[18.]

18. [24-ാം വകുപ്പിൽ " ഒരു ഗ്രാമ കോട്ട് മുമ്പാകെയുള്ള വല്ല വ്യവഹാരത്തിലേയും വല്ല കക്ഷിയെ തനിക്കുവേണ്ടി ഹാജരായി വാദിപ്പാൻ വല്ല അഭിഭാഷകനോടും നിയ്യോഗിക്കാം എന്നാൽ " എന്ന വാക്കുകൾക്കുപകരം താഴെപറയുന്ന വാക്കുകൾ ചേർക്കണം. അതായിതു :—

മാറ്റം.]

" പരിക്ഷാ വിഷയം മുതലായ യോഗ്യതകളൊന്നു മുണ്ടായോ ഫീസൊന്നും കൊടുത്തോ അല്ലാതെ തന്റെ പ്രവൃത്തിയിലേയോ അന്യായത്തിലേയോ വല്ല കക്ഷിക്കും വേണ്ടി ഒരു ഗ്രാമകോട്ടുമുമ്പാകെ ഹാജരാവാൻ അനുവദിക്കുവാൻ പാടില്ല. എങ്കിലും എതൊരു കക്ഷിയും ഒരു വേലക്കാരനെയോ ഗുമസ്തനെയോ പങ്കുകാരനെയോ ചാർച്ചക്കാരനെയോ സ്നേഹിതനെയോ തനിക്കുവേണ്ടി ഹാജരാവാനും വാദിക്കുവാനും നിശ്ചയിച്ചുകൊള്ളുന്നതാം. എന്നാൽ :— "]

[19.]

19. 25-ാം വകുപ്പിൽ " പ്രതിക്കാതന്റെ നേരെ നേരിട്ടു നടത്തുകയും " എന്ന വാക്കുകൾക്കുപകരം " പ്രതിയുടെ മേൽ നേരിട്ടു നടത്തി അവന്റെ ഒപ്പു തെളിവാണുകയും " എന്ന വാക്കുകൾ ചേർക്കണം.

[20.]

20. 29-ാം വകുപ്പിൽ " സമൻസു " നടത്തുന്നതിനെ ഉദ്ദിപ്പാൻ മതിയുള്ളതെന്നു " എന്ന വാക്കുകൾക്കുപകരം " സമൻസു് നടത്തുന്നതിനെ ഉദ്ദിപ്പാൻ മതിയുള്ളതെന്നോ സമൻസിൽ തന്റെ ഒപ്പിടുവാൻ കൂടാതിരിപ്പാനോ " എന്ന വാക്കുകൾ ചേർക്കണം.

[പുതിയ.]

21. [ഇപ്പോഴത്തെ 29-ാം വകുപ്പിൽ " താനിനെ നടത്തുന്നതിലേക്കു വേണ്ടുവോളം ഫീസു് എന്നുള്ളതിനു " വേണ്ടുവോളവും തുകയും " എന്നുള്ളവരെയുള്ള വാക്കുകളും നീക്കിക്കളയണം.

[പുതിയ.]

22. 32-ാം വകുപ്പിൽ " ഒരു പുതു വ്യവഹാരം കൊടുക്കുവാനോ " എന്ന വാക്കുകളുടെ മുമ്പാകെ " കാലഹരണത്തെപ്പറ്റിയ നിയമത്തിനനുസരിച്ചു " എന്ന വാക്കുകൾ ചേർക്കണം.]

23. 46-ാം വകുപ്പിൽ "ഓരോകക്ഷി അപേക്ഷിച്ചാൽ വിധിയുടെ ഒരു പകർപ്പ് കീഴ്വഴക്കം അനുസരിച്ചുള്ളതായിരിക്കുകയും ചെയ്യും" എന്ന വാക്കുകൾക്കു പകരം "പിന്നെ വിധിയുടെ ഒരു പകർപ്പ് നിശ്ചയിച്ചിട്ടുള്ളപ്രകാരത്തിൽ ഓരോ കക്ഷിക്കും കൊടുക്കുകയും വേണം" എന്നവാക്കുകൾ ചേർക്കണം. [14.]

24. [52-ാം വകുപ്പിലെ ക്ലാസ്സത്തിനു പകരം താഴെപറയുന്നതു ചേർക്കപ്പെടും. അതാവിതു :— [കൂടിയുള്ള.

"എന്നാൽ 1908 ലെ സിവിൽ നടപടിനിയമം 60-ാം വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം ജപ്തി ചെയ്യുന്നതിൽനിന്നു ഒഴിവാക്കപ്പെട്ട യാതൊരു ഉത്തരും അങ്ങിനെ ജപ്തി ചെയ്വാൻ പാടുള്ളതല്ല."]

25. [73-ാം വകുപ്പിൽ ഒന്നാമത്തെ വാചകത്തിൽ ഉണ്ടാകുന്ന സംഗതിയിൽ "സ്പഷ്ടമായി അന്യായമോ നിയമ വിരോധമോ ആണെന്നാകട്ടെ" എന്ന വാക്കുകൾക്കു പകരം "സ്പഷ്ടമായി അന്യായമായിരിക്കുന്നു എന്നാകട്ടെ" എന്നവാക്കുകൾ ചേർക്കണം.] [ഭേദഗതി ചെയ്തു.

26. [ഇതിലടങ്ങിയ യാതൊന്നും 7-ാം വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം നിശ്ചയിച്ച ഗ്രാമൻസിഫ് കോടതികളിൽ ഒരു ആളിന്റെ ആരംഭത്തിൽ നടന്നുകൊണ്ടിരിക്കുന്ന വ്യവഹാരങ്ങൾക്കു ബാധിക്കുന്നതല്ല.] [പുതിയ ഭാഗം.

27. [1888 ലെ മതിരാശി ഗ്രാമകോട്ട് ആക്ടോടു താഴെപറയുന്ന [അദ്ധ്യായങ്ങൾ] ചേർക്കപ്പെട്ടതും; അതാവിതു. [17.]

"3-ാം അദ്ധ്യായം.

കീഴിലെ വിചാരണാധികാരം.

[76. (1) താഴെപറയുന്ന കാരണങ്ങൾ ഒന്നു പഞ്ചായത്തു കോട്ടിന്റെ വിചാരണാധികാരത്തിന്നകത്തിൽ ചെയ്യപ്പെട്ടുന്നതായാൽ അവ എപ്പോഴോ അവയിൽ വല്ലതുമോ വിചാരണക്കെടുപ്പാനും വിചാരണ ചെയ്വാനും വേണ്ടി ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവൺർ ഡിസ്ട്രിക്ട് ഗസറ്റിൽ പരസ്യപ്പെടുത്തുന്നതുവരെ ഈ പഞ്ചായത്തു കോട്ടിനു അധികാരപ്പെടുന്നതാം.

(a) ഇന്ത്യൻ ശിക്ഷാനിയമം 160, 277, 283, 290, 323, 334, 352, 358, 504, 510, എന്നീവകുപ്പുകൾപ്രകാരം ശിക്ഷിക്കാവുന്ന കാരണങ്ങൾ.

(b) കാരക്കാരൻ ഇതിനു മുമ്പായി കളവു കാരണത്തിനു ശിക്ഷിക്കപ്പെട്ടിട്ടുള്ളതിൽ, പത്തുറുപ്പിക വിലയിൽകവിയാത്ത മുതലിനെ സംബന്ധിച്ച ഇന്ത്യൻ ശിക്ഷാനിയമം 379-ാം വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം ശിക്ഷിക്കാവുന്ന കാരണങ്ങൾ.

(c) കാരണങ്ങളാൽ ഉണ്ടായിട്ടുള്ള നഷ്ടമോ ദോഷമോ പത്തുറുപ്പികയിൽ കവിയാതിരിക്കുമ്പോൾ ശിക്ഷാനിയമം 424-ാം വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം ശിക്ഷിക്കാവുന്ന കാരണങ്ങൾ.

(d) 1859 ലെ നഗരസഞ്ചാരപ്രവൃത്തി ആക്ട് 8-ാം വകുപ്പ് (9), (11), (12) എന്നീ ഖണ്ഡങ്ങൾപ്രകാരം ശിക്ഷിക്കാവുന്ന കാരണങ്ങൾ.

(e) ഇന്ത്യൻ ശിക്ഷാനിയമപ്രകാരമോ വല്ല പ്രത്യേകമായോ തദ്ദേശ സംബന്ധമായോ ഉള്ള നിയമപ്രകാരമോ ശിക്ഷാർഹമായതും, പിഴമാത്രമോ ആറുമാസത്തിലധികമില്ലാത്ത കാലത്തേക്ക മാത്രമുള്ള തടവോ രണ്ടും കൂടിയതോ ആയ ശിക്ഷ കല്പിപ്പാൻ പാടുള്ളതും പ്രത്യേകിച്ചു നിശ്ചയിച്ചിട്ടുള്ളതുമായ വേറെ വല്ല കാരണവും.

എന്നാൽ (b)-ൽ (e)-ാം ഖണ്ഡങ്ങളിൽപറഞ്ഞ കാരണങ്ങളുടെ കാര്യത്തിൽ കളവു ചെയ്തതായ മുതലിന്റെ വിലയോ വസ്തുതിയായ നഷ്ടമോ ദോഷമോ ഇത്രപത്തുറുപ്പികയിൽ കവിയാതെയുള്ള സംഗതികളിലും വിചാരണ നടത്തുന്നതിനു ഈ ആലോചനസഭയിൽ ഗവൺർ ഒരു പഞ്ചായത്തു കോട്ടിന്റെ വിചാരണാധികാരം വർദ്ധിപ്പിച്ചുകൊടുക്കാം.

വിവരണം.—ഒരു വകുപ്പിൽ പറഞ്ഞ കാര്യങ്ങളിൽ അതിനെയുള്ള കാര്യങ്ങൾ ചെയ്യുന്നതിൽ കണക്കാക്കൽ ചെയ്യലും ഉൾപ്പെട്ടതാകുന്നു.]

(2) കാര്യം മുൻപറഞ്ഞ കൈമാറ്റത്തെ കാര്യങ്ങളും വല്ലതും ചെയ്തിരിക്കുന്നുവെന്നു തൃപ്തിയായതു കോടതി കാണുന്നതായാൽ ആ കോടതി അവന്റെ മേൽ 15 കയിൽ കവിയാത്ത ഒരു പിഴ ചുമത്താവുന്നതാകുന്നു.

[സബ് സെക്ഷൻ ഏർപ്പെടുത്തിയ 1917 ലെ VI, 3 (1)-ാം വകുപ്പിനാൽ ഭേദഗതി ചെയ്തതാകുന്നു.]

എന്നാൽ (1)-ാം ഉപവകുപ്പു (b)-ം, (c)-ം ഖണ്ഡങ്ങൾപ്രകാരമുള്ള ഒരു കാര്യം സ്ഥാപിതമായാൽ പിഴ, കൂടി ഉൾപ്പെടുന്ന വിലയുടെയോ വരുത്തിച്ചേർത്തിട്ടുള്ള നഷ്ടത്തിന്റെ [സംഖ്യയുടെ]യോ ഇരട്ടിയോളം വരാവുന്നതാകുന്നു.

(3) പിഴ ഈടാക്കാനായി [പണ്ടായത്തു] കോടതി ന്യായമായ ഒരു സമയം അനുവദിക്കുകയോ അല്ലെങ്കിൽ പിഴ ഗഡുക്കളായി അടക്കണമെന്നു കല്പിക്കുകയോ ചെയ്യാം. എന്നാൽ കല്പിച്ചപ്രകാരം പിഴ അടച്ചിട്ടില്ലെങ്കിൽ ആയതു രണ്ടു പ്രകാരവുള്ള ഒരു വിധി[പ്രകാരം ഈടാക്കേണ്ടതായാൽ] വസൂലാക്കാവുന്ന വിധത്തിൽ [കോടതി അതു വസൂലാക്കേണ്ടതാണ്]. വല്ല സംഗതിയിലും കല്പിച്ച പിഴ മേല്പറഞ്ഞപ്രകാരം വസൂലാക്കുവാൻ കഴിയാതാണെന്നു കോടതിക്കു തോന്നിയാൽ കോടതി ആ കാര്യത്തെ സബ് ഡിവിഷനൽ മജിസ്ട്രേട്ടിനു അയക്കേണ്ടതും അങ്ങനെ ചീട്ടു ചെയ്യുന്ന സംഗതിയിൽ നിയമത്താൽ തടവുകിടക്കപ്പെട്ടിരിക്കുന്ന മാക്സിമം തടവു ശിക്ഷ അയാൾക്കു കല്പിക്കാവുന്നതും ആകുന്നു. എന്നാൽ അങ്ങനെ കല്പിക്കുന്നതായ തടവു കാലം യാതൊരു സംഗതിയിലും ഒരാഴ്ചയിൽ അധികരിച്ചു പോകാ.]

(4) ഒരു കാര്യത്തിലേക്കു ബെഞ്ചു് ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവർണർ ഉണ്ടാക്കുവുന്ന ചട്ടങ്ങളെ അനുസരിച്ചു ക്രിമിനൽ വിചാരണകളിൽ പഞ്ചായത്തു കോർട്ടിനെ അധികരിക്കേണ്ടുന്ന നടപടി താഴെപറയുംപ്രകാരം ആയിരിക്കണം :—

"സാക്ഷികളുടെ തെളിവു വായ്മൊഴി രേഖപ്പെടുത്തുകയാകട്ടെ ശ്രദ്ധിക്കുവാനുള്ള ഒരു കാര്യപത്രം എഴുതുകയാകട്ടെ കോടതി ചെയ്യേണ്ട ആവശ്യമില്ല. എങ്കിലും ആ കോടതി നിശ്ചയിക്കപ്പെട്ട മാതിരിയിൽ താഴെപറയുന്ന വിവരങ്ങൾ രേഖപ്പെടുത്തേണ്ടതാണ് :—

(a) വഴിക്കുവഴി നമ്പർ,

(b) കാര്യമെന്തു തീയതി,

(c) വിചാരിപ്പുകാരന്റെയോ ആവലാധിയുടെയോ തീയതി,

(d) [അന്യായക്കാരന്റെയും കാര്യം ബോധപ്പെടുവന്റെയും വിസ്തരിച്ച സാക്ഷികളുടെയും പേരുകളും മാതാപിതാക്കന്മാർ ആരെന്നും പാർപ്പിടങ്ങളും.]

(e) ആവലാധിപ്രകാരമുള്ള കാര്യം, തെളിഞ്ഞ കാര്യം (വല്ലതും ഉണ്ടെങ്കിൽ മാത്രം), (1)-ാം ഉപവകുപ്പു (b)-ം, (c)-ം ഖണ്ഡങ്ങളിൽ ഉൾപ്പെടുന്ന കുറ്റങ്ങളിൽ കൂടുതലായു ഉണ്ടായിരുന്നാൽ അതിന്റെ വിലയുടെയോ വരുത്തിച്ചേർത്തിട്ടുള്ള നഷ്ടം എത്രയെന്നും അതു

[1882 ലെ ക്രിമിനൽ നടപടിനിയമം 250-ാം വകുപ്പിനു ഭേദഗതി ചെയ്തതാകുന്നു.]

(f) കാര്യം ബോധപ്പെടുവന്റെ വാദവും അവന്റെ കയ്യിൽനിന്നു വല്ലതും കണ്ടെടുത്തിൽ അതും.

(g) തെളിവിനെപ്പറ്റിയ അഭിപ്രായവും കാര്യം സ്ഥാപിക്കുന്ന സംഗതിയിൽ അതിനുള്ള ന്യായങ്ങളുടെ ഒരു ചുരുക്കമായ വിവരണവും.

(h) ചുമത്തപ്പെട്ട പിഴ സംഖ്യ,

(i) വിസ്സമ്മത പ്രവൃത്തികൾ അവസാനിച്ച തീയതി,

(5) [ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവർണരാൽ ഉണ്ടാക്കപ്പെട്ട ചട്ടങ്ങൾക്കനുസരണമായല്ലാതെ, അന്യായക്കാരന്റെ ഭാഗത്തുകൂടെ കാര്യം ബോധപ്പെടുവന്റെ ഭാഗത്തോ കൂടെ പരിഷ്കാരയോഗ്യതകളോടു കൂടിയൊ കൂടാതെയൊ ഉള്ള യാതൊരു വക്കീലിനേയും അനുവദിച്ചു കൂടാത്തതാകുന്നു.

(6) വിസ്താര പ്രവൃത്തികൾ നടന്നുകൊണ്ടിരിക്കുന്നസമയം എപ്പോഴെങ്കിലും ആ കേസ് ഒത്തുതീർക്കുന്നിനായി വിസ്തരിക്കപ്പെടേണ്ടതാണെന്നു കോടതിക്കു തോന്നുന്നുവെങ്കിലോ വിസ്താരത്തിന്റെശേഷം മറ്റെന്തെങ്കിലുമൊരു കാരണത്താലെന്നുതന്നെയും ആ കോടതിക്കു കക്ഷിപ്പാൻ അധികാരം സിദ്ധിച്ചിട്ടുള്ള ശിക്ഷയിൽനിന്നു വ്യത്യസ്തമായിട്ടുള്ളതോ അതിൽ അധികം കഠിനമായിട്ടുള്ളതോ ആയ ഒരു ശിക്ഷ ആവശ്യമുണ്ടെന്നു കോടതി അഭിപ്രായപ്പെടുന്നുവെങ്കിലോ കോടതി ആ കേസ്സിനെ സബ് ഡിവിഷനൽ മജിസ്ട്രേട്ടിനു അയച്ചു കൊടുക്കേണ്ടതും അദ്ദേഹം അതു തന്റെ സമക്ഷം കോടതിയിലേക്കോ തന്റെ കീഴിലുള്ള ഒരു മജിസ്ട്രേട്ട് കോടതിയിലേക്കോ മാറ്റാവുന്നതുമാകുന്നു.]

(7) ഒരു പഞ്ചായത്തു കോടതി മുമ്പാകെ നിലവിലിരിക്കുന്ന വല്ല കേസ്സും തന്റെ സമക്ഷം കോടതിയിലേക്കോ തന്റെ കീഴിലുള്ള വല്ല മജിസ്ട്രേട്ട് കോടതിയിലേക്കോ തന്റെ അധികാരപരിധിക്കുള്ളിലുള്ള വേറെ വല്ല പഞ്ചായത്തു കോടതിയിലേക്കോ മാറ്റുന്നതു നീതിന്യായ സാദ്ധ്യത്തിനു ആവശ്യമാണെന്നു ഡിസ്ട്രിക്ട് മജിസ്ട്രേട്ടോ സബ് ഡിവിഷനൽ മജിസ്ട്രേട്ടോ വിചാരിക്കുമ്പോൾപ്പിന്നെ അവരെ മാറ്റാവുന്നതാകുന്നു.

(8) ഒരു വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം ഒരു പഞ്ചായത്തു കോടതി കൽപ്പിച്ച വല്ല വിധിയിന്മേലോ കല്പനയിന്മേലോ യാതൊരു അപ്പീലും കൊടുക്കാവുന്നതല്ല, എങ്കിലും [ആ] കോടതി കൈക്കൂലി വാങ്ങുകയോ മനഃപൂർവ്വമായ പക്ഷപാതം കാണിക്കുകയോ തെറ്റായി നടക്കുകയോ ചെയ്തിരിക്കുന്ന കാരണത്തിന്മേലോ നീതിന്യായം നടത്തുന്നതിൽ കഠിനമായ തെറ്റു ഉണ്ടായിരിക്കുന്നു എന്നു [കാരണത്തിന്മേലോ] ഡിസ്ട്രിക്ട് മജിസ്ട്രേട്ടോ സബ് ഡിവിഷനൽ മജിസ്ട്രേട്ടോ വല്ല ശിക്ഷയും ദണ്ഡിപ്പിച്ചുകൊണ്ടുള്ള ഉത്തരവായിരുന്നാൽ അതു റദ്ദാക്കുന്നതാകുന്നു.

(9) 1898 ലെ ക്രിമിനൽ നടപടി നിയമത്തിൽ എന്തൊന്നു അടങ്ങിയിരുന്നാലും [1898 ലെ 5.] ഒരു പഞ്ചായത്തുകോടതി വിചാരണചെയ്തുകൊണ്ടുവരുന്നതായ ഒരു കേസ്സിനെപ്പറ്റി [അന്യായത്തിന്മേലോ പോലീസ്സിന്റെ റിപ്പോർട്ടിന്മേലോ വിചാരണക്കു എടുക്കുന്ന] ഒരു മജിസ്ട്രേട്ട് ആ കേസിനെ [വിചാരണചെയ്തുകൊണ്ടുള്ള] പഞ്ചായത്തു കോടതിയിലേക്കു മാറ്റാനിടയാകുമാറു മതിയായ കാരണങ്ങൾ ഇല്ലാത്തപക്ഷം അതിനെ അവിടേക്കു [മാറ്റാവുന്നതാകുന്നു.]

[77. (1) 1898 ലെ ക്രിമിനൽ നടപടി നിയമത്തിലെ 493-ാം വകുപ്പിലെ നിബന്ധനകൾ ഒരു ഗ്രാമകോടതിനു ബാധകമാകുന്നതാകുന്നു. [1898 ലെ 5.]

(2) (1)-ാം ഉപവകുപ്പിൽ എടുത്തുപറഞ്ഞിട്ടുള്ളതുപോലെ അല്ലാതെ മേല്പറഞ്ഞ നിയമത്തിലടങ്ങിയ യാതൊന്നും ഒരു ഗ്രാമകോടതിനു ബാധകമായിവരികയില്ല.]

9-ാം അദ്ധ്യായം.

ചട്ടങ്ങളുണ്ടാക്കുവാനുള്ള അധികാരം.

[78. (1) ഈ അധികാരത്തിന്റെ എല്ലാ ഉദ്ദേശങ്ങൾക്കുമായി അവയിൽ വല്ലതുമോ നിലവേറുവാനായി ഉദ്ദേശിക്കുന്ന സമയത്തിൽ ഗവർണർ ചട്ടങ്ങൾ ഉണ്ടാക്കാം.

(2) പ്രത്യേകിച്ചും മേല്പറഞ്ഞ അധികാരത്തിന്റെ സാമാന്യതക്കു കോട്ടം കൂടാതെയും അതുകൊണ്ടുള്ള ചട്ടങ്ങളാകട്ടെ—

(a) 7-ാം വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം ഗ്രാമ ഉൻസിഫ്മാരെ നിയമിക്കുന്നതു ക്രമപ്പെടുത്തുകയും;

(b) പഞ്ചായത്തു കോടതികളിലെ പ്രസിഡെന്റുമാരെയും വേറെ അംഗങ്ങളെയും നിയമിക്കുന്നതിനെയോ തെരിഞ്ഞെടുക്കുന്നതിനെയോ ക്രമപ്പെടുത്തുകയും അവർക്കു വേണ്ടുന്ന യോഗ്യതകളെയും പാടില്ലാത്ത അയോഗ്യതകളെയും നിശ്ചയിക്കുകയും;

(c) ഒരു തർക്കിന്റെ ഉദ്ദേശ്യങ്ങൾക്കായി അയ്യായിരം രൂപയിൽ അധികമായ തുക ഒരു വിലയുള്ളതാകുന്നു എന്നുള്ളതു നിശ്ചയിക്കുകയും;

(d) പഞ്ചായത്തു കോടതി യോഗങ്ങളും നടപടി പ്രവൃത്തികളും അതിലെ അംഗങ്ങളുടെ ഹാജർ വിധേയവും ക്രമപ്പെടുത്തുകയും;

(ഗ) പഞ്ചായത്തു കോർട്ടിനെ കുറഞ്ഞതു വിചാരണക്കു ഉൾപ്പെട്ടതെന്നതും വിധവും കുറ്റങ്ങളും വിസ്തരിക്കുന്നതിൽ അവർ അനുസരിക്കേണ്ടുന്ന നടവടിയും നിശ്ചയിക്കുകയും ;

(ഘ) അന്യായങ്ങൾ കൊടുപ്പാനും പിൻവലിപ്പാനും നീക്കിക്കളവാനും കുറഞ്ഞ തുക ഈടാക്കുവാനും മുതലായ എഴുത്തു ചെയ്യുവാനും മറ്റു അന്യായ കാര്യങ്ങൾ നടത്താമെന്നും കുറഞ്ഞ മുതലുള്ളവർക്കു പകരം അതു വക്കീലാവാമെന്നും നിശ്ചയിക്കുകയും ;

(ങ) കുറഞ്ഞ മുതലുള്ളവരെ സമൻസ് അയച്ചു വരുത്തുവാനും ഹാജരാകുവാനും അതിനാവശ്യമായ വിധത്തിൽ വെപ്പാനും ക്രിമിനൽ കേസുകളിൽ സാക്ഷികളെ സമൻസ് അയച്ചു വരുത്തുവാനും വിസ്തരിപ്പാനും എഴുത്തു ചെയ്യുകയും ;

(ച) ക്രിമിനൽ കേസുകളെപ്പറ്റിയ എല്ലാ റജിസ്റ്ററുകളുടെയും റിട്ടേൺ കണക്കുകളുടെയും കല്പനകൾ നടത്തുന്നതിനെപ്പറ്റിയും മജിസ്ട്രീക്കു ഈ വിധം റജിസ്റ്ററുകൾ വെക്കേണ്ടുന്ന വിധവും റിട്ടേൺ കണക്കുകൾ അയക്കേണ്ടുന്ന രീതിയിലിക്കും എല്ലാ ഉദ്യോഗസ്ഥന്മാർക്കും അവ അയച്ചു കൊടുക്കേണമെന്നും നിശ്ചയിക്കുകയും ;

(ഛ) കല്പന നടത്തേണ്ടതിലേക്കും, വിധികൾ നടത്തേണ്ടതിലേക്കും പിഴകൾ പിരിച്ചിടുക്കുന്നതിലേക്കും എഴുത്തു ചെയ്യുകയും ,

(ജ) എല്ലാ ആധാരങ്ങളും രേഖകളും പഞ്ചായത്തു കോർട്ടുകളും അവർക്ക വേണ്ടിയോ സ്ഥിരീകരിക്കുന്നതിലേക്കും സൂക്ഷിക്കുന്നതിലേക്കും വിധികളുടെയും മേറെ രേഖകളുടെയും പകർപ്പുകൾ കൊടുക്കുന്നതിലേക്കും എഴുത്തു ചെയ്യുകയും ;

(ഝ) കല്പന നടത്തുവാനും വിധി നടത്തുവാനും പകർപ്പുകൾ കൊടുപ്പാനും മറ്റു ഫീസ്സ് മുതലാവാൻ എഴുത്തു ചെയ്യുകയും ;

ചെയ്യാം.

(൪) ഒരോ വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം ഉണ്ടാക്കിയ എല്ലാ ചട്ടങ്ങളും ഗോൾ സെൻറ് ജോർജ് ഗസറ്റിനെ പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തേണ്ടതും അങ്ങിനെ പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തിയാൽ ഒരോ ആക്ടിൽ നിയമിച്ചപോലെ നടപ്പിൽ വരുന്നതും ആകുന്നു.]

[14:] 28. ഇതോട് ചേർന്ന പട്ടികയിൽ പറഞ്ഞിട്ടുള്ള നിയമങ്ങൾ ഇതിൽ പറഞ്ഞതിനോടും ഇതിനാൽ ഉണ്ടാക്കപ്പെട്ടതിനിയിലിടയാകുന്നു.

പട്ടിക.

നമ്പരും കൊല്ലവും.	വിഷയം.	എത്രത്തോളം ഉണ്ടായിരുന്നു.
1816 ലെ 5-ാം നമ്പർ മദിരാശി റെഗുലേഷൻ.	1816 ലെ മദിരാശി ഗ്രാമ പഞ്ചായത്തു റെഗുലേഷൻ.	മുഴുവനും ഇപ്രകാരം.
1816 ലെ 11-ാം നമ്പർ മദിരാശി റെഗുലേഷൻ.	1816 ലെ മദിരാശി ഗ്രാമ പോലീസ് റെഗുലേഷൻ.	13-ാം വകുപ്പു 1-ാം ഖണ്ഡികയിൽ "കാരണം ചെയ്തു കഴിക്കുകയും ഉണ്ടായിരിക്കുകയും ചെയ്താൽ" എന്നതിനു പകരം "ഒരു കുറ്റം ചെയ്തു കഴിക്കുകയും ഉണ്ടായിരിക്കുകയും ചെയ്യുന്നതായാൽ" എന്നും 6 മത്തെ വകുപ്പിൽ കയിക്കാരെ സംബന്ധിക്കുന്ന ഭാഗത്തിൽ കുടിക്കുന്നതു ഒഴിവാക്കുന്നതിനും എന്നും വായിക്കേണ്ടതാകുന്നു.

എച്ച്. ടി. സ്റ്റോക്സ്,
സെക്രട്ടറി ആഭ്യന്തര സെക്രട്ടറി,
ഫോർട്ട് സെന്റ് ജോർജ്(മദിരാശിപട്ടണം) ഡിസംബർ

(A true translation)

P. V. KURUVILLA,
Acting Malayalam Translator to Government.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.